OFFICIAL ZONING ORDINANCE

THE CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI February 2001



Prepared by:

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ARTICLE I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 1 - TITLE AND SHORT TITLE

THE TITLE FOR THE ORDINANCE SHALL BE: AN ORDINANCE ESTABLISHING COMPREHENSIVE ZONING REGULATIONS FOR THE CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI, AND PROVIDING FOR THE ADMINISTRATION, ENFORCEMENT, AND AMENDMENT THEREOF, AND FOR THE REPEAL OF ALL ORDINANCES IN CONFLICT THEREWITH.

The short title for the Ordinance shall be: *THE ZONING ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF RIDGELAND*, *MISSISSIPPI*, and may be so cited, and further reference elsewhere as *ZONING ORDINANCE*, and herein as "the Ordinance" or "this Ordinance" shall imply the same wording and meaning as the full title.

SECTION 2 - PREAMBLE

WHEREAS, the Statutes of the State of Mississippi, Section 17-1-1 to 17-1-27, inclusive, of the Mississippi Code of 1972. annotated, as amended, empower the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, to enact a Zoning Ordinance and to provide for its administration, enforcement and amendment; and

WHEREAS, Section 17-1-9 of the *Mississippi Code of 1972, annotated*, as amended, states that "Zoning regulations shall be made in accordance with a comprehensive plan, and designed to lessen congestion in the streets; to secure safety from fire, panic, and other dangers; to provide adequate light and air; to prevent the overcrowding of land; to avoid undue concentration of population; to facilitate the adequate provision of transportation, water, sewerage, schools, parks, and other public requirements."; and

WHEREAS, Section 17-1-1 of the *Mississippi Code of 1972, annotated*, as amended, defines the term "comprehensive plan" as "a statement of public policy for the physical development of the entire municipality or county adopted by resolution of the governing body, consisting of the following elements at a minimum: (1) goals and objectives for the long-range (twenty to twenty-five years) development of the county or municipality---; (2) a land use plan---; (3) a transportation plan----; and (4) a community facilities plan----"; and

WHEREAS, Section 17-1-11 of the *Mississippi Code of 1972, annotated*, as amended, states that "the governing authority of each municipality and county may provide for the preparation, adoption, amendment, extension and carrying out of a comprehensive plan---and may create, independently or jointly, a local planning commission---with authority to prepare and propose (a) a comprehensive plan of physical development of the municipality or county; (b) a

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 17-1-11, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen have established such a planning commission; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen on September 6, 1988, adopted by resolution certain "Final Goals and Objectives" and a "Land Use/Thoroughfares Plan" for that portion of the City of Ridgeland that is generally east of Interstate Highway 55, as previously recommended by the Ridgeland Planning Commission following public hearings relative to same; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen on April 17, 1990, adopted by resolution a "Land Use/ Thoroughfares Plan" for that portion of the City of Ridgeland that is generally west of Interstate Highway 55, following a public hearing relative to same; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen on August 30, 1990, adopted by resolution certain amendments to the *Land Use/Thoroughfares Plan* for that portion of the City of Ridgeland that is generally east of Interstate 55, plus the expansion of the plan to include certain land areas adjacent to the City both east and west of the corporate limits as of that date, following a public hearing relative to same; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen on November 5, 1991, adopted by resolution a *Community Facilities Plan* as a basis for a capital improvements program for the City of Ridgeland, following a hearing relative to same; and

WHEREAS, the Ridgeland Planning Commission has recommended the adoption of a Zoning Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi and an accompanying Official Zoning Map; and

WHEREAS, based upon the recommendations of the Planning Commission, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen have divided the City into districts and adopted regulations pertaining to such districts, and have given reasonable consideration among other things, to the character of the districts and their particular suitability for particular uses, with a view to conserving the value of property and encouraging the most appropriate use of land throughout the City; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen have given due public notice of a hearing relating to said zoning ordinance and map and have held a public hearing in accordance with the requirements of Section 17-1-15 of the *Mississippi Code of 1972, annotated*, as amended:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE MAYOR AND BOARD OF ALDERMEN OF THE CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI, THAT THIS ORDINANCE SHALL GOVERN THE USE OF ALL LAND WITHIN THE CORPORATE LIMITS OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI.

SECTION 3 - STATUTORY AUTHORITY

The Legislature of the State of Mississippi has in Title 17, Chapter 1, Section 17-1-1 through 17-1-27 of the Mississippi Code, annotated, 1972, as amended, delegated the responsibility to local governmental units to adopt land use and development regulations designed to promote the public health, safety, morals, and general welfare of its citizens.

SECTION 4 - STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

The purpose of this Ordinance is to preserve and promote the public health, safety, morals, and general welfare of the inhabitants of the City of Ridgeland and of the public generally through the regulation of: the location, height, number of stories, size of buildings and other structures; the density and distribution of population, size of yards and other open spaces; and the use of buildings, structures, and land for commercial, industrial, residential and other purposes.

SECTION 5 - OMISSION PROVISION

The omission of any specific use, dimension, word, phrase, or other provision from this Ordinance shall not be interpreted as permitting any variation from the general meaning and intent of this Ordinance as ordinarily construed or interpreted. If a question arises as to such intent or meaning, the interpretation of the governing authorities shall prevail.

SECTION 6 - SEPARABILITY AND VALIDITY PROVISION

Should any section, provision, or regulation of this Ordinance be declared by the courts to be unconstitutional or invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of the Ordinance as a whole, or any part thereof, other than the part so held to be unconstitutional or invalid.

SECTION 7 - REPEAL OF CONFLICTING ORDINANCES OR PARTS THEREOF

All zoning ordinances or parts of zoning ordinances adopted heretofore by the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, which are in conflict herewith or inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance ARE HEREBY REPEALED.

SECTION 8 - FAILURE TO ENFORCE ORDINANCE

Failure to enforce any provision or regulation of this Ordinance shall not constitute a waiver nor imply that the action is legal.

SECTION 9 - ZONING CASES PRESENTLY ON APPEAL

For all zoning cases on appeal to the Circuit Court or Supreme Court at the date of adoption of this Ordinance, the zoning under the previous Zoning Ordinance or the amendment to the Ordinance that is the subject of the appeal shall remain in effect until such time as the appeals

procedures shall come to a conclusion. After the conclusion, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen shall enter an order rezoning the subject property to a classification to that district ordered by the court under the previous Ordinance.

SECTION 10 - EFFECTIVE DATE OF ORDINANCE

This Ordinance shall become effective THIRTY CALENDAR DAYS FROM AND AFTER ITS ADOPTION.

SECTION 11 - PARTIES AGGRIEVED

Any party feeling aggrieved by the change of zoning status of his property as reflected by the **Official Zoning Map** adopted herein shall have ninety (90) days from the effective date of this Ordinance within which to petition the Mayor and Board of Aldermen for reconsideration of the zoning status of such property. After the expiration of the aforesaid ninety days, any person petitioning for a change in the zoning status of his property must base said petition upon changes taking place and public necessity taking place after the adoption of the aforesaid **Official Zoning Map**.

SECTION 12 - ADOPTION CLAUSE

Adopted this, the 6th day of February, 2001, at the regular meeting of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

ATTEST:

DAVID OVERBY, City Clark

GENE F. McGEE, Mayor

I, the undersigned David Overby, City Clerk of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true copy of an Ordinance adopted by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland at its meeting held on Tuesday, the sixth day of February, 2001, as the same appear in Minute Book of the City of Ridgeland at pages In through I thro

David Overby City Clerk

Ridgeland, Mississippi

(SEAL)

ARTICLE II

INTERPRETATION AND DEFINITIONS

SECTION 20 - RULES FOR WORDS AND PHRASES

For the purpose of this Ordinance, words used in the present tense include the future tense; words in the singular number include the plural number, and words in the plural number include the singular number; the word "building" includes the word "structure"; the word "shall" is mandatory; the word "may" is permissive; the word "used" includes "designed" and "intended or arranged to be used or occupied"; the word "person" includes a firm, association, organization, partnership, trust, foundation, company, or corporation as well as an individual.

SECTION 21 - DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this Ordinance certain words, phrases, and terms used herein shall be interpreted as stated in this article. Any word, phrase, or term not defined herein shall be defined by the Zoning Administrator, the interpretation based on its common and ordinary usage.

Accessory Structure or Use: Any detached structure or use that is subordinate or incidental to the main building or dominant use of the lot or premises, excluding driveways, sidewalks, and fences.

Adult Entertainment Use (Activity or Establishment): An adult arcade, adult bookstore, adult cabaret, adult motel, adult motion picture theater, or similar establishment that regularly features or depicts behavior that is characterized by the exposure of "specified anatomical areas," or where any employee, operator, or owner exposes his/her "specified anatomical area" for viewing of patrons. Such adult entertainment uses may further be defined as follows:

Adult Bookstore: An establishment that has as a substantial portion of its stock-in-trade and offers for sale for any form of consideration any one or more of the following:

- (a) Books, magazines, periodicals, other printed matter, photographs, films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slide, or other visual representations that are characterized by an emphasis upon the depiction or description of "specified sexual activities" or "specified anatomical areas," or
- (b) Instruments, devices, or paraphernalia that are designed for use in connection with "specified sexual activities."

Adult Caharet: A nightclub, bar, restaurant, theater, or similar establishment that regularly features live performances, which are characterized by the exposure of "specified anatomical areas" or by "specified sexual activities," or shows films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides, or photographic reproductions that are characterized by an emphasis upon the depiction or description of "specified anatomical areas" or by "specified sexual activities."

Adult Motel: A motel or similar establishment that includes the word "adult" in any name it uses or otherwise advertises the presentation of adult material, offering public accommodations for any form of consideration, which provides patrons with closed-circuit television transmissions, films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides, or other photographic reproductions that are characterized by an emphasis upon the depiction or description of "specified anatomical areas" or by "specified sexual activities."

Adult Motion Picture Theater: An establishment where, for any form of consideration, films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides, or other photographic reproductions are shown, and in which a substantial portion of the total presentation time is devoted to the showing of material that is characterized by an emphasis upon the depiction or description of "specified anatomical areas" or by "specified sexual activities."

Adult Theater: A theater, concert hall, auditorium, or similar establishment characterized by (activities featuring) the exposure of "specified anatomical areas" or by "specified sexual activities."

Massage Parlor: An establishment where, for any form of consideration, massage, alcohol rub, fomentation, electric or magnetic treatment, or similar treatment or manipulation of the human body is administered, unless such treatment or manipulation of the human body is administered by a medical practitioner, chiropractor, acupuncturist, physical therapist, or similar professional person licensed by the state. This definition does not include an athletic club, health club, school, gymnasium, reducing salon, spa, or similar establishment where massage or similar manipulation of the human body is offered as an incidental or accessory service.

Sexual Encounter Establishment: An establishment other than a hotel, motel, or similar establishment offering public accommodations, which, for any form of consideration, provides a place where two or more persons may congregate, associate, or consort in connection with "specified sexual activities" or the "exposure of specified anatomical areas." This definition does not include an establishment where a medical practitioner, psychologist, or similar professional person licensed by the state engages in sexual therapy.

Specified Anatomical Areas: Less than completely and opaquely covered human genitals, pubic region, buttocks, anus, or less than 50 percent of the female breast below a point immediately above the areola; or human male genitals in a discernibly turgid state even if completely and opaquely covered.

Specified Sexual Activity: Human genitals in a stage of sexual stimulation or arousal; acts of human masturbation, sexual intercourse, or sodomy; fondling or other erotic touching of human genitals, pubic regions, buttocks, or female breasts; flagellation or torture in the context of a sexual relationship; beating or the infliction of physical pain by

masochism or sexually oriented torture; erotic touching, fondling or other such contact with an animal by a human being; or human excretion, urination, menstruation, vaginal, or anal irrigation as part of or in connection with any of the activities set forth in this section.

Alley: A public or private right-of-way primarily designed to serve as a secondary access to the sides or rear of those properties for which principal frontage is on some other street; alleys are intended to provide access for refuse collection, loading/unloading, and for fire protection.

Animal Control Ordinance: When used in this Zoning Ordinance, this term shall refer to the Animal Control Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland.

Apartment: A dwelling unit located in a multi-family structure for occupancy by one family only, either rented or leased to the occupants. An apartment may not be owned by the occupant (except by the owner of the complex). See also "Condominium" and "Townhouse."

Architectural Review: When used in this Zoning Ordinance, this term shall refer to Section 600.11 of this Zoning Ordinance.

Arterial Street/Highway: See "Street."

Bar and/or Cocktail Lounge: Any premises wherein alcoholic beverages are sold at retail for consumption on the premises and minors are excluded there from by law. It shall not mean premises wherein such beverages are sold in conjunction with the sale of food for consumption on the premises and the sale of said beverages comprises less than 25 percent of the gross receipts.

Basement: A story wholly or partially underground. For the purpose of height regulation, a basement shall be counted as a story when more than one-half of its height is above the average grade level.

Roarding House: A building or dwelling unit other than a hotel, motel or apartment, where for compensation and by prearrangement for either definite or indefinite periods, meals and/or lodging are provided for three or more persons. In no event shall the occupancy of a boarding house be permitted to exceed twelve boarders. A building, which has accommodations for, or is accommodating more than twelve persons shall be defined as a "Hotel" or "Motel" under the terms of this Ordinance. See also "Rooming House".

Buffer Area: An area so planned which acts as a buffer or separation area between two or more uses or structures not compatible due to design, function, use, or operation.

Building: Any enclosed structure built for the housing, shelter, or enclosure of persons, animals, or chattel. The term "building" shall be construed as if followed by the words "or part thereof."

Buildable Area, Maximum: That portion of a lot remaining after required yards have been provided.

Building Height: The vertical distance measured from the average elevation of the finished grade within twenty feet of the structure to the highest point of the roof. (NOTE: The provision for measuring the finished lot grade within 20 feet of the structure is to prevent the deliberate building up of a portion of the site on which the building will sit in order to permit an additional story to be constructed.)

Building Permit: A permit issued by the appropriately designated city official authorizing the construction, placement, or structural alteration of a specific building on a specific lot.

Building. Portable: See Portable Building Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland.

Building Sethack Line: See "Sethack Line."

Building, Structural Alteration of: Any change or re-arrangement in the supporting members, including bearing walls, beams, columns, or girders of a building.

Canopy: A canopy, which may be attached to the main building or separated from the main building providing a sheltered place for parking a vehicle and for entering and alighting from said vehicle.

Carport: A roofed structure providing space for the parking or storage of motor vehicles and enclosed on not more than three sides.

Cemetery: Property used for the interring of the dead. ALL cemeteries are considered public/quasi-public facilities, subject to the regulations of Section 32.

<u>Certificate of Occupancy:</u> A certificate issued by the Building Official in conformance with the Standard Codes of the City of Ridgeland.

Change of Use: Alteration of change from a previous use of land, buildings, or structures to another use of land, buildings, or structures.

Child Care Facility: A place that provides shelter and personal care for six or more children who are not related to the operator, whether such place be organized or operated for profit or not.

City: The City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

Clinic: A facility for diagnosis and treatment of medical, chiropractic, dental, or psychological outpatients, provided that patients are not kept overnight, and which may be used by one or a group of medical or dental practitioners. These shall be regulated as a commercial use.

Collector Street: See "Street."

Co-Location: The practice of placing communication attachments to any existing tower, building, or structure that currently accommodates other communication attachments.

Commercial Communication Tower: A freestanding structure that is intended for transmitting or receiving television, radio, telephone, pagers, or similar communications, excluding STL's (Studio to Transmitter Link) transmitting devices, which have the following characteristics: (a) line of sight transmission; (b) a height no greater than the minimum height above a tree line for a transmission to a taller tower, transmission that is limited to radio or television broadcast purposes; and (c) the STL is located on property zoned commercial, industrial, special use, Technical Industrial Park (TIP) Districts, or Planned Unit Development (PUD), excluding attachments

Communication Attachment: Any and all devices intended for transmitting and receiving telephone, television, radio or similar communications, excluding attachments used for Studio to Transmitter Links (STLs).

Compensation: As used in any definition in this ordinance the term for compensation shall include both direct and indirect compensation, including but not limited to direct payments, employment benefits provided to three or more unrelated persons in the same dwelling unit, or any other form of indirect compensation.

Comprehensive Plan: In accordance with Section 17-1-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, Annotated, as amended, "comprehensive plan" shall be defined as "a statement of public policy for the physical development of the entire municipality—adopted by resolution of the governing body, consisting of the following elements at a minimum: (i) Goals and Objectives—; (ii) a Land Use Plan—; (iii) a Transportation Plan—; and (iv) a Community Facilities Plan—."

Community Facilities Plan: One of the elements of a Comprehensive Plan. Section 17-1-1 of the *Mississippi Code of 1972, Annotated*, as amended, defines the term as follows: "a community facilities plan (serves as) a basis for a capital improvements program including, but not limited to, the following: housing; schools; parks and recreation; public buildings and facilities; and utilities and drainage."

Conditional Use: A land use that would not generally be appropriate in a particular zoning district, but which, with certain restrictions or conditions, would, in the judgement of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, promote the public health, safety, morals, or general welfare of the City and would not adversely affect adjacent properties. A permit (building permit or change of use permit) granted by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen for the initiation of a conditional use (with the necessary restrictions included) will not change the zoning of the property involved and will allow such use to continue as long as the specific use granted by the conditional use remains the same. Also referred to as a "Special Exception."

Condominium: Real property consisting of an undivided interest in common of a portion of a parcel of real property, plus a separate interest in space in a residential, office, commercial, or other land use. (From *Mississippi Code of 1972, Annotated*, Section 89-9-7.) See also "Apartment" and Townhouse."

Conforming Use: Any lawful use of a building or lot which complies with the provisions of this Zoning Ordinance.

Convalescent Home (Rest Home or Nursing Home): Those health facilities where persons are housed and furnished with meals and continuing nursing services for a fee.

<u>Convenience Grocery Store</u>: A store which deals in grocery items of a convenience nature which may or may not include the sale of gas and oil and provision for car wash facilities. Also, commonly referred to as a "drive-in" grocery store.

Country Cluh: A land area and buildings containing recreational facilities, clubhouse and the usual accessory uses, open only to members and their guests for a membership fee. Country clubs are regulated as public/quasi-public facilities and are subject to the provision of Section 402 of this Ordinance.

Coverage: That part of a lot covered by buildings.

Density: The intensity of land use and also the maximum intensity of use of a minimum lot or land area physically possible observing all yard, height, and lot or land area coverage provisions of this Zoning Ordinance, exclusive of any publicly dedicated rights-of-way.

Developer: The legal or beneficial owner or owners of a lot or of any land included in a proposed development including the holder of an option or contract to purchase, or other persons having enforceable proprietary interests in such land.

Development Plan: A drawing or set of drawings depicting the ultimate layout and proposed land uses for a large tract of land, usually involving varying lot sizes and/or different proposed land uses. A development plan of a subdivision may be considered the "sketch plat" if a subdivision is constructed in phases. A development plan is sometimes referred to as a "master plan"; however, since the Comprehensive Plan for the city may also be called a "Master Plan", the term Master Plan is not used in this Ordinance.

Development Standards: Measures that represent a minimum or maximum objective imposition of a particular regulation. Standards are the measurements that every structure must meet relating to its size, shape, placement on the lot, etc.

Dimensional Variance: See "Variance."

District: Any section or sections of Ridgeland for which regulations governing the use of land and the use of land and the use, density, bulk, height, and coverage of buildings and other structures are established by this Ordinance.

Drainage Channel: A watercourse with a definite streambed and banks that conduct and confine the normal continuous and intermittent flow of water.

Driveway: A private roadway providing access for vehicles to a parking space, garage, dwelling, or other structure.

Drive-In Restaurant: See "Restaurant, Drive-In":

Dwelling: Any building, or portion thereof, exclusive of mobile homes, transient trailers, or portable buildings as defined herein, that is designed and used for human habitation.

Dwelling. Single-Family: A detached residential building designed for occupancy by one family.

Dwelling. Two-Family (Duplex): A detached residential building designed to be occupied by two families living independently of each other.

Dwelling or Multi-Family: Any residential building or portion thereof which is occupied by three or more families living independently of each other. The term "multi-family dwelling" shall be understood to include apartment houses or "complexes", condominiums, and all other dwellings of similar character.

Dwelling. Patio (or House or Home): A detached single-family dwelling unit that is constructed nearer the lot line on ONE SIDE (but not directly on either lot line) of a lot than the other side; provided, however, that there shall be no windows, doors, or other openings of any kind on the side closest to a lot line.

Dwelling Unit: A room or group of rooms occupied or intended to be occupied as separate living quarters.

Dwelling. Zero Lot Line: A detached single-family dwelling on a separate lot with open space setbacks on three sides. In order to be considered a true "zero lot line dwelling" the dwelling must rest directly against the lot line on one side; otherwise, it shall be considered a patio home.

Easement: A grant by the property owner to a public body, a corporation or persons for the use of a strip of land for specific purposes.

Employee (Staff): Any person who is regularly on the premises of a business or industrial establishment for productive use on a part-time or full-time basis. For the purposes of this

Ordinance the maximum number of employees on the premises of an establishment at one time shall constitute the number of employees.

Evaluation Criteria: The factors by which requests for any zoning permit are judged. They are qualitative, whereas development standards are quantitative. If a criterion becomes so specific as to be measurable, it has become a standard.

Facilities and Utilities, Public/Quasi-Public: Any building, structure, system, use, or combination of uses, which is customarily and ordinarily provided by either public or private agencies, groups, societies, corporations, or organizations, whose purpose is the provision of necessary and desirable goods and/or services for the general public health, safety, and welfare. Such uses shall include, but not be limited to:

- (a) Churches and other religious institutions.
- (b) All governmental buildings (including municipal buildings and buildings erected by County, State or Federal governments), the land upon which buildings are located, and major governmental facilities, such as water pumping stations, sewage treatment plants, sanitary landfills and the like. (NOTE: The Mayor and Board of Aldermen excluded public parks from this definition of public/quasi-public facilities and utilities; public parks shall be zoned as "Special Use (S-1)" districts, regardless of size, and regulated under the provisions of Article XXII.)
- (a) All hospitals, whether public or private.
- (b) Convalescent homes or nursing homes, excluding "Retirement Villages" which shall be zoned as "Special Use (S-1)" districts only.
- (c) Civic organization buildings and major facilities.
- (d) Buildings and facilities erected by charitable organizations (e.g., American Red Cross, Salvation Army, etc.). (NOTE: When such facilities are erected as emergency measures, they shall be exempt from the Special Exception provisions of this Ordinance, including site plan review and public hearing requirements).
- (e) Country clubs and other major recreational facilities constructed by private groups.
- (f) ALL cemeteries, regardless of ownership.
- (g) Major facilities associated with privately-owned utilities (electrical, natural gas, telephone) including but not limited to electrical substations, telephone communications centers, natural gas pumping facilities, and similar significant uses.

Family: One person living alone, or two or more persons living together as a single, housekeeping unit, whether related to each other legally or not, as distinguished from a group occupying a boarding house, lodging house, hotel, motel, dormitory, or similar dwelling for group use. A family shall be deemed to include domestic servants employed by said family when these servants are on-premise residents.

Floor Area: The sum of the gross horizontal area of all floors of a building, excluding all porches, balconies, garages, or carports, measured from the exterior face of exterior walls, or from the centerline of a wall separating two buildings.

Frontage: Property on one side of a street measured along the line of the street, or in the case of a corner lot, the property on each street measured along the lines of both streets.

Funeral Home (or Mortuary): A building used for the preparation of deceased human bodies for burial or cremation and the display of the deceased and ceremonies connected therewith before burial or cremation.

Future Land Use Plan: See "Land Use Plan."

Garage (Private): The term "garage" shall mean a private garage, which is a fully enclosed portion of a main building or a fully enclosed accessory building (i.e., detached from the main building) and used primarily for the storage of privately owned vehicles.

Garage, Mechanical (Repair Shop): A building or portion thereof, other than a private or storage garage, designed or used for servicing, repairing, equipping of motor-driven vehicles, and the storage of such vehicles; also includes selling, renting, or leasing of motor-driven vehicles in conjunction with the primary business of vehicle repair.

Garage. Storage: A building or portion thereof, other than a private garage, used exclusively for the parking or storage of motor-driven vehicles, with no other facilities provided except facilities for washing. Also referred to as a "parking garage."

Gasoline Service Station or "Gas Station" or "Service Station": Any area of land, including the structure thereon, which is used primarily for the retail sale of gasoline, diesel fuel, oil, or automobile accessories and incidental services including facilities for lubricating, washing, (either automatic or by hand), and cleaning, or otherwise servicing automobiles and light trucks. This term does not include the painting or major repair of vehicles.

Goals and Objectives: One of the elements of a Comprehensive Plan. Section 17-1-1 (c)(ii) of the *Mississippi Code of 1972, Annotated*, as amended, defines the term as follows: "goals and objectives (are a list of policies, adopted by the governing authorities) for the long-range (20-25 years) development of the county or municipality. Required goals and objectives shall address,

at a minimum, residential, commercial, and industrial development; parks, open space and recreation, street or road improvements; public schools and community facilities."

Grade or Grade Level: The finished elevation of land after completion of site preparations for construction.

Homeowners Association: A non-profit organization (corporate or otherwise) operating under recorded land agreements through which each property owner is automatically subject to a charge for a proportionate share of expenses for maintaining common open space and other activities and facilities.

Home Occupation: Any activity carried out for gain by a resident conducted as an accessory use in the resident's dwelling unit or an accessory building. A building permit (if construction is necessary in connection with the proposed home occupation) or a certificate of occupancy (if no construction is necessary) must be obtained from the Building Official prior to the initiation of a home occupation. The criteria for issuance of a permit for a home occupation are listed under Section 35 of this Ordinance.

Hospital: A public or quasi-public institution where sick or injured persons are given medical care and in the course of same are housed overnight, fed, and provided nursing and related services.

Hospital. Veterinary: A facility where sick or injured animals are given medical or surgical care and, in the course of same, may be housed overnight, fed, and provided related services.

Hotel or Motel: A building or buildings where lodging, food, and various personal services are provided for more than twelve persons, who are usually but not always transients, for compensation.

Industry. Heavy: Those industrial uses that are not fully enclosed and/or that generate substantial amounts of noise, vibration, odors, or possess other objectionable characteristics.

Industry, Limited (Light): Those industrial uses including manufacturing activities conducted wholly within completely enclosed buildings (except for the temporary storage within adequately screened or buffered areas of articles, materials, or other matter to be processed, assembled, or otherwise changed) and other industrial-related activities that do not generate objectionable odors, smoke, fumes, vibration, or excessive noise.

Industry, "Wet-Type": Those heavy industrial uses that require the discharge of by-products or processed waste water through the sewer system. Such industrial uses shall be permitted as a conditional uses only in the Heavy Industrial Districts (I-2).

Internal Building Space: The required minimum space between principal or accessory

buildings on the same lot.

Junk Yards: A place where waste and discharged or salvaged materials are bought, sold, exchanged, baled, packed, disassembled, or handled, including auto wrecking yards, used lumber yards, house wrecking yards, and places or yards for storage of salvaged house wrecking and structural steel materials and equipment; but EXCLUDING places where such uses are conducted entirely within a completely enclosed building, and not including pawn shops or establishments for the sale, purchase, or storage of used furniture and household equipment, used cars in operable condition, or salvaged materials incidental to manufacturing operations.

Kennel: A facility other than a residence, where more than four dogs, cats, or other kinds of animals, or a combination thereof, are boarded, whether by the owners of the animals or other persons, with or without compensation. A kennel shall be considered a commercial use.

Landscaping: The addition of lawns, trees, plants, and other natural or decorative features to land. Landscape treatment can include walks or patios.

Land Use Plan: One of the elements of a Comprehensive Plan, usually developed concurrently with the Transportation/Thoroughfares Plan. Section 17-1-1 (c)(ii) of the Mississippi Code of 1972, Annotated, as amended, defines the term as follows: "a land use plan designates in map or policy form the proposed general distribution and extent of the use of land for residences, commerce, industry, recreation, and open space, public/quasi-public facilities and lands. Background information shall be provided concerning the specific meaning of land use categories depicted in the plan in terms of the following: residential densities; intensity of commercial uses; and public/quasi-public uses; and any other information needed to adequately define the meaning of such land use codes. Projections of population and economic growth for the area encompassed by the plan may be the basis for quantitative recommendations for each land use category."

Lodging House: See "Rooming House"

Lot: A parcel of land of at least sufficient size to meet the minimum requirements for use, coverage, and area and to provide such yards and other open spaces as specified in the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi. Such lot shall have frontage on an improved public (dedicated) street or on a private drive or parking lot specifically approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen through the subdivision plat review process prescribed herein or through the site plan review process required by the Zoning Ordinance for multifamily dwellings and other developments.

Lot Area: The total area of a lot included within boundary lines of a lot.

Lot. Corner: A lot abutting upon two or more streets at their intersection.

Lot Denth: The average horizontal distance between the front and rear lot line.

Lot, Double Frontage: A lot which runs through a block from street to street(i.e., has frontage on more than one street); double frontage lots are also called "through lots."

Lot Frontage: The front of a lot shall be construed to be that dimension of a lot abutting on a street. For the purpose of determining yard requirements on corner lots or double frontage lots, all sides of such lots abutting on public streets shall be considered lot frontage, and yards shall be provided as indicated in this Ordinance.

Lot. Interior: A lot other than a corner lot.

Lot Lines: The lines bounding a lot as such parcel of land is defined herein.

Lot Lines. Front: In the case of an interior lot, the property boundary line separating said lot from the street. In the case of a corner lot or double frontage lot, the line separating said lot from the street that the building faces, as determined from the application for a building permit.

Lot Line, Rear: The property boundary line opposite and most distant from the front lot line. In the case of a pointed or irregular lot, it shall be an imaginary line parallel to and farthest from the front lot line.

Lot of Record: A lot which is a part of a subdivision, the map of which is recorded in the office of the Chancery Clerk of Madison County, Mississippi, or a lot described by metes and bounds, the description of which has been recorded in said office.

Lot Width: The distance from side of lot to side of lot measured at the front minimum build-ing setback line. "Building width" shall be the width of lot left to be built upon after the required yards are provided.

Manufactured Home: A structure defined by and constructed in accordance with the National Manufactured Housing and Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, as amended, 42 4.S.C. 5401, et seq., and manufactured after June 15, 1976, and designed to be used as a single-family residential dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities, and includes the plumbing, heating, air conditioning, and electrical systems contained therein; except that such term shall include any structure that meets all the requirements of this code and with respect to which the manufacturer voluntarily files a certification required by the secretary and complies with the standards established under the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974 and the Uniform Standards Code for Factory Built Homes Law, State of Mississippi. A mobile home is not a manufactured home except as hereinafter provided. Notwithstanding the definition of a manufactured home herein above, for the purposes of this Ordinance, all manufactured homes shall be placed on an approved foundation as defined in this Ordinance. A mobile home is not a

manufactured home. Manufactured homes are permitted only in the S-2 district.

Manufactured Home Foundation: The site built supporting parts upon which the manufactured home is placed whether constructed to encompass the perimeter of the home or in the form of piers and including all exterior materials required to physically screen, veneer, or shelve from such supports, extending at a minimum from the ground surface to the bottom portion of the exterior wall surfaces of the home.

Manufactured Home Subdivision: The division of any tract or parcel of land, including frontage along an existing street or highway, into two or more lots, plots, or other division of land for the purpose, whether immediate or future, of the placement of manufactured housing for dwelling purposes.

Manufactured Housing Land-Lease Community: A parcel of land under single or multiple ownership, but single management, that has been planned and improved for the placement of manufactured housing for dwelling purposes. A manufactured home land-lease community shall only include developments wherein manufactured housing sites are leased or rented and/or wherein manufactured houses and sites are lease or rented. These are commonly called mobile home parks or trailer parks.

Manufacturing Use: A facility at which goods are made from secondary materials (previously prepared or refined materials) or raw materials (unrefined materials) through the use of machinery and labor and often employing assembly line techniques. In the case of "light" manufacturing uses, most goods are produced from secondary materials, except for processing, packaging, or canning of food products, and little or no water is used in the manufacturing process. In the case of "heavy" manufacturing, goods are often produced from raw materials and may involve the use of large amounts of water.

Mobile Home: A transportable, factory-built home, designed to be used as a year-round residential dwelling and built prior to enactment of the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, which became effective June 15, 1976. Mobile homes shall be considered structures for the purpose of this Ordinance. "Transient trailers" (travel trailers), as defined herein, shall not be considered mobile homes, and they are deemed vehicles but not dwellings or structures. FOLLOWING ENACTMENT OF THIS ORDINANCE, NO MOBILE HOME SHALL BE LOCATED IN THE CITY OF RIDGELAND UNLESS IT IS LOCATED IN A MOBILE HOME PARK (R-M) DISTRICT.

Mobile Home Park: An area, tract, site, or plot of land of at least ten acres that has been planned, improved, and meets the requirements of this Ordinance, and in which spaces are provided on a rental basis or lease basis only for owner-occupied homes, or in which both the space and the mobile home are offered to the public on a rental or lease basis only.

Mobile Home Space (or "Lot"): A plot of ground within a mobile home park designed for and

designated as (on an approved site plan) the location of one mobile home, and which has water, sewer, and electricity at the space.

Mobile Home Stand or "Pad": The paved runners or paved parking area in each mobile home space upon which the mobile home is placed, together with the paved patio and paved off-street vehicular parking area.

Modular Home: Factory-built housing certified as meeting the local building codes. A modular home is not considered a manufactured home.

Mortuary: See "Funeral Home."

Motel: See "Hotel."

Multi-Family Dwelling: See "Dwelling, Multi-family."

Nightcluh: A commercial establishment dispensing alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises and in which dancing is permitted. This includes the term "cabaret."

Nonconformities: Any land, lot, building, structure, or parts thereof existing prior to the enactment of this Ordinance, which subsequent to the enactment of this Ordinance or amendment thereto, does not conform with the use regulations and/or dimensional regulations of the district in which it is situated, and/or does not comply with any other requirements herein. (See Section 40.02 of this Ordinance for definitions of the various types of nonconformities, including (1) nonconforming "lots of record," (2) nonconforming structures, and (3) nonconforming uses.)

Nursery, Child Care: See "Child Care Facility."

Nursery, Horticultural: Commercial uses in which flowers and plants are stored or cultivated for retail sale, and related products also are offered for retail sale.

Nursing Homes: See "Convalescent Home."

Open Space or "Common Open Space": A parcel or parcels of land not occupied by dwellings or residential structures, accessory structures, and yards, which may consist of jogging trails, tennis courts, a golf course, swimming pool, associated recreational buildings, and the like, and which is permanently maintained in a suitable state for the shared enjoyment by the owners and/or occupants of individual dwelling units or residential structures within a particular development (such as a conventional residential subdivision, an apartment complex, a mobile home park or a Planned Unit Development).

Office: A room, group of rooms or building in which commercial activities primarily involving the provision of services rather than the sale of commodities are conducted.

Office Park: A development on a tract of land, either subdivided or on a single large lot, containing a number of separate office buildings, supporting uses and open space designed, planned, constructed, and managed on an integrated and coordinated basis.

Park (Public): A tract of land, designated and used by the public for active and passive recreation. Parks are zoned as "Special Use (S-1)" under the regulations of Section 300, and are not considered "Public/Quasi-Public Facilities" subject to Section 33 of this Ordinance.

Parking Space: For the purposes of this Ordinance, the term "parking space" shall refer only to parking places not located on a public street. Each parking space shall be sufficient in size to store one full-size automobile, or 200 square feet in area for each such space, exclusive of the necessary maneuvering space providing access to each parking space, unless otherwise approved as part of the site plan review process specified under Section 600.11.

Patio House or Patio Home: See "Dwelling, Patio."

Planned Unit Development (PUD): A land tract in which a multiplicity of land uses may be permitted including single-family residential, multi-family residential, public uses, and compatible commercial uses and in which land not used by residential or commercial structures and yards but required by basic zoning of the site shall be reserved collectively in contiguous units accessible to all the building sites in the development as open space for the purpose of providing recreational facilities and pedestrian circulation.

Planned Unit Residential Development (PURD): An area of a minimum contiguous size, as specified by this Ordinance, to be planned and developed as a single entity containing one or more residential clusters, and in which land not used for residential structures or yards but required by the basic zoning of the site shall be reserved collectively in contiguous units accessible to all building sites in the development as open space for the purpose of providing recreational facilities and pedestrian circulation. Two-family or multi-family dwellings, commercial development, or public/quasi-public facilities or utilities may only be permitted in a Planned Unit Residential Development if a Development Plan is submitted and appropriate rezoning (or a Special Exception for public/quasi-public uses) is approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.

Planning Commission: The duly appointed Planning Commission of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

Planting Screen: Densely planted vegetation used to visually shield or obscure abutting or nearby structures or uses from other uses or structures.

Plat: A map, plan or layout of a subdivision showing the information required by the Subdivision Regulations of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi. Three types of plats are required

by the Subdivision Regulations:

- (a) Preliminary Plat: A detailed plat of a proposed subdivision which, together with the required construction plans, forms the basis upon which construction of improvements will proceed; no construction shall be initiated until both the preliminary plat and construction plans have been approved in accordance with the Subdivision Regulations.
- (b) Final Plat: A plat submitted by the subdivider following completion of construction of all required improvements or all improvements except the final wearing surfaces of streets (in which case the final plat must be accompanied by a performance bond); following approval of the final plat by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, the subdivider is responsible for having the plat recorded in the office of the Chancery Clerk of Madison County, Mississippi. See "site plan."

Portable Building: See "Building, Portable."

Principal Structure or Use: The main building(s) or dominant use(s) of a lot.

Property Line: The legal boundary line separating buildings or tracts in different ownership.

Provisions: In an organization outline, include code content that does create on-the-ground imposition on developers.

<u>Public/Quasi-Public Facilities and Utilities</u>: See "Facilities and Utilities, Public/Quasi-Public."

Recreational Vehicle (RV): See "Transient Trailer" or "Travel Trailer."

Regulations: Specific requirements or obligations imposed on applicants, owners, developers, occupants, residents, or others.

Rest Home: See "Convalescent Home."

Resort Area: According to Section 67-1-5 of the Mississippi Code 1972, annotated, and State Tax Commission, it "means any area or locality outside of the limits of incorporated municipalities in this state commonly known and accepted as a place which regularly and customarily attracts tourists, vacationists and other transients because of its historical, scenic or recreational facilities or attractions, or because of other attributes which regularly and customarily appeal to and attract tourists, vacationists and other transients in substantial numbers; however, no area or locality shall so qualify as a resort area until it has been duly and properly approved as such by the commission."

Restaurants: A commercial establishment where food and beverages are prepared, served, and consumed primarily within the principal building, but not including "drive-in restaurants" as defined herein; "restaurants" may offer some "carry-out" services where food and beverages are consumed off the premises.

Restaurant. Drive-In: A commercial establishment where food and beverages are prepared and where all or a significant portion of the consumption takes outside of the building, often in a motor vehicle on the site. (NOTE: Because of the nuisance characteristics of this type of restaurant—litter, noise, etc. — these uses are permitted only in C-3, C-4 and C-5 districts.)

Restaurant, Fast Food: A commercial establishment whose principal business is the sale of pre-prepared or rapidly prepared food directly to the customer in a ready-to-consume state for consumption either within the restaurant building or off premises.

Retirement Village: Planned developments for the elderly which, because of their size, institutional nature and unique characteristics, do not fit compatibly into other zoning districts of the City; retirement villages constitute "self-contained communities" and may include: residential uses, related health-care facilities, cultural and recreational facilities, commercial outlets intended primarily for the benefit of residents and staff, and similar associated uses.

Road. Public: All public property reserved or dedicated for street traffic.

Road. Private: A way open to vehicular ingress and egress established as a separate tract for the benefit of certain adjacent properties. This definition shall not apply to driveway.

Rooming House: A building or dwelling unit other than a hotel, motel or apartment, where for compensation and by prearrangement for either definite or indefinite periods, lodging only is provided for compensation to three or more persons. In no event shall the occupancy of a rooming house be permitted to exceed twelve boarders. A building which has accommodations for, or is accommodating more than twelve persons shall be defined as a "Hotel" or "Motel" under the terms of this Ordinance. See also "Boarding House."

Schools: The term "school" as used in this Ordinance shall include public, private, and parochial institutions of learning and shall include "trade or industrial school" (i.e., those schools offering training to students in skills required for the practice of trades and industry).

Service Station: See "Gasoline Service Station."

Sethack: The area between the front property line, rear property line, side property line, or street right-of-way line and the building setback line.

Sethack Line or Building Sethack Line: That line that is the required minimum distance from the street right-of-way line or any other lot line that establishes the area within which the

principal structure must be erected or placed.

Shopping Center: A group of commercial establishments, planned, developed, and managed as a unit, with adequate off-street parking facilities provided on the property and related in its location, size, and type of stores to the trade area or neighborhood which the unit serves.

Side Street: A street bordering the side of a lot and intersecting the street on which a structure on the lot faces, as determined by the Zoning Administrator; in the case of buildings (as opposed to other types of "structures"), the street which the building faces shall be determined by the principal entrance to the building.

Sign: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland.

Site Plan: A drawing indicating the location of existing and proposed buildings or other structures with dimensions designated thereon, topography, existing or proposed easements, rights-of-way, utilities, drainage, landscaping and planting screens, and points of access/egress and driveways on a SINGLE LOT. A "site plan" differs from a "subdivision plat" in that a subdivision plat reflects certain required information for two or more lots.

Site Plan Review: The process specified under Section 600.11 of this Ordinance.

Special Exception: See "Conditional Use."

Special Use District: A zoning district to provide areas for the development of special uses, which, because of their size, institutional nature, and/or unique characteristics, do not fit compatibly into other zoning districts of the city. Such uses commonly constitute "self-contained communities" with housing, dining/food services facilities, recreational uses, and commercial-type outlets provided primarily for the benefit of the staff and residents of the institution on the grounds. This district is designed in part to protect existing residential uses.

Specifications: Exact measures required for the sizing or quantification of the engineering and design of something that is to be constructed – as a street, or to be installed – as plant materials, or to be submitted as part of an application – as the layout and appearance of sheets of drawings, plans and plats.

Spot Zoning: The improper zoning or rezoning of a lot or parcel of land to benefit an owner for a use incompatible with surrounding uses. While such spot zoning may not be illegal per se, it is generally regarded as an improper practice.

Story: That portion of a building included between the surface of any floor and the surface of the next floor above it, or if there be no floor above it, then the space between the floor and the ceiling next above it. For the purposes of height measurement, a basement shall be counted as a story when more than one-half of its height is above the average grade elevation, or when the

basement is used for commercial activities. See "Basement".

Street: A publicly-owned right-of-way that affords the principal means of access to abutting property; such thoroughfares are dedicated by a property owner for public use, accepted by the responsible political entity in which the street is located and is so dedicated, and recorded in the Office of the Madison County Chancery Clerk.

Each street within the City of Ridgeland is classified in an adopted **Thoroughfares Plan**. The five functional classifications of streets and highways are:

- (a) Interstate Highways: The National System of Interstate and Defense Highways (Federal-Aid Interstate System), consisting of highways which are of highest importance to the nation connecting, as direct as practical, the principal metropolitan areas and cities. These routes are fully controlled access and are four or more lanes divided; they are limited to those designated by the Mississippi State Highway Department in conjunction with the Federal Highway Administration.
- (b) Principal Arterial (or "Primary Arterial") Street or Highway: A street or high-way intended to move traffic as efficiently and expeditiously as possible between major centers of activity not only within the City of Ridgeland but the surrounding urban area; the function of providing service to abutting land uses is subordinate to the provision of travel service to major traffic movements. These streets and highways are the highest traffic volume corridors and serve the longest trip desires.
- (c) Minor Arterial (or "Secondary Arterial") Street: A street which interconnects with and augments the principal arterial street and highway system. The minor arterial street system contains facilities that place more emphasis on land access than principal arterial streets and highways and provides a lower level of traffic mobility. These arterial streets primarily serve intra-City travel desires rather than connecting the City with the surrounding urban area.
- (d) Collector Street: A street intended to provide both land access and traffic circulation within residential neighborhoods, commercial and industrial areas. A collector street collects traffic from local streets and channels it to principal and minor arterial streets and highways.
- (e) Local Streets: A street intended to provide access to abutting land and access to collector streets and arterial streets and highways. A local street provides the lowest level of mobility and service to through traffic movement is usually deliberately discouraged.

Street Right-of-Way Line: The legal property boundary delineating the street right-of-way and

the abutting property.

Strip Development: Commercial development, usually one store deep, that fronts on a major street.

Structure: Anything constructed or erected, the use of which requires a fixed location on the ground, or attached to something having a fixed location on the ground. Among other things, structures include buildings, mobile homes, walls, fences, and billboards, but shall not include "Transient Trailers (Travel Trailers)" as defined herein. The term structure shall be construed as if followed by the words "or part thereof."

Structural Alteration of a Building: See "Building, Structural Alteration of."

Subdivider: Any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity acting as a unit, who, having an interest in land, causes it, directly or indirectly, to be divided into a subdivision.

Subdivision: The division of any lot, tract, or parcel of land into two (2) or more lots for the immediate or future purpose of sale or building development by means of an appropriately recorded legal document.

<u>Subdivision Regulations</u>: The adopted *Subdivision Regulations of the City of Ridgeland*, *Mississippi*.

Theater. Motion Picture: A building or part of a building devoted primarily to the showing of motion pictures on a paid admission basis.

Theater, Drive-In: An open lot or part thereof, with its appurtenant facilities devoted primarily to the showing of moving pictures or theatrical productions, on a paid admission basis, to patrons seated in automobiles or on outdoor seats.

<u>Thoroughfares Plan</u>: The primary component of the *Transportation Plan*, which is one of the elements of a Comprehensive Plan, usually developed concurrently with another element, the *Land Use Plan*.

Through Lot: See "Lot, Double Frontage."

Townhouse: A single-family dwelling constructed in a series or group of attached units with property lines separating each unit. (From: *Standard Building Code.*)

<u>Townhouse Subdivision</u>: A subdivision in which the developer proposes to partition land into individual lots and construct townhouses wherein both the dwellings and the lots will be individually owned by the residents.

"Trailer": Archaic term sometimes applied to mobile homes. See "Mobile Home."

Transient Trailer (Travel Trailer): A portable or mobile living unit used for temporary human occupancy away from the place of residence of the occupants. For the purposes of this Ordinance, such transient trailers shall be considered a vehicle and not a structure. The term "transient trailer" or "travel trailer" shall include pick-up truck "campers", "motor homes," "camping trailer," and "recreational vehicles."

Transient Trailer Park: A commercial operation where space and service accommodations for transient trailers are provided for a fee on an overnight or daily basis.

Transportation Plan: One of the elements of a Comprehensive Plan. Section 17-1-1 (c)(ii) of the Mississippi Code of 1972, Annotated, as amended, defines the term as follows: "a transportation plan depicting in map form the proposed functional classifications of all existing and proposed functional classifications of all existing and proposed streets, roads, and highways for the area encompassed by the land use plan and for the same time period as that covered by the land use plan. Functional classifications shall consist of arterial, collector, and local streets, roads, and highways, and these classifications shall be defined on the plan as to minimum right-of-way and surface width requirements; these requirements shall be based upon traffic projections. All other forms of transportation shall be addressed as appropriate. The transportation plan shall be a basis for a capital improvements program."

Trip Generation: The total number of trip ends (i.e., trips entering or leaving a land use or site) produced by a land user activity. The most comprehensive data on trip generation is entitled *Trip Generation* prepared by the Institute of Transportation Engineers.

Truck Stop: Any area of land, including the structures thereon, that is used for the servicing of heavy trucks (i.e., tractor-trailer combinations designed for transporting large cargoes), and which may offer food and beverages in addition to lodging. Such uses may only be located immediately adjacent to major thorough-fares in C-5 and I-2 districts.

Undeveloped Lot: A vacant lot or parcel of land.

Lise: The specific purpose for which land or a building is designed, arranged, intended, or for which it is or may be occupied or maintained. The term "permitted use" shall not be deemed to include any nonconforming use.

Use, Accessory: See "Accessory Use."

Utility: See "Facilities and Utilities, Public/Quasi-Public."

Variance: A relaxation of the terms of the **Zoning Ordinance** where such variance will not be contrary to the public interest and where, owing to conditions peculiar to the property and not the

result of the actions of the applicant, a literal enforcement of the Ordinance would result in unnecessary and undue hardship. However, financial hardship shall not be considered justification for granting a variance. The criteria for issuance of a variance are listed under Section 2507 of this Ordinance. As used in this Ordinance, a variance is authorized only for height area, and size of structure or size of yards and open spaces. Establishment or expansion of a use not permitted shall not be allowed by variance, nor shall a variance be granted because of the presence of nonconformities in the zoning district or uses in an adjoining district.

Veterinary Hospital: See "Hospital, Veterinary."

Yard (or "Minimum Yard" or "Sethack"): The required open space between any main building or portion thereof and the adjoining lot lines, which shall remain unoccupied and unobstructed by any portion of a structure, except as otherwise specifically provided herein. However, fences and walls may be permitted in such required yards subject to the height restrictions and other regulations of this Ordinance. In measuring a lot for the purpose of determining the minimum depth of a front yard, or the minimum width of the rear yard, the shortest horizontal distance between the lot line and the nearest exterior limits of the main building shall be used.

Yard. Front: The required unoccupied and unobstructed space on the same lot with a main building, extending the full width of the lot, and situated between the front property line and the nearest exterior limits of the main building.

Yard, Rear: The required unoccupied and unobstructed space on the same lot with a main building, situated between the rear property line and the nearest exterior limits of the main building. The rear yard shall be measured from the farthest point of the rear property line and shall not be measured less than the side yard setback line.

<u>Yard, Side:</u> The required unoccupied and unobstructed space on the same lot with a main building, situated between the side property line and the nearest exterior limits of the main building.

Zero Lot Line: The location of a building on a lot in such a manner that one or more of the building's sides rests directly on a lot line.

Zero Lot Line Dwelling: See "Dwelling, Zero Lot Line."

Zoning Administrator: The official (or officials) charged by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen with the administration and enforcement of this Zoning Ordinance, or his duly authorized representative.

Zoning District: See "District."

ARTICLE III

GENERAL REGULATIONS

SECTION 30 - APPLICATIONS OF REGULATIONS

- 30.01 COMPLIANCE REQUIRED: No building, structure, or land shall hereafter be used or occupied, and no building or structure or part thereof shall hereafter be erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved, or structurally altered EXCEPT IN CONFORMANCE WITH ALL OF THE REGULATIONS SPECIFIED FOR THE DISTRICT IN WHICH IT IS LOCATED. Furthermore, no person shall use or occupy a building, structure, or land within the City of Ridgeland for an activity that requires a federal, State of Mississippi, and/or City license until said license is obtained from the appropriate authorities.
- 30.02 NONCONFORMITIES DEFINED: "Nonconformities" shall consist of any land, lot, building, structure, or parts thereof, or the various uses to which those items are or were put, and which lawfully existed prior to the enactment of this Ordinance; but which subsequently do not comply with the provisions of this Ordinance and the requirements of the district wherein located. The regulations pertaining to such nonconformities are established in the district regulations and under Section 40.
- **30.03 PERMITTED USES CONSTITUTE CONFORMING USES**: Any land use which is permitted as a conditional use (also referred to herein as a "special exception") in a particular district under the terms of this Ordinance shall not be deemed a nonconforming use in such district, but shall without further action be considered a conforming use.
- 30.04 <u>DISTRICT REGULATIONS CONSTITUTE MINIMUM REGULATIONS</u>: The regulations established in this Ordinance within each district (Sections 150 through 300) shall constitute minimum regulations unless otherwise noted.
- **30.05 UNIFORMITY WITHIN DISTRICTS**: The regulations and provisions established by this Ordinance for each district shall apply uniformly within each district of the same name and shall apply uniformly to each class or type of building, structure, use, or land therein except as otherwise provided.
- 30.06 AREAS ANNEXED AFTER ENACTMENT OF THIS ORDINANCE: Any land annexed into the City of Ridgeland following enactment of this Ordinance shall bear the zoning classifications of Madison County and be subject to the zoning regulations of Madison County, until due public notice of hearings is given to consider the zoning of all or part of such annexed land in accordance with the

Zoning Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland. Following such public hearings and action by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, the annexed land shall be subject to the regulations of this Ordinance rather than those of Madison County.

- 30.07 PENDING APPLICATIONS FOR BUILDING PERMITS: Nothing in this Ordinance shall require any change in the overall layout, plans, construction, size, or designated use of any development, building, structure, or part thereof for which official approvals and required building permits have been legally granted before the enactment of this Ordinance. Construction shall have been started within six (6) months of the effective date of this Ordinance and completed within a subsequent two year period and not discontinued until completion except for reasons beyond the builder's control. All permits for which construction has not begun within six (6) months of the effective date of this Ordinance are hereby revoked and void.
- 30.08 CONFORMANCE WITH SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS: No building shall be constructed on any lot which does not conform to the provisions of the Subdivision Regulations of the City of Ridgeland.

SECTION 31 - DIMENSIONAL CONTROLS

- 31.01 REDUCTION OF YARDS AND LOTS BELOW MINIMUM REQUIRE-MENTS PROHIBITED: No yard or lot of record existing at the time of passage of this Ordinance shall be reduced in dimension or area below the minimum requirements set forth herein. Yards or lots of record created after the effective date of this Ordinance shall meet at least the minimum requirements established by this Ordinance.
- 31.02 FRONT YARDS ON CORNER OR DOUBLE FRONTAGE LOTS: On corner lots or double frontage lots ("through lots"), each side fronting on a street shall be considered a front yard, and the required front yard setback shall be measured from each existing or proposed (on the adopted *Thoroughfares Plan*) right-of-way upon which the lot abuts. In accordance with the *Subdivision Regulations of the City of Ridgeland*, the front yard setbacks of all lots shall be shown as a dashed line on all preliminary and final subdivision plats.
- 31.03 **DETERMINATION OF SETBACKS**: In measuring a required front yard (i.e., setback), the minimum horizontal distance between the existing or proposed right-of-way line and the main structure shall be used. The required setback line shall be measured from the existing or proposed right-of-way line (or lines for corner lots and double frontage lots), which shall be determined by the adopted **Thoroughfares Plan of the City of Ridgeland.** If a proposed street is not

functionally classified (as a local, collector or arterial street) by the adopted *Thoroughfares Plan*, the functional classification of said street shall be determined by the Planning Commission during the sketch plat review process for the proposed subdivision or during the site plan review process (for developments not involving a subdivision of land).

- 31.04 VISIBILITY AT INTERSECTIONS: On a corner lot in any district, nothing shall be erected, placed, planted, or allowed to grow in such a manner as to materially impede the vision of motor vehicle operators between a height of two and one-half (2-1/2) and ten (10) feet above the center line grades of the intersecting streets (or the existing grades on the side of the intersecting street, whichever is greater) and within a triangular area bounded by the rights-of-way lines for a distance of twenty (20) feet from the intersection and a straight line connecting said points twenty (20) feet from the intersection of the rights-of-way lines.
- 31.05 ACCESSORY BUILDINGS OR USES: No accessory building or use shall be placed within the required front yard of any main building or use in ANY district. However, an accessory building or use may be placed in the required rear yard of any main building or use in R-1 and R-2 districts, provided that the accessory building or use is at least ten feet from the side and/or rear property line.
- 31.06 RAILROAD SETBACKS: A setback of one hundred (100) feet shall be required between all proposed residential main buildings and railroad tracks (i.e., measured from the metal track, not the railroad right-of-way line, to the nearest exterior limits of the proposed residential building). The side or rear yard setback required within the district where residential structures are permitted may be included within this 100-foot setback. Accessory buildings, such as garages or carports where detached from the main residential buildings or laundry rooms and recreational club houses (in apartment or condominium complexes) may be located within the 100-foot setback provided that the builder of such accessory structures complies with the required side or rear yard setback within the subject district.
- 31.07 EXCEPTIONS TO HEIGHT REGULATIONS: The height regulations contained in the District Regulations of this Ordinance do not apply to spires, belfries, cupolas, antennas, water tanks, ventilation chimneys, masts, towers, or other appurtenances usually required to be placed above the roof level and not intended for human occupancy. However, any person proposing to erect such an appurtenance to exceed a height of forty (40) feet above the finished grade shall apply for a conditional use permit (special exception) in accordance with Section 600.09 of this Ordinance.

SECTION 32 - PUBLIC/QUASI-PUBLIC FACILITIES AND UTILITIES

All public and quasi-public facilities and utilities, as defined under Article II of this Ordinance, may be located in ANY district in the City, provided:

- 32.01 That all applicable requirements of federal, state and county or city laws shall be met.
- 32.02 That all such proposed uses shall be subject to the procedures stated under Section 600.09 relative to Special Exceptions (Conditional Uses). No public or quasipublic facility or utility shall be located in a residential district or other district where such land use would adversely affect the surrounding area. Provided, however, that all cemeteries existing prior to the adoption of this Ordinance shall be permitted in any district.

SECTION 33 - DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PUBLIC/QUASI-PUBLIC FACILITIES AND UTILITIES IN ALL DISTRICTS

Developers of churches, schools, hospitals, civic organizational buildings, country clubs, and other public/quasi-public facilities or utilities shall comply with the following dimensional requirements:

- **33.01 MAXIMUM BUILDING HEIGHT:** 35 feet, unless greater height is specifically approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen based upon the required site plan review.
- **33.02 MINIMUM LOT AREA:** Established based upon proposed use.
- 33.03 MINIMUM LOT WIDTH: Established based upon proposed use.

33.04 MINIMUM YARDS:

- A. Front yard: 30 feet from the existing or proposed right-of-way as shown on the adopted Ridgeland *Thoroughfares Plan* to the building setback line.
- B. Side yard: 10 feet, unless the proposed public/quasi-public use abuts an existing single-family detached residence or a R-1 or R-2 district in which case the side yard shall be at least 50 feet from any building to the lot line abutting the single-family detached residence or R-1 or R-2 district.

C. Rear yard: 20 feet, unless the proposed public/quasi-public use abuts an existing single-family detached residence or a R-1 or R-2 district in which case the side yard shall be at least 50 feet from any building to the lot line abutting the single-family detached residence or R-1 or R-2 district.

SECTION 34 - REQUIRED DEDICATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS

See Traffic Impact, Subdivision and Development Review Ordinances of the City of Ridgeland.

SECTION 35 - HOME OCCUPATIONS

Home occupations, as defined under Article II of this Ordinance, are permitted in any district where residential uses are allowed if a building permit or change of use permit is issued, and therefore subject to the following limitations:

- **DISPLAY AND STORAGE:** No storage or display of materials, goods supplies, or equipment related to the operation shall be visible from the outside of any structure located on the premises.
- **35.02 MAXIMUM AREA**: Not more than twenty-five percent (25%) of the floor area of the dwelling shall be used for the conduct of the home occupation.
- 35.03 TRAFFIC AND PARKING RESTRICTIONS: No traffic shall be generated by such home occupations in greater volumes than would normally be expected in a residential neighborhood (as determined by the Zoning Administrator), and any need for parking generated by the conduct of such home occupations shall be met off the street and other than in a required yard. Furthermore, an ample amount of such off-street parking shall be provided as determined by the Zoning Administrator at the time of the application for a building permit or change of use permit.
- **35.04 EXTERIOR LIGHTING**: There shall be no exterior lighting which would indicate that the dwelling and/or accessory building is being utilized in whole or in part of any purpose other than residential.
- 35.05 SIGNS RELATING TO HOME OCCUPATIONS: One name plate measuring no more than one (1) square feet in area shall be allowed for each home occupation.
- 35.06 NON-RESIDENT EMPLOYEES: No more than one (1) actively-engaged,

- non-resident employee (i.e., a person not residing on the same premises with the operator) shall be employed in connection with any home occupation.
- **35.07 ADDRESS OF CONVENIENCE:** A home occupation that is solely used for the purpose of receiving phone calls, mail, and keeping business records in connection with any profession or occupation shall be known as an "address of convenience."
- **35.08 HOBBIES:** Such as boat building or repair, furniture making or repair, automobile repair and rebuilding, and other activities not normally carried on extensively in a residential district shall not be permitted to the extent that they are annoying or harmful to nearby residential occupants. Such uses that involve the use of power tools or the creation of noise not usual to a residential district shall not be permitted between the hours of 9:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m.
- **35.09 PERMITTED ACTIVITIES:** Primary sale of goods in connection with such home occupation shall be that which is prepared, produced, or grown on the premises. Home occupations may also provide services.
- 35.10 PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES: There shall be no retail, wholesale, or warehousing activity other than that which is clearly incidental to the direct provision of the service. Auto repair on vehicles other than the vehicles of the home owner or occupant of the home is prohibited. Also prohibited are: boat repair, animal hospitals, commercial kennels, funeral parlors or undertaking establishments, antiques shops, nurseries, restaurants, rooming houses, dancing schools, tea rooms, and embalming facilities.
- 35.11 ON-PREMISE CLIENT CONTACT: Customer and client contact shall be conducted primarily by telephone or mail, and not on the premises of the home occupation, except those home occupations, such as tutoring, music or swimming lessons, counseling or personal services, which cannot be conducted except by personal contact. Services or sales conducted on the premises shall be by appointment only, and shall not be oriented toward, or attract, off-the-street customer or client traffic. Barber shops and beauty shops shall be limited to one chair for clients.
- **35.12 DELIVERIES:** Delivery of materials to and from the premises shall not involve the use of vehicles over two (2) ton capacity, except parcel post or other similar commercial delivery trucks.
- **35.13 USES PER DWELLING UNIT:** There shall not be more than one use constituting a designated home occupation per dwelling unit.

OTHER PROVISIONS: No equipment or process shall be used in a home occupation which creates noise, vibration, glare, fumes, or odors detectable to the normal senses outside of the dwelling unit or accessory building in which the occupation is conducted. No equipment or process shall be used in any home occupation that creates visual or audible electrical interference in any radio or television receivers off the premises, or causes fluctuations in line voltage off the premises.

SECTION 36 - MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL REGULATIONS

- 36.01 COMMON YARDS, OPEN SPACE, AND OFF-STREET PARKING OR LOADING SPACE: No yard, other than open space, off-street parking or loading space required for any building or structure shall be included as a yard, open space or off-street parking or loading space required for any other building or structure, except where permitted through site plan review. This requirement shall not be construed to apply to planned unit developments (PUDs) or planned unit residential developments (PURDs) approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- 36.02 STREET ACCESS REQUIRED: Every building or structure hereafter constructed, moved, or structurally altered shall have direct access to a public (dedicated) street or to an approved (through a building permit issued by the Zoning Administrator) private street or parking area, and shall be so located as to provide safe and convenient access for servicing, fire protection, and required off-street parking.
- 36.03 FENCES. WALLS. AND HEDGES: Except for the requirements of Section 401.04 regarding visibility at intersections, fences, walls, and hedges or other densely planted vegetation shall be permitted in any required yard or along the edge of any yard. However, said fences, walls, or dense vegetation shall not exceed a height of four (4) feet in the front yards of Single-Family Residential (R-1 and R-2), Townhouse (R-3), and Patio Home (R-4) districts, except where such districts abut a multi-family residential use or district or a commercial or industrial use or district, in which case the fence, wall, or dense vegetation may be erected or allowed to grow to a height of six (6) feet.
- 36.04 PARKING AND STORAGE OF VEHICLES REQUIRING LICENSES
 AND STATE INSPECTION STICKERS: See Ordinance Regulating the
 Storage of Junk Vehicles within the City of Ridgeland.
- **PROHIBITED USES**: Within the City of Ridgeland, no lot, land, premises, place, or building shall be used, and no buildings or structures shall be erected or placed, which are arranged, intended, or designed for any use that generates

environmental pollutants beyond a tolerable level by reason of excessive noise, odor, glare, vibration, smoke, dust, fumes, vapors, gases, liquid and solid waste, radiation, electrical emissions, danger from fire or explosion, or any other debilitating influence as defined by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency as regulated by the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality, Bureau of Pollution Control and the Mississippi State Board of Health.

36.06 MATERIALS AND GROWTH CONSTITUTING PUBLIC HEALTH AND/OR SAFETY HAZARDS PROHIBITED: No rubbish, salvage materials, junk or hazardous waste materials, including inoperable vehicles and parts and any combustible matter, shall be openly stored, allowed to accumulate, or kept in the open, and no weeds or other growth shall be allowed to go uncut within any district when the same shall be determined by the appropriate City Official (the Zoning Administrator, Fire Chief, or other authorized City employee) or health official to constitute a menace to the public health and/or a safety.

36.07 REQUIRED ENCLOSURE OF GARBAGE DISPOSAL FACILITIES:

Upon the effective date of this Ordinance, all garbage disposal facilities (i.e., garbage cans, dumpsters, etc.) located on the site of existing (at the effective date of this Ordinance) or new multi-family residential mobile home parks, commercial, industrial, or public/ quasi-public uses shall be enclosed at least three sides by solid fencing or other material in a manner that prevents direct visibility of the garbage cans, dumpster, etc., from the street side (or sides) of such uses. Failure to maintain such garbage disposal facilities in a neat and sanitary manner shall constitute a violation of this Ordinance and be subject to the penalties imposed herein. All site plans for multiple family residential, mobile home parks, commercial, industrial, or public/quasi-public uses proposed following the effective date of this Ordinance shall indicate the location of garbage disposal facilities on the site and the manner (material, etc.) to be used to enclose such facilities.

SECTION 37- OFF-STREET PARKING, LOADING SPACE AND ACCESS REQUIREMENTS

37.01 PURPOSE OF THIS SECTION: The purpose of this section is to establish requirements regarding: (1) sufficient space for the off-street parking; (2) sufficient space for loading (or unloading) of all motor vehicles; and (3) design standards for accessways within the City of Ridgeland. The purpose of these requirements is to reduce or avoid congestion of streets and to provide a more suitable living and working environment. Such space for parking or loading of motor vehicles, provisions for ingress and egress, and required landscaping shall be provided at the time of the erection of any principal structure, or at the time any principal structure is enlarged or increased in capacity by the addition of dwelling

ORDINANCE OF THE MAYOR AND BOARD OF ALDERMEN OF THE CITY OF RIDGELAND, MADISON COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI TO AMEND SECTION 37.02 OF THE CITY OF RIDGELAND ZONING REGULATIONS ORDINANCE OF FEBRUARY 6, 2001

WHEREAS, the Community Development Department did suggest certain amendments to the Zoning Ordinance and did file a Petition to amend Section 37.02 OFF

STREET PARKING of the City of Ridgeland Zoning Regulations Ordinance of February 6, 2001, (the "Petition"); and,

WHEREAS, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen scheduled a hearing on said Petition for August 5, 2003, at 6:30 o'clock p.m.; and,

WHEREAS, the City Clerk did cause notice of the August 5, 2003, hearing to be published in the Madison County Journal, a newspaper published in the City of Ridgeland, Madison County, Mississippi, in the manner and for the time required by law; and

WHEREAS, at the time, date and place specified in the notice, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, did conduct a full and complete hearing on the Petition, and received comments and heard evidence presented by the Petitioner and others present at the hearing; and,

WHEREAS, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen did table a decision on the proposed amendment until the August 19, 2003, meeting to receive more information and in acting on this Ordinance, have duly considered the matters and facts within their personal knowledge as same affect the amendment requested in the Petition; and,

WHEREAS, the Mayor asked whether the Board of Aldermen desired to take any action regarding the Petition and after discussion thereof, Alderman Gerald Steen offered the following Ordinance and moved that it be adopted, to-wit:

NOW, THEREFORE, be it ordained by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, Madison County, Mississippi, as follows, to-wit:

SECTION 1. That the matters and facts stated in the preamble hereof are found, determined and adjudicated to be true and correct.

SECTION 2. That Section 37.02 <u>OFF-STREET PARKING</u>, A. <u>General</u>

Requirements of the City of Ridgeland Zoning Regulations Ordinance of February 6, 2001, shall be amended to add the following sub-section:

5. <u>Limitations on Parking in Residential Districts</u>:

Commercial vehicles in excess of 15,500 GVP (gross vehicle weight) shall be prohibited from parking in all residentially zoned districts of the City, except for deliveries, repairs or other temporary, legitimate commercial activity.

SECTION 3. That the City of Ridgeland Zoning Regulations Ordinance of February 6, 2001, as amended, shall remain in effect except as amended herein.

SECTION 4. This Ordinance shall take effect thirty (30) days from and after this date.

ORDAINED, ADOPTED AND APPROVED by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Madison County, Mississippi, at a regular meeting thereof held on the 19th day of August, 2003.

The motion for adoption was seconded by Alderman Scott Jones and the foregoing Ordinance having been first reduced to writing, was submitted to the Board of Aldermen for passage or rejection on roll call vote with the following results:

Alderman Ken Heard (Ward 1) voted:

Alderman Chuck Gautier (Ward 2) voted:

Alderman Carole Davis (Ward 3) voted:

Alderman Larry Roberts (Ward 4) voted:

Alderman Scott Jones (Ward 5) voted:

Alderman Linda Davis Trunzler (Ward 6) voted:

Aye

Alderman Gerald Steen (At large) voted:

Aye

Whereupon, the Mayor declared the motion carried and the Ordinance adopted.

The foregoing ordinance is approved, this the 19th day of August, 2003.

_____/s/Gene F. McGee
Mayor Gene F. McGee
City of Ridgeland, Mississippi

Attest:

/s/David Overby
David Overby, City Clerk

[SEAL]

OFF-SITE-PRKG-AMD-ORD 8/19/2003-MMH

ORDINANCE AMENDING SECTION 37.02 A.1. OF THE ZONING ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI

WHEREAS, the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, was adopted on February 6, 2001, and became effective on March 22, 2001; and,

WHEREAS, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen set a public hearing to consider an amendment to Section 37.02 A.1. of the Zoning Ordinance for the 5th day of March, 2002 at 6:30 o'clock p.m.; and,

WHEREAS, the City Clerk did cause notice of said hearing to be published in the Madison County Journal, a newspaper published in the City of Ridgeland, Madison County, Mississippi, in the manner and for the time required by law; and,

WHEREAS, at the time, date and place specified in the notice, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, did conduct a full and complete hearing and thereafter, did recommend that the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi be amended as set out hereinafter; and,

WHEREAS, having considered all the facts and discussions made, and after further discussion thereof, Alderman Scott Jones offered the following ordinance and moved that it be adopted, to-wit:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Madison County, Mississippi, as follows, to-wit:

Section 1

That the matters and facts stated in the preamble hereof are found to be true and correct.

ŝ

Section 2

Section 37.02 A.1. – Off-Street Parking, General Requirements: Provisions of Parking Space on the Same Lot with all Residential Uses of the Official Zoning Ordinance is amended to read as follows:

Off-street parking space for all residential land uses shall be provided on the same parcel of land as the residential use to which the parking space is appurtenant. If the garage or carport of an existing house is converted into living area, a new garage or carport (whichever is consistent with what is being enclosed) must be added, which meets the setbacks for the zoning district. If a carport is enclosed, a garage may be constructed in lieu of a carport. If a residence on which a garage or carport is enclosed is located on a lot of one (1) acre or larger, the requirements of this section may be waived by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen on a showing that adequate alternative provisions for parking will be provided in such a manner as to protect the safety, aesthetic and architectural integrity of the area in which such waiver is granted.

Section 3

The City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, Zoning Ordinance shall be, and the same is hereby amended to reflect the foregoing changes in the text of the Zoning Ordinance from and after 30 days from the date of adoption by this Board.

ORDAINED, ADOPTED AND APPROVED by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi at a meeting thereof held on the 5th day of March, 2002.

The motion for adoption was seconded by Alderman Chuck Gautier and the foregoing Ordinance having been first reduced to writing, was considered and approved section by section and then as a whole and was submitted to the Board of Alderman for passage or rejection on roll call vote being as follows, to-wit:

Alderman Ken Heard	Aye	
Alderman Chuck Gautier	<u>Aye</u>	
Alderman Carole Davis	Aye	
Alderman Larry Roberts	Aye	
Alderman Scott Jones	<u>Aye</u>	
Alderman Linda Trunzler	<u>Aye</u>	
Alderman Gerald Steen	Aye	
Whereupon, the Mayor declared the motion carried and Ordinance adopted.		
The foregoing Ordinance is approved this the 5 th day of March, 2002.		
	CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI	
	By: /s/ Gene F. McGee Gene F. McGee, Mayor of the City of	
	Ridgeland, Mississippi	
ATTEST:		
/s/ David Overby DAVID OVERBY, City Clerk		

units, guest rooms, floor area, or seats. The responsibility for meeting the requirements established by this Ordinance shall be that of whoever establishes the use to which it is appurtenant.

37.02 OFF-STREET PARKING:

- **A.** General Requirements: Off-street parking and loading space shall be provided in accordance with the following regulations:
 - 1. Provision of Parking Space on the Same Lot with all Residential Uses: Off-street parking space for all residential land uses shall be provided on the same parcel of land as the residential use to which the parking space is appurtenant.
 - 2. Non-residential Uses and Off-site Parking: Off-street parking space for all non-residential land uses shall be provided on the same parcel of land as the use to which the parking space is appurtenant; PROVIDED, however, that, following site plan review in accordance with Section 600.11 of this Ordinance, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen may authorize in writing an alternative off-site location to the required parking space for such non-residential land uses if:
 - (a) There are practical difficulties preventing the location of parking space on the same parcel; and/or
 - (b) The public safety or the public convenience or both would be better served by the location of the required space on a parcel of land other than with the use to which it is appurtenant.
 - 3. **Provision of Access and Maneuver Space**: In calculating any required parking area, other than for parking spaces required for single and two-family dwellings, sufficient access and maneuver space shall be provided to permit the parking and removal of any vehicle without moving other vehicles. Furthermore, all parking spaces shall be designed regulated so that no parking or maneuvering incidental to parking shall be on any public street, sidewalk, or alley.
 - 4. Parking Space Near Fire Hydrants: Under no circumstances

shall any parking space be provided within fifteen (15) feet of a fire hydrant.

B. Schedule of Off-Street Parking Requirements: For the purpose of this Ordinance, an "off-street parking space" shall consist of a space sufficient in size to store one full size automobile (minimum of 162 square feet in area) with room for opening doors on both sides. When computing parking space requirements on the basis of the number of persons expected to be on the premises of a particular land use, the maximum number of occupants, practitioners, patrons or employees anticipated to be on the premises at any one time shall be used. When the application of the requirements of this Section would result in a fractional space, any such fraction shall be counted as one space. In the case of mixed, compatible subcategories of land use (e.g., as shopping centers containing a grocery store, a furniture store, a motion picture theater, etc.), the parking space required by the schedule below shall equal the sum of the requirements for each of the various uses (subcategories) computed separately. Off-street space for parking and storage of vehicles shall be provided in accordance with the following schedule:

1.All Residential Uses Other Than Multiple Family Residential: Two spaces per dwelling unit.

- 2. Multiple-Family Residential Uses: 2.0 spaces per dwelling unit.
- 1. General Business, Commercial or Service Establishments
 Catering to the Retail Trade: One parking space for each 200
 square feet of GROSS floor area, except for the following
 prescribed uses:
 - (a) **Hotels and motels** One space for each guest room plus one space for each employee.
 - (b) Restaurants and similar establishments serving food and beverages One space for each 75 square feet of floor area devoted to patron use, plus one space for each employee.
 - (c) Offices of physicians and dentists Four spaces for each professional staff member.
 - (d) Other business and professional offices (other than physicians or dentists) One space for each 300 square feet of gross floor area.
 - (e) **Furniture and appliance stores** One space for each 400 square feet of gross floor area.

- (f) Theaters, auditoriums and other commercial places of assembly One space for every four fixed seats.
- (g) Gasoline service stations One space for each employee and five spaces for each wash rack, lubrication rack, repair bay, or similar facility for servicing and incidental repair of motor vehicles (not including said rack or bay as a space).
- (h) "Drive-in service" establishments, such as drive-in banking, drive-in "windows" for restaurants, dry-cleaning and laundry establishments and similar uses In addition to one parking space for every 200 square feet of gross floor area, each such establishment shall have five standing spaces (i.e., spaces for vehicles waiting in line for service) for each teller window or other facility at which customer service is provided.
- (i) Motor vehicle repair shops, body shops, etc. One space for each regular employee, plus one space for each 300 square feet of floor area used for mechanical or body repair.
- sales establishments Two parking spaces (one customer and one employee) for each 1,000 square feet of area utilized for the display of vehicles, machinery or equipment for sale, whether or not said area is enclosed. (Note: If a motor vehicle sales establishment is combined with a motor vehicle repair shop, body shop or similar use, one space shall be provided for each employee of the establishment, whether mechanic, salesman, or other, plus one space for every 1,000 square feet of sales display area and one space for every 300 square feet of floor area used for repair).
- (a) Grocery stores (excluding convenience type grocery stores) One parking space (for employees and customers) for each 100 square feet of non-storage floor area.
- (a) Convenience-type grocery stores A minimum of four parking spaces for any such use plus one space for each 400 square feet of non-storage area.
- (m) Skating rinks and other commercial places of amusement or assembly without a fixed seating

arrangement - One parking space for each 75 feet of floor area devoted to use by patrons.

- (n) Bowling alley Five spaces for each bowling lane.
- (o)Elementary and junior high schools (or those schools generally educating students through the age of 14) One space for every four students or one space for every four fixed seats (if provided) in any auditorium, gymnasium or other facility for public assembly, whichever is greater, to accommodate parent/visitor parking needs; PLUS one space for each staff member or other employee of the school.
 - (p) High Schools (or those schools generally educating students 15 years of age or older) One space for every three students or one space for every three fixed seats in any auditorium, gymnasium or other facility for public assembly, whichever is greater, to accommodate student and parent/visitor parking needs; PLUS one space for each staff member or other employee of the school.
- 4. Warehouse, Wholesale and Manufacturing Uses NOT Catering to the Retail Trade: One parking space for each 1,000 square feet of gross floor area, or one parking space for each two employees on the largest shift, whichever is greater; plus one space for each vehicle operating from the premises.
- 5. Public/Quasi-Public Facilities and Uses: Off-street parking space requirements for public/quasi-public facilities and uses shall be determined based upon a Site Plan and in accordance with the following schedule of requirements for specific uses:
 - (a) Churches One parking space for every five fixed seats in the principal assembly hall or one parking space for every 90 linear inches of pew space, whichever is applicable.
 - (b) Hospitals One space for each patient bed, plus one space for each employee determined by the number of employees on the largest shift.
 - (c) Rest homes, nursing homes, sanitariums, convalescent homes, and institutions One space for every two patient beds, plus one space for each employee determined by the number of employees on the largest shift.
 - (d) Libraries, art galleries, and museums, both public and

- **private** One space for each 200 square feet of floor area (excluding storage rooms).
- (e) Other public/quasi-public facilities and uses not listed above The off-street parking requirements for public/quasi-public uses not listed above shall be determined on the basis of a Site Plan submitted in accordance with Section 600.11 of this Ordinance.
- C. Design Standards for Off-Street Parking: All off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with the design standards for off-street parking as prescribed in the latest edition of the Traffic Engineering Handbook, published by the Institute of Transportation Engineers (formerly the Institute of Traffic Engineers), Washington, D.C., or in accordance with other design standards adopted by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.
- 37.03 OFF-STREET LOADING SPACE REQUIREMENTS: Adequate off-street space for the loading and unloading of vehicles and for vehicles temporarily stopped ("standing") while waiting to be loaded, unloaded, or serviced, shall be provided and maintained for all commercial and industrial uses and any other use involving the receipt or distribution by vehicles of materials, merchandise or other matter on a regular basis. Said space shall be provided and designated, so as not to be construed as the otherwise generally required parking space on the same premises with the use to which it is appurtenant, unless with a recommendation from the Public Works Director and Building Official, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen authorize in writing an alternative location for such loading or unloading. Unless otherwise specified in this Ordinance, loading, unloading, or standing space shall be provided according to the use as recommended by the Public Works Director and Building Official.
- **ACCESS WAYS:** Developers of public/quasi-public uses, multi-family residential uses, all commercial uses and all industrial uses shall control access along arterial streets upon which the use abuts in accordance with the following regulations:
 - A. Access Barrier: Each lot, with its buildings, other structures and parking and loading areas shall be physically separated from each adjoining street by a curb or other suitable barrier against unchannelled motor vehicle ingress or egress. Except for the accessways permitted below, such barrier shall be continuous for the entire length of any lot line adjoining a street.

- B. Number of Accessways Per Lot: A minimum of one accessway per lot, or one accessway for every 100 feet of street frontage.
- C. Width of Accessways: The width of any accessway shall not be less than twenty (20) feet. The alignment of accessways shall be approved in accordance with Site Plan Review procedures specified under Section 600.12.
- D. Distances between Accessways and Minimum Sethacks from Street Intersections: The spacing of accessways shall conform to the following: (1) at its intersection with the lot line, no part of any accessway shall be nearer than twenty (20) feet to any other accessway on the same lot, nor shall any part of the accessway be nearer than ten (10) feet to any side or rear property line; (2) at intersections with other streets, no part of an accessway shall be permitted within fifty (50) feet of the intersecting streets right-of-way line; and (3) no part of an accessway shall be permitted within a corner radius.
- E. Reduction of Traffic Hazards at Accessways: Accessways shall be constructed so that vehicles will not have to back into the roadway. In addition, the location and number of accessways shall be so arranged that they will reduce the possibility of traffic hazards as much as possible.

SECTION 40 - NONCONFORMITIES

40.01 PURPOSE OF THIS ARTICLE: A nonconformity is any land, lot, building, structure or parts thereof, existing prior to the enactment of this Ordinance, which subsequent to the enactment of this Ordinance or amendment thereto, does not conform with the use regulations and/or dimensional regulations of the district in which it is situated, and/or does not comply with any other requirements herein.

It is the intent of this Ordinance to permit class B nonconformities to continue until they are removed, but not to encourage their survival. It is further the intent of this Ordinance that class B nonconformities shall not be enlarged upon, expanded, or extended, nor be used as grounds for adding other structures or uses prohibited elsewhere in the same district.

To avoid undue hardship, nothing in this Ordinance shall be deemed to require a change of plans, construction, or designated use of any building on which ACTUAL CONSTRUCTION WAS LAWFULLY INITIATED PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF ADOPTION OR AMENDMENT OF THIS ORDINANCE and upon which actual building construction has been carried on diligently. "Actual construction" is hereby defined to include the placing of

construction materials in permanent position and fastened in a permanent manner. Where excavation or demolition or removal of an existing building has been substantially initiated preparatory to rebuilding, such excavation or demolition or removal shall be deemed to be "actual construction", provided that work shall be carried on diligently.

- **40.02 TYPES OF NONCONFORMITIES**: Where the definition of a nonconformity has been given in Section 21 and under Section 40, such nonconformities shall be further defined according to one of the types of nonconformities listed below, or combination thereof, for the purpose of regulation.
 - A. Nonconforming Undeveloped "Lot of Record": This type of nonconformity is an undeveloped "lot of record" (i.e., part of a subdivision, the map of which has been recorded in the office of the Chancery Clerk of Madison County, Mississippi, or a lot described by metes and bounds, the description of which has been recorded in said office) the dimensions of which, subsequent to the passage of this Ordinance, do not meet the area or width requirements, or both, of the district wherein such lot is located.
 - **B.** Nonconforming Structure: This type of nonconformity includes anything lawfully constructed or erected with a fixed location on the ground (or attached to something having a fixed location on the ground) prior to the passage of this Ordinance, but which subsequently does not comply with the bulk, placement and dimensional requirements of the zoning district wherein located.
 - C. Nonconforming Use: This type of nonconformity includes the uses of any land, lot, building, structure, or parts thereof, which lawfully existed prior to the passage of this Ordinance but which subsequently does not comply with all or some part of the use requirements of the zoning district wherein located.
 - D. Classification of Nonconforming Uses and Structures: Nonconforming uses and structures are those that do not conform to a provision or requirement of this Ordinance but were lawfully established prior to the time of its applicability. Class A nonconforming uses or structures are those which have been so designated by the Zoning Board, after application by any interested person or the Zoning Administrator, upon findings that continuance thereof would not be contrary to the public health, safety or welfare, or the spirit of this Ordinance, that the use or structure does not and is not likely to significantly depress the value of nearby properties, that the use or structure was lawful at the time of its inception and that no useful purpose would be served by street application

of the provisions or requirements of this Ordinance with which the use or structure does not conform. All nonconforming uses and structure not designated as Class A are Class nonconforming uses or structures.

40.03 REGULATIONS CONCERNING NONCONFORMING UNDEVELOPED LOTS OF RECORD

A. Erection of Single-Family Dwellings Allowed on Single
Nonconforming Undeveloped (or Vacant) Lots of Record in Separate
Ownerships: In any district in which single-family dwellings are
permitted, a single-family dwelling and customary accessory buildings
may be erected on any SINGLE nonconforming undeveloped (or vacant)
lot of record after the effective date of this Ordinance, notwithstanding
limitations imposed by other provisions of this Ordinance. Such lots must
be in SEPARATE OWNERSHIP and not of continuous frontage with
other lots in the same ownership. This provision shall apply even though
such single lot of record fails to meet the requirements for area or width,
or both, that are generally applicable in the district, PROVIDED THAT:

The required yard dimensions and other requirements (than those applying to lot area or width, or both) of the proposed single-family residential use shall conform to the regulations in the district in which such single non-conforming lot of record is located.

Variance of yard requirements shall be obtained only through action of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen (See Section 600.08 of this Ordinance).

(Note: Subsection 40.03-A provides the explicit guarantee that a single-family dwelling can be erected on any lot of record in a district where single-family dwellings are permitted, provided that yard and other requirements NOT INVOLVING AREA OR WIDTH are met. This complies with the established legal principle that an individual must be allowed to do something with his lot. Furthermore, if such lot is too narrow to build a house and yet provide the side yards specified for a particular district, the correct procedure would be for the individual owning the lot to apply for a building permit to the Zoning Administrator. The Zoning Administrator, however, has no discretion in the matter and must refer the request to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen for a determin-ation as to whether a Variance should be allowed.)

B. Two or More Nonconforming Undeveloped (or Vacant) Lots of Record with Continuous Frontage Changing Ownership After the Effective Date of This Ordinance: If two or more undeveloped (or vacant) lots in single ownership with continuous frontage are "of record" at the time of enactment of this Ordinance, and if, subsequent to the passage of this Ordinance, such lots become non-conformities in the

district where they are located; and if such lots change ownership (except by inheritance or as a gift) after the enactment of this Ordinance, the lands involved shall be considered as UNDIVIDED PARCEL for the purposes of this Ordinance; and no portion of said parcel shall be used in a manner which diminishes compliance with the lot width and/or lot area requirements established by this Ordinance, nor shall any division of any parcel be made which creates a lot width or area (or both) below the requirements stated in this Ordinance.

The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to two or more undeveloped lots of record in single ownership with continuous frontage which remain in the same ownership (or if the lots are conveyed by inheritance or as a gift) following enactment of this Ordinance. Such lots not changing ownership shall continue to be considered divided parcels; and the owner of such lots may erect single-family dwellings on each lot in districts where single-family dwellings are permitted, subject to the regulations imposed by subsection 40.03-A. However, further division of such nonconforming lots of record shall be prohibited.

(NOTE: Subsection 40.03-B is intended to prevent the construction of dwelling units at too high a density by individuals purchasing two or more nonconforming vacant lots in continuous frontage after the effective date of this Ordinance. At the same time, it is intended to avoid undue harshness with regard to persons who owned such lots prior to the effective date of this Ordinance.)

40.04 PROCEDURE FOR OBTAINING CLASS A DESIGNATION.

CONDITIONS: A written application shall be filed with the Zoning Administrator setting forth the name and address of the applicant, giving a legal description of the property to which the application pertains and including such other information as may be necessary to enable the Zoning Board to make a determination of the matter. The Zoning Board may require the furnishing of such additional information as it considers necessary. The notice and hearing procedure before the Zoning Board shall be the same as in the case of an application for a variance. The decision shall be in writing and shall set forth the findings and reasons on which it is based. Conditions shall be attached, including any time limit, where necessary, to assure that the use or structure does not become contrary to the public health, safety or welfare or the spirit and purpose of this Ordinance. No vested interest shall arise out of a Class A designation.

40.05 REVOCATION OF CLASS A DESIGNATION: Any Class A designation shall be revoked, following the same procedure required for designation, upon a finding that as a result of any change of conditions or circumstances the use or structure no longer qualifies for Class A designation.

- 40.06 REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO CLASS A NONCONFORMING USES STRUCTURES AND STRUCTURES: No Class A nonconforming use shall be resumed if it has been discontinued for a continuous period of at least 6 months or if it has been changed to a conforming use for any period. No Class A structure shall be used, altered, or enlarged in a way which increases its nonconformity but any structure or portion thereof may be altered to decrease its nonconformity.
- 40.07 REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO CLASS B NONCONFORMING USES AND STRUCTURES: It is a purpose of this Ordinance to make a transition from Class B nonconforming uses and structures to conforming uses and structures as rapidly and orderly as possible. No Class B nonconforming use shall be resumed if it has been discontinued for a continuous period of at least 6 months or if it has been changed to a conforming use for any period, or if the structure in which such use is conducted is damaged by fire or other casualty to the extent that the cost of reconstruction or repair exceeds 50 % of the reproduction cost of such structure. No Class B nonconforming structure shall be enlarged or structurally altered, nor shall it be repaired or reconstructed if damaged by fire or other casualty to the extent that the cost of reconstruction or repair exceeds 50% of the reproduction cost of such structure. No Class B nonconforming use shall be changed to a substantially different nonconforming use, nor enlarged so as to make use of more land area than used at the time of becoming nonconforming.
- 40.08 REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE OF NONCONFORMING STRUCTURES AND/OR STRUCTURES CONTAINING A NONCONFORMING USE: On any nonconforming structure and/or a structure containing a nonconforming use, work may be done in any period of 12 consecutive months on ordinary repairs, or on wiring, or plumbing, to an extent not exceeding 10 percent of the current replacement cost of the nonconforming structure and/or such structure containing a nonconforming use, provided that the cubic content existing when it became nonconforming shall not be increased.

If a nonconforming structure and/or a structure containing a nonconforming use having a Class B designation becomes physically unsafe or unlawful due to lack of repairs and maintenance, and is declared by any duly authorized official to be unsafe or unlawful by reason of physical condition, it shall not thereafter be restored, repaired, or rebuilt except in conformity with the regulations of the district in which it is located. (Note: This provision is intended to reinforce the Standard Building Code adopted by the City of Ridgeland.)

NOTHING IN THIS ORDINANCE SHALL BE DEEMED TO PREVENT THE STRENGTHENING OR RESTORING TO A SAFE CONDITION OF ANY BUILDING OR PART THEREOF DECLARED TO BE UNSAFE BY ANY

- OFFICIAL CHARGED WITH PROTECTING THE PUBLIC SAFETY, UPON ORDER OF SUCH OFFICIAL.
- 40.09 REGULATIONS CONCERNING SIGNS AS NONCONFORMING
 STRUCTURES AND/OR NONCONFORMING LAND USES: See Sign
 Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland for regulations concerning nonconforming signs.
- 40.10 PERMITTED CONDITIONAL USES CONSTITUTE CONFORMING
 USES: Any land use which is permitted as a conditional use in a particular
 district under the terms of this Ordinance (OTHER THAN APPROVAL BY
 ACTION OF THE MAYOR AND BOARD OF ALDERMEN ALLOWING A
 CHANGE FROM A NONCONFORMING LAND USE TO ANOTHER
 NONCONFORMING USE -- shall not be deemed a nonconforming use in such
 district, but shall without further action be considered a conforming use.

ARTICLE IV

ESTABLISHMENT OF ZONING DISTRICTS: PROVISION FOR OFFICIAL ZONING MAP REGULATIONS FOR ZONING DISTRICTS

SECTION 100 - ZONING DISTRICTS

For the purpose of promoting public health, safety, morals, or general welfare, the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, is hereby divided into the following zoning districts:

- A-1 Agricultural District
- R-E Residential Estate Zoning District
- R-1A Single-Family Residential District
- R-1 Single-Family Residential District
- R-2 Single-Family Residential District
- R-3 Single-Family Residential District
- R-4 Townhouse/Zero Lot Line Residential District
- R-5 Multiple-Family Residential District
- R-5A Multiple-Family Residential District
- R-M Mobile Home Park District
- PUD Planned Unit Development District
- PURD Planned Unit Residential Development District
- OARC Old Agency Road Corridor Preservation District
- S-1 Special Use District
- S-2 Medium Density Special Residential Use District
- C-1 Restricted Commercial District
- C-2 General Commercial District
- C-2A General Commercial District (arterial streets)
- C-3 Convenience Commercial District
- C-4 Highway Commercial District
- C-5 High Intensity Commercial District
- I-1 Limited Industrial District
- I-2 Heavy Industrial District
- TIP Technical Industrial Park District

SECTION 101 - OFFICIAL ZONING MAP

The aforesaid zoning districts are identified and delineated on a map entitled "Official Zoning Map: City of Ridgeland, Mississippi", and said map, together with all explanatory matter thereon, is hereby adopted by reference and declared to be a part of this Ordinance.

101.01 MAP CERTIFIED: The Official Zoning Map shall be identified by the signature of the Mayor, attested by the City Clerk, and shall bear the seal of the City under the following words:

"This is to certify that this is the Official Zoning Map of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, as adopted by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen on (Month, Day), 2000."

- 101.02 LOCATION OF OFFICIAL ZONING MAP: Regardless of the existence of purported copies of the Official Zoning Map which may from time to time be prepared or printed, the Official Zoning Map bearing the certificate specified under Section 101.01 and located in the City Hall of Ridgeland shall be the final authority as to the zoning status of land and water areas, buildings, and other structures in the City of Ridgeland.
- **101.03 PUBLIC INSPECTION OF MAP**: The Official Zoning Map shall be available for public inspection as provided by law during normal business hours of the City Hall of Ridgeland.
- 101.04 MAP AMENDMENT: If, in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance and Statutes of the State of Mississippi, changes are made in the zoning district boundaries or other matters portrayed on the Official Zoning Map, such changes shall be made WITHIN THIRTY (30) DAYS AFTER THE AMENDMENT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE MAYOR AND BOARD OF ALDERMEN.
 - A. Since the Official Zoning Map is part of this Ordinance, any amendments to the Official Zoning Map shall be accomplished in accordance with State Statutes relating to passage of Ordinances. Therefore, before the Official Map may be amended, an "Ordinance of Rezoning" shall be drafted and passed by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen. In accordance with Section 21-13-11, the "Ordinance of Rezoning" "---shall be certified by a municipal clerk, signed by the mayor or a majority of all the members of the governing body, recorded in the Ordinance Book, and published at least one time in some newspaper published in such municipality---." No such "Ordinance of Rezoning" shall be in force until one month after its passage by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, or at passage, if the "Ordinance of Rezoning" meets the emergency criteria set out in Section 21-13-11.
 - **B.** An unauthorized change of whatever kind by any person or persons shall be considered a violation of this Ordinance and punishable as provided under Section 600.

SECTION 102 - REPLACEMENT OF OFFICIAL ZONING MAP

In the event that the Official Zoning Map becomes damaged, destroyed, lost, or difficult to interpret because of the nature or number of changes and additions, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen may, by resolution, adopt a new Official Zoning Map, which shall supersede the prior zoning map. The new Official Zoning Map may correct drafting errors or other omissions on the prior Official Zoning Map, but no such correction shall have the effect of amending the original Official Zoning Map or any subsequent amendment thereof. The new Official Zoning Map shall be identified by the signature of the Mayor, attested by the City Clerk, and shall bear the seal of the City under the following words:

"This is to certify that this Official Zoning Map replaces the Official Zoning Map adopted as part of the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, on ______, 2000."

SECTION 103 - RULES FOR INTERPRETATION OF DISTRICT BOUNDARIES

Where uncertainty exists as to the boundaries of districts as shown on the Official Zoning Map, the following shall apply:

- A. Boundaries indicated as approximately following the center lines of streets, highways, or alleys shall be construed to follow such center lines
- **B.** Boundaries indicated as approximately following platted lot lines shall be construed as following such lot lines.
- C. Boundaries indicated as approximately following City limits shall be construed as following such City limits.
- **D.** Where the boundary of a district follows a railroad right-of-way, such boundary shall be deemed to be located on the right-of-way line to which it is closest.
- E. Boundaries indicated as approximately following the center lines of streams, rivers, canals, lakes or other bodies of water shall be construed to follow such center lines.
- F. Boundaries indicated as parallel to or extensions of features indicated in Section 103, Subsections (a) through (h) above shall be so construed.
- **G.** Where physical or cultural features existing on the ground are at variance with

those shown on the Official Zoning Map, or in other circumstances not covered by Section 103, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen shall interpret the district boundaries.

H. Where a district boundary line divides a lot which was in a single ownership at the time of passage or amendment of this Ordinance, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen may permit, as a special exception, the extension of the use not to exceed fifty (50) feet beyond the district line into the remaining portion of the lot.

SECTION 150 - AGRICULTURAL DISTRICT (A-1)

150.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: The purposes of these districts are to conserve land for agricultural use, to prevent the premature development of land, and to prevent urban and agricultural land use conflicts. It is the intent of this Ordinance that such districts be located primarily in those areas of the City of Ridgeland that are not served by the public sewer system. It is further the intent of this Ordinance to prevent disorderly scattering of residences on small lots and to prevent the establishment of other urban land uses that would require unreasonable expenditures for public improvements and services. The City of Ridgeland shall not be obligated to provide water and sanitary sewer to areas zoned as Agricultural (A-1).

150.02 LAND USES PERMITTED:

- A. Single-family detached dwellings. Only one principal dwelling per lot may be erected in A-1 districts, except where the lot consists of five (5) acres or more, in which case up to three (3) single family detached dwellings may be erected on the same lot.
- **B.** Accessory buildings and structures associated with the use of the land for residential purposes.
- C. Breeding, raising, and feeding of grazing livestock (i.e., horses, cattle, sheep, goats, mules, etc.), provided that each such animal herein defined as "grazing livestock" shall be kept on a tract or lot of one acre of land or greater. Barns, pens, corrals, and other buildings or enclosures for the keeping of grazing livestock are permitted accessory uses, provided that such buildings or enclosures (excluding open pastures) are located no closer than 150 feet from any adjoining property lines or existing/proposed street right-of-way line.
- **D.** Breeding, raising, and feeding of swine, provided that pens for the keeping of swine are located no closer than 150 feet from any adjoining property line or existing/proposed street right-of-way line.
- E. Breeding, raising, and feeding of chickens, ducks, turkeys, geese, or other fowl, provided that if more than two (2) such fowl are kept on any lot, they shall be kept at least 150 feet from any adjoining property line or existing/proposed street right-of- way line.
- **F.** Forestry and horticultural uses. The sale on the premises (i.e., actual transfer from the grower to the purchaser) of vegetables, fruits and other

- plants shall only be allowed if permitted as a special exception (see Section 150.03).
- G. Public or private recreational or open space facilities, excluding country clubs and the like which shall be regulated as public/quasi-public facilities or utilities subject to the provisions of Section 32 of this Ordinance.
- **H.** Home occupations in compliance with Section 35 of this Ordinance.
- I. Public streets and highways.

150.03 CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 600.09

- **A.** Public or quasi-public facilities and utilities in compliance with Section 32 and other regulations of this Ordinance.
- **B.** Child care facilities.
- C. Stables and riding academies, providing that there shall be at least one (1) acre of land for each horse normally kept on the premises. In no case shall a stable or riding academy be located on a lot with an area of less than five (5) acres.
- Plant nurseries and other horticultural uses where vegetables, fruit and other plants are grown on the premises or brought to the premises and maintained there for the purpose of retail sales from said premises. Such other additional products shall be permitted to be sold from the premises as are customarily incidental to the operation of a plant nursery.
- E. Commercial catfish production.
- F. Extraction of minerals, including sand and gravel, provided that when "open-pit" operations are conducted a Reclamation Plan must be approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- **G.** Veterinary hospitals and kennels.
- H. Animal cemeteries (small domestic animals such as cats and dogs).

150.04 <u>DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS</u>

A. Maximum Building Height: There shall be no height limitations for barns and agricultural storage buildings provided they do not contain space

intended for human occupancy. No habitable floor of any other building shall exceed a height of 35 feet above the finished ground elevation measured at the front line of the building.

B. Minimum Lot Area: Three (3) acres.

C. Minimum Lot Width: 150 feet.

D. Minimum Yards:

- 1. **Front yard**: 40 feet from the existing or proposed right-of-way line as shown on the adopted *Ridgeland Thoroughfares Plan* to the building setback line, except where Section 150.02 requires a minimum of 150 feet from any adjoining property line.
- 2. **Side yard**: 10 feet, except where Section 150.02 requires a minimum yard of 150 feet from any adjoining property line.
- 3. **Rear yard**: 25 feet, except where Section 150.02 requires a minimum yard of 150 feet from any adjoining property line.
- E. Maximum Buildable Area: No limitation on buildable area.
- **150.05 OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS**: See Section 37 for off-street parking and loading requirements for residential and other uses allowed in A-1 districts.
- 150.06 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS.

 <u>UNPAYED STREETS AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS</u>: The Traffic Impact, Subdivision and Development Review Ordinances of the City of Ridgeland.

150.07 **SIGNS**: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

ORDINANCE AMENDING SECTIONS 200.03 AND 210.02 OF THE ZONING ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI

WHEREAS, the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, was adopted on February 6, 2001, and became effective on March 22, 2001; and,

WHEREAS, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen set a public hearing to consider an amendment to Sections 200.03 and 210.02 of the Zoning Ordinance for the 20th day of June, 2006 at 6:30 o'clock p.m.; and,

WHEREAS, the City Clerk did cause notice of said hearing to be published in the Madison County Journal, a newspaper published in the City of Ridgeland, Madison County, Mississippi, in the manner and for the time required by law; and,

WHEREAS, at the time, date and place specified in the notice, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, did conduct a full and complete hearing and thereafter, did recommend that the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi be amended as set out hereinafter; and,

WHEREAS, having considered all the facts and discussions made, and after further discussion thereof, Alderman Scott Jones offered the following ordinance and moved that it be adopted, to-wit:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Madison County, Mississippi, as follows, to-wit:

Section 1

That the matters and facts stated in the preamble hereof are found to be true and correct.

Section 2

There is hereby added to the Residential Estates District (R-E) Section of the Zoning Ordinance the following subsection:

200.03 <u>Conditional uses and structures as provided in Section</u> 600.09.

E. Accessory uses and structures may be located within the required minimum front yard. The structures must be of compatible architectural design and of the same materials as the construction of the primary dwelling. If there is a homeowners association or architectural review committee for the subdivision, it must be given notice of the hearing for conditional use before the Zoning Board.

Section 3

There is hereby added to the Single-Family Residential District (R-1A) Section of the Zoning Ordinance, the following subsection:

210.03 Conditional Uses And Structures As Provided Under Section 600.09

C. Accessory uses and structures may be located within the required minimum front yard. The structures must be of compatible architectural design and of the same materials as the construction of the primary dwelling. If there is a homeowners association or architectural review committee for the subdivision, it must be given notice of the hearing for conditional use before the Zoning Board.

Section 4

The City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, Zoning Ordinance shall be, and the same is hereby amended to reflect the foregoing changes in the text of the Zoning Ordinance from and after 30 days from the date of adoption by this Board.

ORDAINED, ADOPTED AND APPROVED by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi at a meeting thereof held on the 20th day of June, 2006.

The motion for adoption was seconded by Alderman Chuck Gautier and the foregoing Ordinance having been first reduced to writing, was considered and approved section by section and then as a whole and was submitted to the Board of Alderman for passage or rejection on roll call vote being as follows, to-wit:

Alderman Ken Heard	Aye
Alderman Chuck Gautier	Aye
Alderman Kevin Holder	Aye
Alderman Larry Roberts	Absent
Alderman Scott Jones	Aye
Alderman Linda Davis	Aye
Alderman Gerald Steen	Aye

Whereupon, the Mayor declared the motion carried and Ordinance adopted.

The foregoing Ordinance is approved this the 20th day of June, 2006.

CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI

Gene F. McGee, Mayor of the City of

Ridgeland, Mississippi

DAVID OVERBY, City Clerk

ATTE

SECTION 200 - RESIDENTIAL ESTATE DISTRICT (R-E)

200.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: The purpose of this district is to provide for large lot, low-density residential development in areas with a rural character.

200.02 LAND USES PERMITTED:

- A. Single- family detached dwellings with only one principal dwelling per lot.
- **B.** Accessory uses and structures associated with the use of the land for residential purposes.
- **C.** Horticultural uses not involving the sale of produce on the premises.
- **D.** Home occupations in compliance with Section 35 of this Ordinance.
- **E.** Public streets and highways.

200.03 CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 600.09:

- A. Public or private recreational or open space facilities, excluding country clubs and the like, which shall be regulated as public/quasi-public facilities and utilities subject to the provisions of Section 32 and 33 of this Ordinance. All lakes associated with this or any other usage shall comply with Ridgelands's Subdivision Regulations.
- **B.** Child care facilities.
- C. Inns or "bed and breakfast inns."
- D. Breeding, raising, and feeding of grazing livestock (i.e., horses, cattle, sheep, goats, mules, etc.), provided that each such animal herein defined as "grazing livestock" shall be kept on a tract or lot of three (3) acres of land or greater. Barns, pens, corrals, and other buildings or enclosures for the keeping of grazing livestock are permitted enclosures (excluding open pastures) are located no closer than 200 feet from any adjoining property lines or street right-of-way line. Barns shall not be used for business offices or for other commercial purposes, retail or non-retail. Drainage from barns, pens, corrals, and other buildings or enclosures shall be contained on-site and shall be prevented from flowing onto downhill properties unless an NPDES permit is issued by the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality.

200.04 <u>DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS</u>:

- A. Maximum Building Height: See Table 500 of the Standard Building Code.
- B. Minimum Lot Area: One acre.
- C. Minimum Lot Width: 150 feet.
- D. Minimum Yards:
 - 1. **Front yard**: 35 feet from the existing or proposed street right-of-way line as shown on the adopted Ridgeland Thoroughfares Plan to the building setback line.
 - 2. **Side yards**: 10 feet, except where Section 200.03-D requires a greater setback.
 - 1. **Rear yard**: 25, except where Section 200.03-D requires a greater setback.
- 200.05 **SWIMMING POOLS:** Swimming pools, if constructed, shall be located behind the front line of the house, and there shall be a minimum of ten feet between all property lines or recorded easements and the rim of the swimming pool.
- **200.06 OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS:** See Section 37 for off-street parking and loading requirements for residential and other uses allowed in residential districts.
- 200.07 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS: See Traffic Impact, Subdivision and Development Review Ordinances of the City of Ridgeland.

200.08 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

SECTION 210 - SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (R-1A)

210.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: The purpose of these districts is to promote the preservation and establishment of areas of low density residential development with a minimum lot size of 14,000 square feet. No R-1A districts shall be located in areas that do not have public sewerage.

210.02 LAND USES PERMITTED:

- A. Single-family detached dwellings with only one principal dwelling per lot.
- **B.** Accessory uses and structures associated with the use of the land for residential purposes.
- **C.** Horticultural uses not involving the sale of produce on the premises.
- **D.** Home occupations in compliance with Section 35 of this Ordinance.
- E. Private recreational or open space facilities, excluding country clubs and the like, which shall be regulated as public/quasi-public facilities and utilities subject to the provisions of Section 32 and 33 of this Ordinance. Lakes deeded to a home-owners' association or dedicated (public) to the City of Ridgeland shall comply with the Ridgeland Subdivision Regulations.
- **F.** Public streets and highways.

210.03 CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 600.09:

- A. Public or quasi-public facilities and utilities in conformance with Sections 32 and 33 and other regulations of this Ordinance.
- **B.** Child care facilities.

210.04 <u>DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS</u>:

- A. Maximum Building Height: 50 feet or 2 ½ stories.
- B. Minimum Lot Area: 14,000 square feet.
- A. Minimum Lot Width: 90 feet.

B. Minimum Yards:

- 1. **Front yard:** 35 feet from the existing or proposed right-of-way line as shown on the adopted Ridgeland *Thoroughfares Plan* to the building setback line.
- 2. Side yard: 10 feet.
- C. Rear yard: 25 feet.
- **210.05 SWIMMING POOLS:** Swimming pools shall be located behind the front line of the house, and there shall be a minimum of ten feet between all property lines or recorded easements and the rim of the swimming pools shall be enclosed by a structure or fencing a minimum of six feet in height.
- **210.06 OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS:** See Section 37 for off-street parking and loading requirements for residential and other uses allowed in R-1 districts.
- 210.07 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS: See Traffic Impact, Subdivision and Development Review Ordinances of the City of Ridge-land.

210.08 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

SECTION 220 - SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (R-1)

220.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: The purpose of these districts is to promote the preservation and establishment of areas of low density residential development with a minimum lot size of 12,000 square feet. No R-1 districts shall be located in areas that do not have public sewerage.

220.02 LAND USES PERMITTED:

- A. Single-family detached dwellings with only one principal dwelling per lot.
- **B.** Accessory uses and structures associated with the use of the land for residential purposes.
- C. Horticultural uses not involving the sale of produce on the premises.
- **D.** Home occupations in compliance with Section 35 of this Ordinance.
- E. Public or private recreational or open space facilities, excluding country clubs, and the like which shall be regulated as public/quasi-public facilities and utilities subject to the provisions of Section 32 and 33 of this Ordinance. Lakes deeded to a homeowner's association or dedicated (public) to the City of Ridgeland shall comply with the *Ridgeland Subdivision Regulations*.
- **F.** Public Streets and highways.

. 220.03CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 600.09

A. Public or quasi-public facilities and utilities in conformance with Section

32 and 33 other regulations of this Ordinance.

A. Child care facilities.

220.04 DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS:

- A. Maximum Building Height: 50 feet.
- **B.** Minimum Lot Area: 12,000 square feet.
- C. Minimum Lot Width: 90 feet.
- D. Minimum Yards:

- 1. **Front yard**: 35 feet from the existing or proposed right-of-way line as shown on the adopted Ridgeland *Thoroughfares Plan* to the building setback line.
- 2. Side yards: 10 feet.
- 3. Rear yard: 25 feet.
- **220.05 SWIMMING POOLS**: Swimming pools shall be located behind the front line of the house, and there shall be a minimum of 10 feet between all property lines or recorded easements and the rim of the swimming pool. All swimming pools shall be enclosed by a structure or fencing a minimum of six (6) feet in height.
- **220.06 OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS**: See Section 37 for off-street parking and loading requirements for residential and other uses allowed in R-1 districts.
- 220.07 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS.

 UNPAVED STREETS AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS: See Traffic
 Impact, Subdivision and Development Review Ordinances of the City of
 Ridgeland.

220.08 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

SECTION 230 - SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (R-2)

230.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: The purpose of these districts is to provide areas for the development of low density, single-family detached dwellings and related compatible uses in relatively spacious surroundings which provide ample, usable open space for leisure time activities. No R-2 residential districts shall be located in areas that do not have public sewerage.

230.02 LAND USES PERMITTED:

- A. Single-family detached dwellings with only one principal dwelling per lot.
- **B.** Accessory uses and structures associated with the use of the land for residential purposes.
- **C.** Horticultural uses not involving the sale of produce on the premises.
- (a) Private recreational or open space facilities, excluding country clubs and the like which shall be regulated as public/quasi-public facilities and utilities subject to the provisions of Section 32 and 33 of this Ordinance. Lakes deeded to a homeowner's association or dedicated (public) to the City of Ridgeland shall comply with the *Ridgeland Subdivision Regulations*.
 - **B.** Public streets and highways.

230.03 CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 600.09:

- A. Public or quasi-public facilities and utilities in compliance with Sections 32 and 33 and other regulations of this Ordinance.
- **B.** Child care facilities.

230.04 DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS:

- A. Maximum Building Height: 50 feet or 2-1/2 stories.
- B. Minimum Lot Area: 10,500 square feet.
- C. Minimum Lot Width: 80 feet.
- D. Minimum Yards:
 - 1. Front yard: 25 feet from the existing or proposed right-of-way

line as shown on the adopted Ridgeland *Thoroughfares Plan* to the building setback line.

- 2. Side yards: 7-1/2 feet.
- 3. Rear yard: 25 feet.
- 230.05 **SWIMMING POOLS**: Swimming pools shall be located behind the front line of the house, and there shall be a minimum of 10 feet between all property lines or recorded easements and the rim of the swimming pool. All swimming pools shall be enclosed by a structure or fencing a minimum of six (6) feet in height.
- **230.06 OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS**: See Section 37 for off-street parking and loading requirements for residential and other uses allowed in R-2 districts.
- 230.07 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS. AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS: See Traffic Impact, Subdivision and Development Review Ordinances of the City of Ridgeland.

230.08 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

SECTION 240 - SINGLE-FAMILY DISTRICT (R-3)

240.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: The purpose of this district is to provide areas for the development of single-family detached houses on small lots in which site use efficiency is achieved by relaxing one side yard requirement. Through design and planning controls, higher densities can be accommodated without sacrificing usable open space, privacy or environmental quality.

240.02 LAND USES PERMITTED: The following uses are permitted in R-4 districts:

- A. Single-family detached dwellings with only one principal dwelling per lot.
- **B.** Accessory uses and structures associated with the use of the land for residential purposes.
- **C.** Horticultural uses not involving the sale of produce on the premises.
- **D.** Home occupations in compliance with Section 35 of this Ordinance.
- E. Private recreational or open space facilities, excluding country clubs and the like which shall be regulated as public/quasi-public facilities and utilities subject to the provisions of Section 32 of this Ordinance. Lakes deeded to a homeowner's association or dedicated (public) to the City of Ridgeland shall comply with the Ridgeland Subdivision Regulations.
- **F.** Public Streets and highways.

240.03CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 600.09:

- A. Public or quasi-public facilities and utilities in conformance with Sections 32 and 33 and other regulations of this Ordinance.
- **B.** Child care facilities.
- **C.** Zero lot line/patio homes.

240.04 DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS:

- A. Maximum Building Height: 35 feet.
- **B.** Minimum Size of Tract to be Subdivided for Patio Homes: Five (5) acres, unless otherwise approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- A. Minimum Lot Area: 6,000 square feet.

- **B.** Maximum Density: Six (6) patio homes per acre.
- C. Minimum Lot Width: 60 feet.

D. Minimum Yards:

- 1. **Front yard**: 25 feet from the existing or proposed right-of-way line as shown on the adopted Ridgeland *Thoroughfares Plan* to the building setback line.
- 2. **Side yards**: May have one side yard of 7.5 feet and a second side yard of 7.5 feet or greater. At a minimum there shall be 15 feet between contiguous housing units. Where an R-4 district abuts an existing single-family detached residence or an R-1 or R-2 district, the minimum side yard shall be 30 feet. This side yard shall be landscaped open land with no encroachments permitted.
- 3. **Rear yard**: 20 feet from the rear lot line to any building except where the rear lot line abuts an existing single-family detached residence or an R-1 or R-2 district in which case the rear yard shall be 40 feet.
- 240.05 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS: See Traffic Impact, Subdivision and Development Review Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland.
- **240.06 REQUIRED OFF-STREET PARKING IN R-3 DISTRICTS:** See Section 37 for off-street parking and loading requirements for R-3 districts.

240.07 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

SECTION 250 - TOWNHOUSE AND ZERO LOT LINE RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (R-4)

250.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: The purpose of this district is to provide areas for the development of two-to-eight family townhouses subdivisions within moderately spacious surroundings. The use of this district is appropriate as a transition zone between low density residential districts (R-1 and R-2) and higher density residential districts (R-5), commercial uses or arterial streets (as reflected in the adopted **Thoroughfares Plan**) that are not compatible with a low density residential environment.

250.02 LAND USES PERMITTED:

- **A.** Townhouse dwellings.
- **B.** Zero lot line dwellings.
- C. Single-family detached dwellings subject to the regulations of R-2 districts as specified under Section 230 of this Ordinance.
- **D.** Accessory uses and structures associated with the use of the land for residential purposes.
- **E.** Home occupations in compliance with Section 35 of this Ordinance.
- **F.** Horticultural uses not involving the sale of produce on the premises.
- G. Private recreational or open space facilities, excluding country clubs and the like, which shall be regulated as public/quasi-public facilities and utilities subject to the provisions of Sections 32 and 33 of this Ordinance. Lakes deeded to a homeowners association or dedicated (public) to the City of Ridgeland shall comply with the Ridgeland Subdivision Regulations.
- **H.** Public streets and highways.

250.03 CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 600.09:

- A. Public or quasi-public facilities and utilities in compliance with Sections 32 and 33 and other regulations of this Ordinance.
- **B.** Child care facilities.

C. Zero lot line patio homes.

250.04 <u>DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR TOWNHOUSE/ZERO LOT</u> <u>LINE DWELLINGS THAT ARE PART OF A SUBDIVISION (TRACT)</u> ENCOMPASSING LESS THAN FIVE ACRES

A. Maximum Building Height: 35 feet or 2 ½ stories.

B. Minimum Lot Area:

1. End townhouses: 6,000 square feet.

2. Interior townhouses: 3,500 square feet.

1. Zero lot line dwellings: 5,000 square feet.

C. Minimum Lot Width:

1. End townhouses: 45 feet.

2. Interior townhouses: 30 feet.

1. Zero lot line dwellings: 50 feet.

D. <u>Maximum Density</u>: Either six zero lot line homes per acre or eight townhouses per acre.

E. Minimum Yards:

- 1. **Front yard:** 25 feet from the existing or proposed right-of-way line as shown on the adopted Ridgeland *Thoroughfares Plan* or the approved subdivision plat to the building setback line.
- 2. **Side yards for townhouses:** None, except for corner lots the minimum side yard on the corner side shall be 20 feet. When an end unit in a row of townhouses immediately adjoins another row of townhouses, each end unit shall be at least 20 feet from the lot line of the adjoining end unit. However, in no case shall a townhouse be built closer than 10 feet to the lot line of a lot that is zoned R-1 or R-2 Residential.
- 3. **Zero lot line dwellings:** No minimum on one side and 10 feet on the opposite side. However, in no case shall a zero lot line dwelling be built closer than 10 feet to the lot line of a lot that is

zoned R-1 or R-2 Residential.

4. Rear yards for townhouses and zero lot line dwellings: 20 feet from the rear lot line to any building, except where the rear lot line abuts an existing single-family detached residence or an R-1 or R-2 district in which case the rear yard shall be 30 feet from any building to the lot line abutting the single-family detached residence or R-1 or R-2 district.

250.05 <u>DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR TOWNHOUSES/ZERO LOT LINE DWELLINGS THAT ARE PART OF A SUBDIVISION (TRACT) ENCOMPASSING FIVE ACRES OR MORE</u>

- A. Maximum Building Height: 35 feet or 2 ½ stories.
- B. Maximum Density for Townhouses and Zero Lot Line Dwellings in Subdivisions Encompassing Five Acres or More: Ten (10) units per acre.

C. Minimum Lot Area:

- 1. **All other townhouses:** 1,600 square feet.
- 2. **Zero lot line dwellings:** 3,000 square feet.

D. Minimum Lot Width:

- 1. Townhouses: 25 feet.
- 1. **Zero lot line houses:** 35 feet.

E. Minimum Yards:

- 1. Front yards for townhouses and zero lot line dwellings: 10 feet from any dedicated street right-of-way line or from any common courtyard.
- 2. Side yards for townhouses: None, except for corner lots the minimum side yard on the corner side shall be 10 feet. When an end unit in a row of townhouses of eight adjoining units immediately abuts another row of eight adjoining townhouses, each end unit shall be at least 20 feet from the lot line of the adjoining end unit. However, when an end unit in a row of townhouses of less than eight adjoining units immediately abuts another row of

less than eight adjoining townhouses, each end unit shall be at least 15 feet from the lot line of the adjoining end unit.

- 1. **Zero lot line dwellings:** No minimum on one side and 10 feet on the opposite side.
- 2. Rear yards for townhouses and zero lot line dwellings: None, except that there shall be at least 20 feet between buildings.

250.06 MAXIMUM LOT COVERAGE FOR TOWNHOUSES AND ZERO LOT LINE DWELLINGS

Seventy-five percent of the lot area.

250.07 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TOWNHOUSES IN A ROW

Eight (8).

250.08 MINIMUM COURTYARD WIDTH FOR TOWNHOUSES FACING A

COURTYARD: Where townhouse units are designed to face upon a common open courtyard rather than upon a dedicated street, this open courtyard shall be a minimum of 40 feet in width and said courtyard shall not include vehicular drives or parking areas. If a proposed townhouses subdivision is to contain such a common access courtyard, the developer of the subdivision plat approval a legal instrument or instruments that state that the responsibility of liability insurance, taxes, and maintenance of such courtyards shall rest with the owners of the several lots or parcels of land located in the subdivision and not the City of Ridgeland.

Approval of a final subdivision plat and issuance of a building permit for construction of townhouses that will face a common courtyard shall not be construed as nor constitute an obligation of the part of the City of Ridgeland to maintain such courtyards or to be liable with regard to the use of such courtyards.

250.09 OPENINGS PROHIBITED FOR ZERO LOT LINE DWELLINGS ON ZERO LOT LINE SIDE: Where a zero lot line dwelling is constructed directly on one side lot line or less than ten feet from one side lot line, no windows, doors, or other openings shall be permitted in that side of such zero lot line dwelling.

250.10 WALL MAINTENANCE EASEMENT REQUIRED FOR ADJACENT
LOTS ABUTTING ZERO LOT LINE DWELLINGS: Where any zero lot
line dwelling is constructed directly on one side lot line, a perpetual wall
maintenance easement of at least five (5) feet in width along the adjacent lot and
parallel with such wall resting directly on the lot line shall be provided. This wall

maintenance easement shall be reflected on the final plat for townhouse subdivisions.

- 250.11 MAXIMUM LOT COVERAGE FOR TOWNHOUSES AND ZERO LOT LINE DWELLINGS: Seventy-five percent (75 %) of the lot area.
- 250.12 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TOWNHOUSES IN A ROW: Eight (8).

250.13 MINIMUM COURTYARD WIDTH FOR TOWNHOUSES FACING A

COURTYARD: Where townhouses units are designed to face upon a common open courtyard rather than upon a dedicated street, this open courtyard shall be a minimum of 40 feet in width and said courtyard shall not include vehicular drives or parking areas. If a proposed townhouse subdivision is to contain such a common access courtyard, the developer of the subdivision (i.e., not the individual townhouse builders) shall submit with his application for final subdivision plat approval a legal instrument or instruments that state that the responsibility of liability insurance, taxes, and maintenance of such courtyards shall rest with the owners of the several lots or parcels of land located in the subdivision and not the City of Ridgeland.

Approval of a final subdivision plat and issuance of a building permit for construction of townhouses that will face a common courtyard shall not be construed as nor constitute an obligation of the part of the City of Ridgeland to maintain such courtyards or to be liable with regard to the use of such courtyards.

- **250.14 OPENINGS PROHIBITED FOR ZERO LOT LINE DWELLINGS ON ZERO LOT LINE SIDE:** Where a zero lot line dwelling is constructed directly on one side lot line or less than ten feet from one side lot line, no windows, doors or other openings shall be permitted in that side of such zero lot line dwelling.
- 250.15 WALL MAINTENANCE EASEMENT REQUIRED FOR ADJACENT LOTS ABUTTING ZERO LOT LINE DWELLINGS: Where any zero lot line dwelling is constructed directly on one side lot line, a perpetual wall maintenance easement of at least five feet in width along the adjacent lot and parallel with such wall resting directly on the lot line shall be provided. This wall maintenance easement shall be reflected on final plat for townhouse subdivisions.
- 250.16 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS: See Traffic Impact, Subdivision and Development Review Ordinances of the City of Ridgeland.
- 250.17 MAINTENANCE AND LIABILITY WITH REGARD TO PRIVATE
 DRIVEWAYS IN TOWNHOUSE SUBDIVISIONS: If a proposed townhouse

subdivision is to contain two-to-four townhouses that will be served by a common private driveways, the developer of the subdivision (i.e., not the individual townhouse builders) shall submit with his application for final subdivision plat approval a legal instrument or instruments which state that the responsibility of liability insurance, taxes, and maintenance of all private driveways shall rest with the owners of the several lots or parcels of land located in the subdivision and not the City of Ridgeland.

Approval of a final subdivision plat and issuance of a building permit for construction of townhouses that will be served by common private driveways shall not be construed as nor constitute an obligation of the part of the City of Ridgeland to maintain such private driveways or to be liable with regard to the use of such driveways.

- 250.18 PROPERTY LINES BETWEEN ADJOINING TOWNHOUSES: Any person desiring to construct townhouses shall prepare a preliminary and final plat indicating the location of property lines between dwelling units. Following approval of the final plat, the builder who proposes such townhouses shall submit a plot diagram in accordance with the Standard Building Code to the Building Inspector prior to the issuance of a building permit; said plot diagram shall indicate as nearly as possible the exact location of the property lines between the townhouses.
- underground utilities (including water, sanitary sewer, electrical, natural gas, telephone, and cable television) shall be installed in such a manner that the utility lines do not cross the lots of adjoining townhouses, except where the utility line is placed in a utility easement required by the Ridgeland *Subdivision Regulations*. This provision is intended to prevent the need for excavation of the yards of adjoining townhouses for utility repairs. The construction drawings submitted by the developers of townhouses to the Building Inspector shall indicate the proposed location of all utility lines, and these locations shall comply with this Section prior to the issuance of a building permit.
- 250.20 REQUIRED OFF-STREET PARKING FOR TOWNHOUSES: Each townhouse shall have a fully-enclosed garage of adequate size to house at least two full-size automobiles; or each townhouse shall have a carport in the rear of the townhouse of adequate size for at least two full-size automobiles.
- 250.21 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

SECTION 260 - MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (R-5)

260.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: The purpose of this district is to provide areas for the development of higher density multiple family (i.e., three or more) residential uses with adequate, usable open space to prevent overcrowding. It is the intent of this Ordinance that these districts be carefully located only in areas where the infrastructure of the City (i.e., the street/highway system and water and sewer systems) is adequate to serve such higher density housing. The use of this district is appropriate as a transition between low density (R-1 or R-2) or moderate density (R-3) residential districts and higher intensity uses, such as commercial uses or limited industrial (I-1) uses, that are not compatible with lower density residential environment. Multi-family Residential districts (R-5) shall only be located adjacent to streets/highways that are classified as Principal Arterials on the adopted Ridgeland *Thoroughfares Plan*.

All multi-family residential uses shall be properly landscaped and screened from other uses and access/egress to apartment or condominium complexes shall be provided in accordance with Section 37 of this Ordinance.

- **260.02 LAND USES PERMITTED**: The following uses are permitted outright in R-5 districts subject to the regulations prescribed herein.
 - **A.** Multi-family dwellings including apartments and condominiums as defined in Article II.
 - **B.** Two-family dwellings.
 - C. Rooming houses, tourist homes, bed and breakfast homes, and group dwellings.
 - D. Accessory uses or structures in multiple family residential complexes, including laundromats, vending machine centers, recreational buildings, swimming pools, tennis courts, and similar uses and structures incidental to multi-family buildings. Such uses and structures shall be reserved exclusively for use by residents and guests of residents of the multi-family complex.
 - **E.** Home occupations in compliance with Section 35 of this Ordinance.

260.03 CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED SECTION 600.09:

- **A.** Public or quasi-public facilities and utilities in compliance with Section 32 and other regulations of this Ordinance.
- **B.** Child care facilities.
- C. Single-family detached dwellings subject to the regulations of the R-2 Single-family Residential District.
- **D.** Zero lot line or patio homes.

260.04 DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL MULTI-FAMILY USES:

- A. Maximum Height: 35 feet or 2-1/2 stories unless greater height is specifically approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen at the time the site plan is approved.
- **B.** Minimum Lot Area: Five (5) acres.
- C. Maximum Density: 10 units per acre.

D. Minimum Yards:

- 1. Front yard: 35 feet from the existing or proposed right-of-way line as shown on the adopted Ridgeland *Thoroughfares Plan*. Parking shall not be permitted in the first 10 feet adjacent to the existing or proposed street right-of-way. This 10 foot area shall remain open except for entrance/exit driveways; no parking shall be permitted in such driveways. Front yard areas not penetrated by driveways or used for parking in accordance with the above requirements shall be landscaped with grass, trees, shrubs, and pedestrian walks in accordance with standards adopted by the City of Ridgeland.
- 2. **Side and rear yards**: 20 feet from each side lot line or rear lot line to any building. Parking shall not be permitted in the first five (5) feet adjacent to side and rear property lines. This five-foot wide strip shall be a landscaped open area with no encroachments permitted including driveways, parking lots, patios or swimming pools, or other paved areas. Where a side or rear lot line abuts an existing single-family detached residence or an R-1 or R-2 district, the side yard shall be 50 feet from any building to the lot line abutting the single-family detached residence or R-1 or R-2 district. This entire 50-foot area shall remain open with no encroachments permitted including driveways, parking lots, patios or swimming pools, or other paved areas.

- E. <u>Minimum Space between Buildings</u>: No principal building or accessory building shall be constructed nearer than twenty (20) feet to any other principal building or accessory building.
- F. Open Space: A minimum of 30 percent of the gross site area to be developed for a condominium or apartment complex shall be devoted to open space. In calculating this open space requirement, the front, side and rear yards may be included. Parking lots and driveways, however, may not be included in calculating this required open space.
- **260.05 SITE PLAN REQUIRED**: The developer of any apartment or condominium complex shall submit a site plan in accordance with Section 600.11 of this Ordinance.

260.06 REQUIRED PLANTING SCREEN OR SECURITY FENCE FOR MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL USES ABUTTING EXISTING SINGLE-FAMILY DETACHED RESIDENCES, OTHER INCOMPATIBLE USES OR R-1 OR R-2 ZONES: Wherever a proposed multi-family residential use will abut an existing single family detached residence, any other incompatible use, or a R-1 or R-2 district, the developer of the apartment or condominium complex shall install a planting screen or a security fence having a height of at least eight (8) feet along the side and/or rear property lines of the proposed multi-family use. The location and type of planting screen or security fence to be installed shall be noted on the site plan. Fence or screen shall be determined by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen. Maintenance of this required planting screen or security fence shall be the responsibility of the property owner, and failure to maintain same in a satisfactory manner shall constitute a violation of this Ordinance and be subject to the penalties prescribed herein. See City of Ridgeland Landscape Ordinance.

260.07 REQUIRED LANDSCAPING FOR AREAS NOT USED FOR BUILDINGS OR OTHER STRUCTURES, PARKING, REQUIRED YARDS OR

DRIVEWAYS: Developers of any use permitted outright or as a special exception in R-5 districts shall provide landscaping for all portions of a lot not used for buildings or other structures, parking, required yards or driveways. The location and type of landscaping to be installed shall be noted on the site plan. Maintenance of this required landscaping shall be the responsibility of the property owner, and failure to maintain the landscaping in a satisfactory manner shall constitute a violation of this Ordinance and be subject to the penalties prescribed herein. See *City of Ridgeland Landscape Ordinance*.

260.08 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS: See Traffic Impact, Subdivision and

Development Review Ordinances of the City of Ridgeland.

260.09 REQUIREMENTS FOR OFF-STREET PARKING, LOADING AND

ACCESS CONTROL: For reasons of fire safety all proposed apartment or condominium complexes shall provide at least two separate points of ingress/ egress to/from the complex. Spacing requirements for these access points are provided under Section 37. Developers of any proposed apartment or condominium complex or permitted special exception shall comply with parking and loading requirements included under Section 37.

260.10 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

SECTION 265 - MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (R-5A)

- 265.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: This district was retained from the 1984 Zoning Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland to permit those property owners whose property was zoned "R-3" Multi-Family Residential under that ordinance to utilize their property for the same land uses and with the same dimensional regulations as specified under that 1984 ordinance. That property is zoned "R-5A" on the new Official Zoning Map.
- **265.02 LAND USES PERMITTED**: The following uses are permitted outright in R-5A districts subject to the regulations prescribed herein.
 - **A.** Two-family and multi-family dwellings.
 - **B.** Rooming houses, tourist homes, and group dwellings.

265.03 CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED SECTION 600.09:

- **A.** Single-family detached dwellings subject to the regulations of the R-2 Single-family Residential District.
- **B.** All other uses or structures permitted outright in R-2 districts, subject to the regulations of R-2 districts.
- **C.** Zero lot line or patio homes.

265.04 DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL MULTI-FAMILY USES:

- A. <u>Maximum Height</u>: 35 feet or 2-1/2 stories unless greater height is specifically approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen at the time the site plan is approved.
- B. <u>Minimum Lot Area</u>: None Specified.
- C. <u>Maximum Density</u>: 10 units per acre.
- D. Minimum Yards:
 - 1. Front yard: 35 feet

- 2. Side and rear yards: 20 feet
- E. <u>Minimum Space between Buildings</u>: See Standard Building Code of the City of Ridgeland
- **265.05 SITE PLAN REQUIRED**: The developer of any apartment or condominium complex shall submit a site plan in accordance with Section 600.11 of this Ordinance.
- 265.06 REQUIRED PLANTING SCREEN OR SECURITY FENCE FOR MULTIFAMILY RESIDENTIAL USES ABUTTING EXISTING
 SINGLE-FAMILY DETACHED RESIDENCES. OTHER
 INCOMPATIBLE USES OR R-1 OR R-2 ZONES: Wherever a proposed
 multi-family residential use will abut an existing single family detached residence,
 any other incompatible use, or a R-1 or R-2 district, the developer of the
 apartment or condominium complex shall install a planting screen or a security
 fence having a height of at least six (6) feet along the side and/or rear property
 lines of the proposed multi- family use. The location and type of planting screen
 or security fence to be installed shall be noted on the site plan. Fence or screen
 shall be determined by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen. Maintenance of this
 required planting screen or security fence shall be the responsibility of the
 property owner, and failure to maintain same in a satisfactory manner shall
 constitute a violation of this Ordinance and be subject to the penalties prescribed
 herein. See City of Ridgeland Landscape Ordinance.

265.07 REQUIREMENTS FOR OFF-STREET PARKING, LOADING AND ACCESS CONTROL: For reasons of fire safety all proposed apartment or condominium complexes shall provide at least two separate points of ingress/egress to/from the complex. Spacing requirements for these access points are provided under Section 37. Developers of any proposed apartment or condominium complex or permitted special exception shall comply with parking and loading requirements included under Section 37.

265.08 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

SECTION 270 - MOBILE HOME PARK RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (R-M)

270.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: The purpose of this district is to provide for properly planned Mobile Home Parks in which spaces are offered on a rental or lease basis only for owner-occupied mobile homes, or in which the space and mobile home combination are both offered to the public on a rental or lease basis only. It is the intent of this Ordinance that these districts may be located only in such areas as to not adversely affect the established residential subdivisions and residential densities in the city. Such location, however, shall have necessary public services, a healthful living environment and normal amenities associated with residential zones of the city.

270.02 LAND USES PERMITTED

- A. Single-family mobile homes, either owner occupied or on a rental or lease basis.
- **B.** Manufactured homes.
- C. Modular homes.
- **D.** Private lakes, swimming pools, open space, and other private recreational facilities intended only for the use of the residents of the mobile home park.
- E. Laundromat, vending machine center, and related auxiliary uses incidental to the primary mobile home uses, provided that such structures for auxiliary uses do not constitute over 10 percent of the total site area of the mobile home park, and further provided that they be exclusively for the use of the residents of the mobile home park.
- **F.** Accessory uses and structures as defined under Article II of this Ordinance.
- A. Private streets (circulation drives) in compliance with Section 270.10 of this Ordinance.

270.03 CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED IN SECTION

600.09: The only conditional uses or structures which may be considered in R-M districts are public or quasi-public facilities and utilities in compliance with Section 32 and other regulations of this Ordinance.

An example of a quasi-public building in an R-M district might involve a mobile

home park owner who wishes to allow a civic club to use a building on the same property with the mobile home park for meetings, etc.

270.04 SITE PLAN REVIEW: No building permit to construct a new mobile home park or to expand (by the addition of one or more spaces) an existing mobile home park shall be issued until the applicant for the building permit has complied with the provisions of Section 600.11 relative to Site Plan Review. All new mobile home parks established after the effective date of this Ordinance shall comply with all of the provisions herein. With regard to mobile home parks established prior to the effective date of this Ordinance, which are expanded (by the addition of one or more spaces) after the effective date hereof, the expanded portions of such parks shall comply with all applicable provisions of this Ordinance.

270.05 <u>DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS</u>:

- A. Minimum Size of Park: 10 acres.
- **B.** Maximum Density: The maximum density shall not exceed six mobile homes per gross acre.
- C. Maximum Building Height within Mobile Home Parks: 20 feet.
- D. Minimum Set-Backs for Park Perimeter: All mobile homes shall be located at least 50 feet from any property line or any existing or proposed right-of-way line of a public street or road. This park perimeter set-back shall be a landscaped open area with no encroachments permitted, including parking lots, patios, or swimming pools, or other paved areas except for entrance/exit driveways (front yard only).
- E. Park Minimum Mobile Home Space (Lot) Area Within the Park: 5,000 square feet.
- F. Minimum Space (Lot) Width Within the Park: 50 feet measured at the front set-back line.
- G. Required Set-Backs for Individual Mobile Home Spaces (Lots) Within the Park:
 - A. Front yard: There shall be a minimum distance of 20 feet between an individual mobile home and the adjoining pavement of a park street, or common parking area or other common areas.
 - B. Side yards: There shall be a minimum distance of 10 feet between

- all mobile homes and the side yard lines of each mobile home space (lot). On corner lots there shall be a minimum side yard of 20 feet on the corner side.
- C. Rear yards: There shall be a minimum distance of 10 feet between all mobile homes and the rear yard lines of mobile home space (lot).
- H. Accessory Buildings or Uses: Accessory buildings or uses shall comply with the same height and yard requirements as mobile homes. Accessory buildings or uses shall be located a minimum distance of 10 feet away from all mobile homes or other main buildings within the mobile home park.
- **270.06 OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS**: In order to provide for free movement of traffic through the park on park streets, no on-street parking shall be permitted on any mobile home park street. See Section 37 for the off-street parking requirements of this district.
- 270.07 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.
- 270.08 PRIVATE STREETS WITHIN MOBILE HOME PARKS: All streets (circulation drives) within a mobile home park shall be at least 28 feet in width, with curbs and gutters. All streets shall be constructed in accordance with standards for local streets as specified in the Ridgeland Subdivision Regulations. Proper maintenance of all streets within mobile home parks shall be the responsibility of the owner or operator of the park and not the City of Ridgeland.
- **270.09** MOBILE HOME STANDS OR "PADS": Each mobile home stand or "pad" shall be provided with permanent paved runners, patio, parking area and underground utilities.
- 270.10 <u>UTILITIES AND DRAINAGE</u>: Utilities (electrical power, natural gas, water, and sanitary sewerage) and storm drainage shall be provided in all mobile home parks in accordance with the requirements of the Ridgeland *Subdivision Regulations* and applicable codes adopted by the City of Ridgeland. The maintenance of water and sanitary sewage facilities and storm drainage facilities within mobile home parks shall be the responsibility of the owner of the park, and not the City of Ridgeland.
- **270.11 FREEDOM FROM FLOODING AND PONDING:** All mobile home parks shall be located on ground which is not susceptible to flooding and graded so as to prevent any water from ponding or accumulating on the premises.

- 270.12 REFUSE COLLECTION FACULITIES: The owner, or his authorized representative, of a mobile home park shall provide adequate refuse collection stations approved by the City of Ridgeland for the proper storage of all refuse produced by residents of the mobile home park, and shall be responsible for the cleanliness of the premises. The City of Ridgeland will collect refuse at container stations provided that the residents of the mobile home park comply with the regulations of the Sanitation Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland.
- **270.13** ACCESS TO PUBLIC STREETS AND HIGHWAYS: All access points to public streets or highways shall be approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen and/or the Mississippi State Highway Department.
- **270.14 SERVICE BUILDING:** A service building containing mechanical laundry equipment including washing machines and dryers for use by park occupants only shall be provided in every mobile home park.
- **270.15 RECREATIONAL AREA**: A minimum of five percent of the gross land area of each mobile home park shall be set aside as a recreational area or common open space for park residents.
- **270.16 EXTERIOR LIGHTING:** Adequate street lights shall be provided by the park developer to illuminate all streets and walkways for the safe movement of vehicles and pedestrians at night.
- **270.17 FIRE HYDRANTS:** Fire hydrants approved by the Ridgeland Fire Department shall be placed a maximum of 300 feet from each mobile home stand and every building within the mobile home park.

270.18 REQUIRED PLANTING SCREEN FOR ALL MOBILE HOME PARKS:

The developer of any mobile home park shall install a planting screen having a height of at least six (6) feet along the side and rear property lines of the proposed mobile home park. The location and type of planting screen to be installed shall be noted on the site plan. Maintenance of this required planting screen shall be the responsibility of the property owner, and failure to maintain the planting screen in a satisfactory manner shall constitute a violation of this Ordinance and be subject to the penalties prescribed herein.

270.19 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS: See Traffic Impact, Subdivision and Development Review Ordinances of the City of Ridgeland.

SECTION 300 - PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT ("PUD") DISTRICT

300.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: In order to provide means for developing open space areas in large developments, to take advantage of natural features of the landscape in this design, to improve the quality of the urban development and to reduce the cost of developing and providing public resources and utilities, the owners of any tract of land containing at least thirty-five (35) acres may submit a plan for the use and development of the entire tract for residential, compatible commercial, and related uses as a single and unified project.

The basic control of development density shall be one or more of the residential districts. The Planned Unit Development shall be a superimposed designation providing a broader latitude of design to achieve the above stated goals.

- **300.02 LAND USES PERMITTED**: The following uses are permitted outright in PUD districts subject to the regulations prescribed herein:
 - A. Single-family detached dwellings (only one main structure per lot) in accordance with the regulations under Section 300.06.
 - **B.** Two-family dwellings and multiple-family in accordance with the regulations specified under Sections 300.07 and 300.08, respectively.
 - C. Any commercial use permitted outright in General Commercial (C-2) districts, subject to the dimensional requirements and other regulations of that district.
 - **D.** Accessory uses and structures as defined under Article II of this Ordinance.
 - **E.** Horticultural uses not involving the sale of produce on the premises.
 - **F.** Home occupations in compliance with Section 35 of this Ordinance.
 - **G.** Public streets and highways.
 - H. Public or private recreational or open space facilities, excluding country clubs and the like which shall be regulated as public/quasi-public facilities and utilities subject to the provisions of Section 32 of this Ordinance.

Lakes deeded to a homeowners association or dedicated (public) to the City of Ridgeland shall comply with Ridgeland Subdivision Regulations.

300.03 CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES (SPECIAL EXCEPTIONS) AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 600.09:

- A. Public or quasi-public facilities or utilities may be considered for location in a PUD district in compliance with Section 32 of this Ordinance.
- **B.** Child care facilities.
- **300.04 MINIMUM SIZE OF PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT**: The minimum size for Planned Unit Developments shall be thirty-five (35) acres.

300.05 PRELIMINARY SUBDIVISION PLAT APPROVAL REQUIRED PRIOR TO DESIGNATION OF PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT ON OFFICIAL ZONING MAP: Any person desiring to subdivide land for purposes of creating a PUD shall first prepare and submit a Development Plan to the Director of Public Works in accordance with the Subdivision Regulations. All

Director of Public Works in accordance with the *Subdivision Regulations*. All Development Plans for proposed PUDs shall be reviewed by the Planning Commission as well as the Director of Public Works and the Building Official.

Since a PUD is a superimposed designation over a low density residential district, an application for rezoning shall not be required in connection with designation of the land as a PUD. However, the preliminary plat of the proposed PUD shall be approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen prior to the designation of the subdivision as a "PUD" on the Official Zoning Map and prior to the intiation of any construction.

300.06 <u>DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SINGLE-FAMILY DETACHED</u> <u>DWELLINGS</u>:

A. Maximum Residential Development Density: The basic control of residential development density shall be the density requirement of the particular conventional district (i.e., R-1 or R-2) over which the PUD is superimposed. The maximum density shall be calculated by dividing 43,560 square feet by the minimum lot size and then multiplying that quotient by the total gross acreage to be included in the PUD. EXAMPLE: If a subdivider proposes to develop a 30 acre tract zoned "R-1" as a PUD, the basic control of density is that of the R-1 district: 43,560 square feet divided by 12,000 square feet (minimum lot size in R-1 districts), resulting in a quotient of 3.6 lots or dwelling units;

30 acres multiplied by 3.6 = 108 lots or single-family detached dwelling units. (Note: This method for calculating residential development density cannot be used for conventional subdivisions, since conventional subdivisions require more land for street rights-of-way, utility easements, etc., than do PUDs in which development is concentrated.)

- B. Minimum Lot Size and Minimum Lot Width for Single-Family

 Detached Dwellings: No minimum lot sizes are established, per se, so that housing can be clustered or otherwise concentrated or arranged in planned locations on the site to take advantage of its natural features.
- C. <u>Minimum Yards for Single-Family Detached Dwellings</u>: minimum yard requirements for single-family detached dwellings in PUD districts shall be the same as those required in R-1, or R-2 districts.
- D. Maximum Height for Single-Family Detached Dwellings: 35 feet.

300.07 <u>DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR TWO-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL</u> USES:

- A. Maximum Building Height: 50 feet or 2 1/2 stories.
- A. Minimum Lot Area: 6,000 square feet.
- B. <u>Minimum Lot Width</u>: Not specified.
- D. Minimum Yards:
 - 1. **Front yard**: 25 feet from the existing or proposed right-of-way line as shown on the adopted Ridgeland *Thoroughfares Plan* to the building setback line.
 - 2. **Side yards**: 10 feet, with a minimum of 20 feet between buildings. When a two-family residential use is proposed for a corner lot, the minimum side yard on the "side street" shall be 20 feet.
 - 3. Rear yard: 20 feet.
- E. Maximum Lot Coverage: 45%.

300.08 DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR MULTIPLE-FAMILY

RESIDENTIAL: Dimensional requirements for all multi-family residential uses in a PUD district shall be the same as those of the Multi-Family Residential District (R-5) of this Ordinance (see Section 260).

- 300.09 DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR COMMERCIAL USES IN A
 PUD DISTRICT: Commercial uses in any PUD district shall not constitute over
 25 percent of the land area of such development. Dimensional requirements for
 all commercial uses in a PUD district shall be the same as those for the General
 Commercial (C-2) district of this Ordinance.
- 300.10 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT PROHIBITED UNTIL 50% OF PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT COMPLETE: Commercial development may not be started until the residential development proposed on the approved development plan is at least 50% complete.
- 300.11 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS: See Traffic Impact, Subdivision and Development Review Ordinances of the City of Ridgeland.
- 300.12 COMMON OPEN SPACE REQUIREMENTS FOR PLANNED UNIT

 RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS: Common open space shall be provided as a condition to the approval of a Planned Unit Development. Such common open space shall consist of land reserved exclusively for the recreational use of the PUD residents and owned and maintained by the residents through a Homeowner's Association (see Section 300.12 E). Common open space shall be integrated throughout the PUD, easily accessible to all the residents. The Development Plan shall indicate the location and area (in acres) to be so reserved for open space or recreational facilities.
 - A. Minimum Percentage of Land Reserved as Common Open Space:
 Common open space shall comprise at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the gross area (total acreage) of the PUD as shown on the required development plan. Public streets, parking lots (for example, a parking lot for a PUD recreational building), and utility easements shall not be considered in meeting the open space requirements of this Section.
 - **B.** Physical Improvements: Common open space shall be suitably improved for the intended use, but open space containing natural features worthy of preservation may be left unimproved if such unimproved areas are approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen as part of the preliminary subdivision plat review process.

All open space improvements shall be shown on the Development Plan (approximate locations and dimensions and proposed use) and the preliminary and final plats (precise locations and dimensions and proposed use). Open space improvements may include pedestrian or bicycle trails, tennis courts, recreational buildings and swimming pools or similar

facilities.

- C. Staged Development of a Planned Unit Development: If a Planned Unit Development is to be developed in stages, the open space developed shall constitute no less than equivalent proportional amount to the area being developed in the first phase. For example, if the first part is to consist of the minimum of 35 acres, twenty-five percent (25%) must be reserved for open space, or 8.75 acres. The open space requirements for subsequent parts or phases shall be calculated based upon the total open space requirement for the entire subdivision, including the initial phase or phases. Thus, if a developer proposes to ultimately develop 50 acres of land for a Planned Unit Development and the first phase will only contain 35 acres, the developer must reserve a total of at least 12.5 acres for the entire subdivision, which may include the 8.75 acres reserved for the first part.
- D. Performance Bond Required: Prior to the sale of any lot in a Planned Unit Residential Development, the developer shall post with the City a performance bond of sufficient surety to insure the completion of all proposed open space improvements (where applicable). The Director of Public Works and the City Engineer in conjunction with the developer shall determine the amount of the performance bond after reviewing the construction plans for all improvements.
- E. Maintenance/Liability in the Operation and Use of Common Open Space Areas Not Dedicated to the City of Ridgeland: Authority granted by the City of Ridgeland for the development of a PUD shall not be construed as nor constitute an obligation on the part of Ridgeland either for maintenance or liability in the operation and use of common open space and recreational facilities located in the PUD.

At the time the final subdivision plat is submitted for a PUD, the developer shall submit with his application for final plat approval a legal instrument or instruments which state that the responsibility for liability insurance, taxes and maintenance of open space and other common facilities shall rest with the owners of the several lots or parcels of land located within the PUD. In order to insure the integrity of the open space so that it will remain genuinely open, the legal instrument(s) shall specify that the open space restrictions are permanent, not just for a period of years.

The Building Official and the City Attorney shall review the legal instrument(s) to determine if the above provisions are included and shall not recommend approval of the final plat unless these provisions are

included.

300.13 REQUIRED FOR OFF-STREET PARKING, LOADING AND ACCESS CONTROL: See Section 37 regarding parking, loading and access control requirements.

300.14 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi. SECTION 310 - PLANNED UNIT RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT ("PURD") DISTRICT

- **310.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT**: The purposes for establishing Planned Unit Residential Development ("PURD") districts are:
 - A. To provide for the development of relatively large land areas as total cohesive and coordinated units, rather than development on a lot-by-lot basis.
 - B. To permit more flexible and advantageous use of sites, especially with regard to natural features of the landscape, through the relaxation of conventional zoning requirements including minimum lot size and minimum lot width, while at the same time retaining approximately the same overall density as would ordinarily apply if the same areas were developed by conventional methods. (Note: However, minimum yard requirements are the same as for conventional districts.)
 - C. To help reduce the cost of residential development by allowing more dwelling units per gross acre than could be built in a conventional low density subdivision (due to the extensive space requirements of streets rights-of-way, utility easements, etc., in a conventional subdivision) and by reducing the length of streets and utility extensions through concentration or clustering of housing.
 - D. To provide for the development of sites in which land not used for structures and yards but not required by the basic zoning of the site shall be reserved collectively in contiguous units accessible to all dwellings within the PURD as open space; this open space will provide recreational opportunities for the residents of the PURD, and will also afford improved, safer pedestrian circulation within the PURD.
- 310.02PLANNED UNIT RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS SHALL BE
 SUPERIMPOSED DISTRICTS: A Planned Unit Residential Development shall be a superimposed designation on an existing low density residential district (either R-1, or R-2), thereby providing a broader latitude of design to achieve the purposes stated under Section 310.01. As a superimposed designation, Planned Unit Residential Developments shall be subject to the overall density

requirements of the low density residential district over which they are superimposed. The maximum residential density shall be calculated as prescribed under Section 310.03.

310.03 PRELIMINARY SUBDIVISION PLAT APPROVAL REQUIRED PRIOR TO DESIGNATION OF PLANNED UNIT RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT ON OFFICIAL ZONING MAP

- A. Any person desiring to subdivide land for purposes of creating a PURD shall first prepare and submit a preliminary plat (or "Development Plan" if the PURD is proposed to contain uses other than single-family detached residences) to the Director of Public Works in accordance with the Subdivision Regulations. All preliminary plats for proposed PURD shall be reviewed by the Zoning Board as well as the Director of Public Works and the City Engineer.
- B. Since a PURD is a superimposed designation over a low density residential district (either R-1, or R-2), an application for rezoning shall not be required in connection with the designation of the land as a PURD. However, the preliminary plat of the proposed PURD shall be approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen prior to the designation of the subdivision as a "PURD" on the Official Zoning Map.
- C. A public hearing is required. Notice for the public hearing shall be given in the same manner as provided for rezonings.

310.04 REZONING REQUIRED FOR DEVELOPMENT OF PORTION OF PUD FOR TOWNHOUSES, PATIO HOUSES, MULTIPLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL, OR COMMERCIAL USES

- A. If a person desires to reserve a portion of a proposed Planned Unit Development for townhouses, patio houses, or multi-family residential uses (condominiums or apartments), and such areas are not zoned appropriately for such densities, he shall submit an application for rezoning in accordance with Section 600.10 of this Ordinance indicating which areas he desires to be rezoned to R-3, R-4, or R-5.
- A. Likewise, portions of a PURD may be reserved for commercial use by applying for the appropriate commercial zoning if the subject land is not zoned commercial on the Official Zoning Map.
- **B.** If the subdivider wishes to reserve portions of the proposed PURD for

moderate density or high density residential development or commercial use, such areas shall be shown on a preliminary plat or Development Plan", which shall be submitted with an application for rezoning. A rezoning to permit such residential densities or commercial uses shall only be approved upon the condition that the preliminary plat and individual site plans (for the high density residential or commercial development) substantially conform to the preliminary plat or development plan.

310.05 LAND USES PERMITTED: The following uses are permitted outright in PURD districts subject to the regulations prescribed herein:

- **A.** Single-family detached dwellings (only one main structure per lot).
- **B.** Accessory uses and structures as defined under Article II of this Ordinance.
- C. Horticultural uses not involving the sale of produce on the premises.
- **D.** Home occupations in compliance with Section 35 of this Ordinance.
- **E.** Public streets and highways.
- F. Public or private recreational or open space facilities, excluding country clubs and the like which shall be regulated as public/quasi-public facilities and utilities subject to the provisions of Section 32 of this Ordinance.

 Lakes deeded to a homeowners association or dedicated (public) to the City of Ridgeland shall comply with Ridgeland's Subdivision Regulations.

310.06 CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES (SPECIALEXCEPTIONS) AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 600.09:

- A. Public or quasi-public facilities or utilities may be considered for location in a PURD district in compliance with Section 32 of this Ordinance.
- B. Child care facilities.

310.07 SECTION 1306 - DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS:

- A. Minimum Size of PURD: The minimum size of any PUD shall be five (5) acres.
- **B.** Maximum Residential Development Density: The basic control of residential development density shall be the density requirement of the

particular conventional district (i.e., R-1 or R-2) over which the PURD is superimposed. The maximum density shall be calculated by dividing 43,560 square feet by the minimum lot size and then multiplying that quotient by the total gross acreage to be included in the PURD. EXAMPLE: If a subdivider proposes to develop a 30 acre tract zoned "R-1" as a PURD, the basic control of density is that of the R-1 district: 43,560 square feet divided by 12,000 square feet (minimum lot size in R-1 districts), resulting in a quotient of 3.6 lots or dwelling units; 30 acres multiplied by 3.6 = 108 lots or single-family detached dwelling units. (Note: This method for calculating residential development density cannot be used for conventional subdivisions, since conventional subdivisions require more land for street rights-of-way, utility easements, etc., than do PURDs in which development is concentrated.)

- C. Minimum Lot Size: No minimum.
- **D.** Minimum Lot Width: No minimum.
- **E.** Minimum Yards: The minimum yard requirements for single-family detached dwellings in PURD districts shall be the same as those required in R-1, or R-2 districts.
- **F.** Maximum Height: 50 feet, unless greater height is specifically approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- 310.08 DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR TOWNHOUSES, PATIO
 HOUSES, MULTIPLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL
 PORTIONS OF A PURD: If an application for rezoning is approved to allow
 portions of a PURD to be used for fee-simple townhouses, patio houses,
 condominiums or apartments, or some commercial classification, the dimensional
 requirements of the appropriate district shall apply.
- 310.09 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS: See Traffic Impact, Subdivision and Development Review Ordinances of the City of Ridgeland.
- 310.10 COMMON OPEN SPACE REQUIREMENTS FOR PLANNED UNIT

 RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS: Common open space shall be provided as a condition to the approval of a Planned Unit Residential Development. Such common open space shall consist of land reserved exclusively for the recreational use of the PURD residents and owned and maintained by the residents through a homeowners association (see Section 310.10). Common open space shall be integrated throughout the PURD, easily accessible to all the residents. The sketch plat or Development Plan shall indicate the location and area (in acres) to be so

reserved for open space or recreational facilities.

- A. Minimum Percentage of Land Reserved as Common Open Space:

 Common open space shall comprise at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the gross area (total acreage) of the PURD as shown on the required development plan. Public streets, parking lots (for example, a parking lot for a PURD recreational building), and utility easements shall not be considered in meeting the open space requirements of this Section.
- B. Physical Improvements: Common open space shall be suitably improved for the intended use, but open space containing natural features worthy of preservation may be left unimproved if such unimproved areas are approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen as part of the preliminary subdivision plat review process. All open space improvements shall be shown on the sketch subdivision plat or Development Plan (approximate locations and dimensions and proposed use) and the preliminary and final plats (precise locations and dimensions and proposed use). Open space improvements may include pedestrian or bicycle trails, tennis courts, recreational buildings and swimming pools or similar facilities.
- C. Staged Development of a Planned Unit Residential Development: If a Planned Unit Residential Development is to be developed in stages or parts and the first part is to consist of the minimum of 5 acres, twenty-five percent (25%) must be reserved for open space, or 1.25 acres. The open space requirements for subsequent parts or phases shall be calculated based upon the total open space requirement for the entire subdivision, including the initial phase or phases. Thus, if a developer proposes to ultimately develop 40 acres of land for a Planned Unit Residential Development and the first phase will only contain 5 acres, the developer must reserve a total of at least 10 acres for the entire subdivision, which may include the 1.25 acres reserved for the first part.
- D. Performance Bond Required: Prior to the sale of any lot in a Planned Unit Residential Development, the developer shall post with the City a performance bond of sufficient surety to insure the completion of all proposed open space improvements (where applicable). The Director of Public Works and the City Engineer in conjunction with the developer shall determine the amount of the performance bond after reviewing the construction plans for all improvements.
- E. Maintenance/Liability in the Operation and Use of Common Open Space Areas Not Dedicated to the City of Ridgeland:

- 1. Authority granted by the City of Ridgeland for the development of a PURD shall not be construed as nor constitute an obligation on the part of Ridgeland either for maintenance or liability in the operation and use of common open space and recreational facilities located in the PURD.
- 2. At the time the final subdivision plat is submitted for a PURD, the developer shall submit with his application for final plat approval a legal instrument or instruments which state that the responsibility for liability insurance, taxes and maintenance of open space and other common facilities shall rest with the owners of the several lots or parcels of land located within the PUD. In order to insure the integrity of the open space so that it will remain genuinely open, the legal instrument(s) shall specify that the open space restrictions are permanent, not just for a period of years.
- 3. The Building Official and the City Attorney shall review the legal instrument(s) to determine if the above provisions are included and shall not recommend approval of the final plat unless these provisions are included.

310.11 REQUIRED FOR OFF-STREET PARKING, LOADING AND ACCESS CONTROL: See Section 37 regarding parking, loading and access control requirements.

310.12 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

SECTION 320 - OLD AGENCY ROAD CORRIDOR PRESERVATION DISTRICT (OARC)

320.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT:

- A. The Old Agency Road Corridor (OARC) Preservation District is hereby created to preserve the tree-lined serene character of Old Agency Road and other historic resources adjacent to it, including the site of the Choctaw Indian Agency and Greenwood Plantation home. The OARC district shall be a superimposed district, overlying one or more residential districts.
- A. Old Agency Road is considered a "canopy road" because of its unique natural beauty created by trees that line both side of the road. Furthermore, the road itself is a historic resource, since it was part of the original Natchez Trace; it has been designated as a "Mississippi Landmark" under the *Mississippi Antiquities Act* and has been nominated for listing in the National Register of Historic Places. The Choctaw Indian Agency site, from which Old Agency Road takes its name, was the second site of that agency, having been located there in 1807 by agent Silas Dinsmoor.
- **B.** It is the intent of this Ordinance that the scenic, historic and low density residential character of this district be preserved by preventing the location of incompatible activities, such as commercial and industrial land uses, within the borders of this zone.
- C. It is also the purpose of this district to alleviate vehicular traffic volumes occurring as the result of the development of new residential subdivisions adjacent to Old Agency Road by prohibiting access to that facility when other access (except for deed-reserved access) is available to such proposed subdivisions.
- **D.** Finally, it is the intent of this Ordinance to preserve the trees bordering Old Agency Road and to require the planting of trees where gaps exist

along the road.

320.02 LAND USES PERMITTED:

- A. Single-family detached dwellings with only one principal dwelling per lot. Because much of the land within the OARC district is traversed by White Oak Creek and tributaries of Hanging Moss Creek, the construction of Planned Unit Residential Developments (PURDs) is encouraged.
- **B.** Accessory uses and structures associated with the use of land for residential purposes.
- C. Home occupations, subject to the limitations specified in Section 34.
- **D.** Public or private recreational or open space facilities, excluding country clubs which shall be regulated as public/quasi-public facilities and utilities subject to the provisions of Section 32 of this Ordinance.
- **E.** Public streets and highways.

320.03 CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 600.09:

- A. Public or quasi-public facilities and utilities in compliance with Section 32 and other regulations of this Ordinance.
- **B.** Child care facilities.

320.04 DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS:

- A. <u>Maximum Building Height</u>: No structure shall exceed thirty-five feet (35) or two and one-half (2-1/2) stories in height.
- B. Required Lot Area, Lot Width, Yards, and Dimensional
 Requirements for Accessory Buildings: Same as the underlying
 residential district.

320.05 ACCESS TO OLD AGENCY ROAD FOR NEW RESIDENTIAL SURDIVISIONS PROHIBITED WHEN OTHER PUBLIC ACCESS IS

AVAILABLE: When access to other public roads (i.e., dedicated to the City of Ridgeland) is available in the OARC district, access to Old Agency Road shall be prohibited for residential subdivisions proposed for development after enactment of this **Zoning Ordinance**. The provisions of this section shall not apply to access

reserved by deed. Furthermore, the provisions of this Section shall not apply to private driveways providing direct access to Old Agency Road from individual lots bordering Old Agency Road. This provision is intended to preserve the low density residential integrity of this district and to reduce traffic volumes on Old Agency Road.

320.06 PRESERVATION AND PLANTING OF TREES ALONG OLD AGENCY ROAD:

- A. Except where a permit is specifically issued by the Board of Aldermen, the cutting or destruction by any means of trees bordering Old Agency Road by any person shall be prohibited and subject to the penalties of this Ordinance. The cutting of each such tree shall be considered a separate violation of this Ordinance.
- B. The developers of any residential subdivision or other used permitted outright or as a special exception and bordering Old Agency Road shall be responsible for planting trees where gaps exist in the tree line of said road. The developer shall plant such trees as determined in site plan review.

320.07 OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS: See Section 37 for off-street parking and loading requirements for residential uses allowed in this district.

320.08 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

SECTION 330 - SPECIAL USE DISTRICT (S-1)

330.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: The purpose of this district is to provide areas for the development of special uses, which, because of their size, institutional nature and/or unique characteristics, do not fit compatibly into other zoning districts of the City. Such uses commonly constitute "self-contained communities" with housing, dining/food service facilities, recreational uses, and commercial-type outlets provided primarily for the benefit of the staff and residents of the institution on the grounds.

330.02 LAND USES PERMITTED:

- A. Educational institutions, elementary and secondary schools, colleges and universities, religious seminaries, and technical and vocational training facilities. Uses permitted in such S-1 districts include administrative buildings/offices; educational facilities such as classrooms, libraries, laboratories, and gymnasiums; stadiums, auditoriums and coliseums; student or faculty housing; dining or food service facilities; recreational facilities such as golf courses, tennis courts, swimming pools, and similar uses; chapels and places or worship; commercial-type facilities such as bookstores, laundries, hair styling shops and similar enterprises primarily intended for the benefit of students and staff; and other uses commonly associated with educational institutions.
- B. Retirement communities or "villages", including residential uses, related health care facilities, cultural and recreational facilities, commercial outlets intended primarily for the benefit of residents and staff, and similar associated uses. Hospitals which are not a part of a retirement village are not included as special uses under this article, but are regulated as public/quasi-public uses under Section 32.
- C. Large scale group care facilities for the housing and care of orphans, foster children, battered women and children, and other persons requiring specialized treatment, including all uses needed for same.
- **D.** Public parks, regardless of size.
- **E.** The Natchez Trace Parkway and all uses therein.
- F. All property owned by the Pearl River Valley Water Supply District and the uses permitted by the District on all such property.

330.03 <u>DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS</u>:

- A. Maximum Height: Subject to Site Plan Review.
- **B.** Minimum Lot Area: Not regulated.
- C. Minimum Lot Width: Not regulated.
- **D.** Maximum Buildable Area: Except for required minimum yards, off-street parking and loading requirements, and required distances between buildings, permitted uses may occupy as much of the site in an "S-1" district as is necessary to conduct the permitted activity.
- E. Minimum Distance between Buildings: 20 feet.
- F. Minimum Yards:
 - 1. Front yard: 40 feet.
 - 2. **Side yards and rear yards**: When a proposed use in a S-1 district would adjoin an R-1 or R-2 (Single-Family Residential) district or an existing single-family detached residence, side and rear yards of 50 feet shall be required.
 - 3. When a proposed use in an S-1 district would adjoin any district other than an R-1 or R-2, or the proposed use would adjoin any existing use other than a single-family detached residence, side and rear yards of 25 feet shall be required.
- 330.04 SITE PLAN REQUIRED: A detailed site plan shall be required for the establishment of a new special use as defined by this section or for the construction or expansion of buildings in an existing S-1 Special Use District. Furthermore, no building permit shall be issued until such site plan has been reviewed by the Ridgeland Zoning Board and approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen. See Section 600.11 relative to site plan review procedures.

330.05 REQUIRED PLANTING SCREEN FOR USES ABUTTING EXISTING SINGLE-FAMILY DETACHED RESIDENCES OR R-1 OR R-2 ZONES:

Whenever a proposed educational institution use, retirement community use or group care facility will abut an existing single family detached residence or an R-1 or R-2 district, the developer of the special use shall install a planting screen having a height of at least six (6) feet along the side and/or rear property lines of the proposed special use. The location and type of planting screen to be installed shall be noted on the site plan. Maintenance of this required planting screen shall

be the responsibility of the property owner and failure to maintain the planting screen in a satisfactory manner shall constitute a violation of this Ordinance and be subject to the penalties prescribed herein.

330.06 REQUIRED LANDSCAPING FOR AREAS NOT USED FOR BUILDINGS OR OTHER STRUCTURES, PARKING, REQUIRED YARDS OR

DRIVEWAYS: Developers of any use permitted in S-1 districts shall provide landscaping for all portions of a lot not used for buildings or other structures, parking, required yards or driveways. All proposed landscaping shall be noted on the site plan. Maintenance of this required landscaping shall be the responsibility of the property owner, and failure to maintain the landscaping in a satisfactory manner shall constitute a violation of this Ordinance and be subject to the penalties prescribed herein.

- 330.07 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS, AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS: See Traffic Impact, Subdivision, and Development Review Ordinances of the City of Ridgeland.
- 330.08 SECTION 2207 REQUIRED FOR OFF-STREET PARKING, LOADING AND ACCESS CONTROL: See Section 37 for off-street parking, loading and access control requirements.

330.09 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

SECTION 340 - MEDIUM -DENSITY RESIDENTIAL SPECIAL USE DISTRICT (S-2)

340.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: The purpose of this district is to provide areas for the development of medium-density residential subdivisions containing single-family detached dwelling, either traditional site-built homes or multisection manufactured homes that may not fit compatibly into or near other residential zoning districts. This district shall be a floating zone, which shall be placed on the Official Zoning Map upon meeting the requirements for such a zone.

340.02 LAND USES PERMITTED:

- **A.** Subdivisions for site-built homes.
- **B.** Subdivisions for multi-section manufactured homes.
- C. Accessory uses and structures associated with the use of the land for residential purposes.
- **D.** Horticultural uses not involving the sale of produce on the premises.
- **E.** Home occupations in compliance with Section 35 of this Ordinance.
- F. Private recreational or open space facilities, excluding country clubs and the like, which shall be regulated as public/quasi-public facilities and utilities subject to the provisions of Sections 32 and 33 or this Ordinance. Lakes deeded to a homeowners association or dedicated (public) to the City of Ridgeland shall comply with the city's **Subdivision Regulations**.

340.03 CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 600.09:

- A. Public/quasi-public facilities and utilities in compliance with Section 32 and 33 and other regulations of this Ordinance.
- **B.** Child care facilities.

340.04 <u>DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS</u>:

- A. Maximum Building Height: 35 feet or 2 ½ stories.
- B. Minimum Lot Area: 8,000 square feet.

- C. Minimum Lot Width: 80 feet.
 - 1. **Front Yard**: 25 feet from the existing or proposed right-of-way line as shown on the adopted *Ridgeland Thoroughfares Plan* to the building setback line.
 - 2. Side Yard: 7 ½ feet.
 - 3. Rear Yard: 25 feet.
- 340.05 **SWIMMING POOLS:** Swimming pools shall be located behind the front line of the house, and there shall be a minimum of 10 feet between all property line or recorded easements and the rim of the swimming pool. All swimming pools shall be enclosed by a structure or fencing at least six feet high.
- **340.06 OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS:** See Section 37, Section 37.02 for off-street parking and loading requirements for residential and other uses allowed in this district.
- 340.07 PRELIMINARY PLAT REQUIRED: A detailed preliminary plat shall be required for the establishment of a new subdivision under this district. Furthermore, no building permit shall be issued until such preliminary plat has been reviewed by the Ridgeland Planning Commission and approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen. See Code of Regulations, Subdivision Ordinance.
- 340.08 REQUIRED PLANTING SCREEN FOR USES ABUTTING EXISTING SINGLE-FAMILY DETACHED RESIDENCES OR R-F., R-1, R-1A, OR R-2 ZONES: Whenever a proposed medium-density use will abut an existing single-family detached residence or an R-E, R-1, R-1A, or R-2 district, the developer of the special use shall install a planting screen having a height of at least six feet along the side and/or rear property lines of the proposed subdivision. The location and type of planting screen to be installed shall be noted on the site plan. Maintenance of this required planting screen shall be the responsibility of the property owner and failure to maintain the planting screen in a satisfactory manner shall constitute a violation of this Ordinance and be subject to the penalties prescribed herein.
- 340.09 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS: See City of Ridgeland Code of Ordinances.
- 340.10 REQUIREMENTS FOR OFF-STREET PARKING, LOADING, AND ACCESS CONTROL: See Article III, Section 37.02 for off-street parking, loading, and access control requirement.

BEFORE THE MAYOR AND BOARD OF ALDERMEN OF THE CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI

WHEREAS, The Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, desire to promote the health and welfare of the residents of existing residential neighborhoods which are near commercially zoned districts and/or near major streets , and to sustain the quality of life and protect the property values of such residents; and

WHEREAS, The Mayor and Board of Aldermen desire to facilitate these purposes without changing the character of existing residential neighborhoods by permitting, subject to specific requirements, permissions, exclusions, conditions and restrictions established expressly to aid in the achievement of such purposes, uses on properties abutting said districts and streets which are more appropriate for such properties but are otherwise precluded by the use restrictions of the residential district zoning regulations of the district in which the existing residential neighborhood is located.

NOW THEREFORE Alderman	HEARD	offered	and	moved
the adoption of the following Ordinance:				

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE ZONING ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF RIDGELAND TO PROVIDE FOR IMPOSITION OF AN OVERLAY CLASSIFICATION ONTO SELECTED AREAS WITHIN DESIGNATED RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS TO PERMIT THE DEVELOPMENT, IMPROVEMENT AND USE OF SUCH AREAS FOR PURPOSES AND UNDER CONTROLS WHICH PROVIDE FOR THE STABILITY AND ENHANCEMENT OF NEARBY EXISTING RESIDENTIAL NEIGHBORHOODS.

I. There is hereby created and inserted as an amendment to the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland adopted on the 6th day of February, 2000, the following, to-wit:

SECTION 350 - CONTROLLED USE OVERLAY CLASSIFICATION (CUO)

350.01 PURPOSE OF THIS CLASSIFICATION: The purpose of the Controlled Use Overlay classification hereby created is to provide a means of promoting the health and welfare of the residents of existing residential neighborhoods within the City which are near commercially zoned districts and/or near major streets by permitting, subject to specific requirements, permissions, exclusions, conditions and restrictions established as herein set out, uses on properties abutting said districts and streets which are more appropriate for such properties but are otherwise precluded by the use restrictions of the residential district zoning regulations of the district in which the existing residential neighborhood is located. As a result of the imposition of this overlay classification and the enforcement of the specific requirements, permissions, exclusions, conditions and restrictions established for a particular area, the existing residential neighborhoods will be stabilized and enhanced by precluding a change in the character of the neighborhood due to a change in zoning otherwise necessary to permit such uses, by preventing the

conduct in the vicinity of the neighborhood of those commercial activities deemed incompatible with the residential character of the neighborhood, and by encouraging the development and improvement of such areas in a manner which is established to compliment and enhance the existing residential neighborhood by allowing in these areas only those uses which can be planned and controlled by the incorporation of techniques, conditions and/or elements which provide stability and promote compatibility between commercial areas and residential neighborhoods. This Controlled Use Overlay classification shall be a superimposed designation laid over all or part of a residential zoning district, but if only a part of a district is so affected, such part shall be clearly identified and defined. The imposition of this overlay classification shall not be deemed, for any purpose other than notice, a change in the zoning of the residential district or such part thereof, but shall be interpreted and enforced solely a method to permit uses in such areas which are subject to the specific requirements, permissions, conditions and restrictions established as herein set out. Under no circumstances shall the imposition of this Controlled Use Overlay classification be construed as a change in the character of the residential neighborhood.

350.02 LAND USES PERMITTED: The following uses are permitted outright in areas onto which the Controlled Use Overlay classification is superimposed:

- A. Any use permitted outright in the underlying residential zoning district.
- B. Any use permitted in a C-1 zoning district, subject to those specific requirements, permissions, exclusions, conditions, restrictions, techniques and elements which, after due consideration and input from the residents of the existing residential neighborhood, the Mayor and Aldermen deem necessary or advisable to impose in the Use Guidelines adopted for the area.

350.03 USE GUIDELINES REQUIRED: As a part of the superimposition of the CUO classification on an identified, residentially zoned area of the City, a written document, setting forth the specific requirements, permissions, exclusions, conditions, restrictions, techniques and elements which the use(s) of such area shall be subject, shall be submitted to and approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen. The requirements, permissions, exclusions, conditions, restrictions, techniques and elements included in the Use Guidelines shall be deemed to be provisions of this Ordinance pertinent to such area, and any violation of same shall be enforced in any manner available to the City under this or any other ordinance, statute, law or power.

The Use Guidelines approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen shall be included as an exhibit to the minutes of the meeting at which such approval is given, and a copy of the approved document setting forth the guidelines, certified by the Clerk, shall be maintained by the Director of Community Development. In addition, the owner and the Clerk shall execute, and the Clerk shall file for record in the office of the Chancery Clerk of Madison County, an instrument which is appropriate to give constructive notice that the particulars of the approved document setting for the guidelines, which particulars shall be listed in said instrument and run with and bind the property shown on

the approved Site Plan. Should for any reason the approved Use Guidelines terminate or lapse, thereafter only the uses permitted in and the requirements of the underlying residential district shall thereafter be permitted within the area.

SITE PLAN REQUIRED: As a part of the superimposition of the CUO 350.04 classification on an identified, residentially zoned area of the City, a Site Plan of said area which meets the requirements of Sections 600.12, 600.13, 600.14 and any other applicable ordinance of the City, shall be submitted to and approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen. In addition, the Site Plan shall identify and describe those requirements, permissions, exclusions, conditions, restrictions, techniques and elements which the owner(s) of the land in the area deem appropriate and are willing to impose on the development and improvement of such area. Should the Mayor and Board of Aldermen deem it necessary or advisable to modify and/or impose additional exclusions, limitations, restrictions, conditions, techniques and elements, and the owner(s) decline to have such modifications and additions made a part of the submitted Site Plan, the Site Plan shall be deemed to be denied without further act or action by the Mayor and Board The requirements, permissions, exclusions, conditions, restrictions, techniques and elements shown of the Site Plan shall be deemed to be provisions of this Ordinance pertinent to such area, and any violation of same shall be enforced in any manner available to the City under this or any other ordinance, statute, law or power.

The Site Plan approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen shall be included as an exhibit to the minutes of the meeting at which such approval is given, and a copy of the plan, certified by the Clerk, shall be maintained by the Director of Community Development. In addition, the owner and the Clerk shall execute, and the Clerk shall file for record in the office of the Chancery Clerk of Madison County, an instrument which is appropriate to give constructive notice that the particulars of the approved Site Plan, which particulars shall be listed in said instrument and shall run with and bind the property shown on the approved Site Plan. Should for any reason the Site Plan approval terminate or lapse, thereafter only the uses permitted in and the requirements of the underlying residential district shall thereafter be permitted within the area.

ARCHTECTURAL GUIDELINES REQUIRED: 350.05 As a part of the superimposition of the CUO classification on an identified, residentially zoned area of the sufficient written architectural guidelines, the adherence to which will assure architectural compatibility with the existing residential neighborhood, shall be submitted to and approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen. Architectural Guidelines shall identify and address those elements pertinent to the exterior of a structure, and by means of example, sample, rendering, photograph, and/or description, promulgate as guidelines such standards and requirements for the locations, dimensions, height, materials, color, design style, appointments, appurtenances and any other element of architectural significance as the owner(s) of the property are willing to impose on structures to be erected or permitted to remain on his property. Should the Mayor and Board of Aldermen deem it necessary or advisable to modify and/or impose additional standards and requirements and the owner(s) decline to have such modifications and/or additions included as a part of the submitted Architectural Guidelines, the Architectural

Guidelines shall be deemed to be denied without further act or action by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen. The standards and requirements of the approved Architectural Guidelines shall be deemed to be provisions of this Ordinance pertinent to the property to which they are applicable, and any violation of same shall be enforced in any manner available to the City under this or any other ordinance, statute, law or power.

The Architectural Guidelines approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen shall be included as an exhibit to the minutes of the meeting at which such approval is given, and a copy of the document, certified by the Clerk, shall be maintained by the Director of Community Development. In addition, the owner and the Clerk shall execute, and the Clerk shall file for record in the office of the Chancery Clerk of Madison County, an instrument which is appropriate to give constructive notice that the particulars of the approved Architectural Guidelines run with and bind the improvement and use of the property to which they are applicable. Should for any reason the Architectural Guidelines shall terminate or lapse, thereafter only the structures permitted in the underlying residential district shall be erected within the property.

350.06 Notice and Public Hearing - Prior to any action by the Mayor and Baord of Aldermen under this ordinance, notice shall be given in the same time and manner of a public hearing to be held before the Zoning Board of the City of Ridgeland on any proposal for the creation of an overlay zone. The Zoning Board shall conduct such public hearing and forward its recommendations thereafter to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen in the same time and manner as any other zoning proposal.

350.07 No Overlay district shall be approved under this ordinance except on the favorable vote of two thirds (2/3) of all members of the Board of Aldermen.

H.	This	s Ordinan	ice shall take	effect and	be in	n force	from ar	nd after thirt	y (30) davs
after	its p	assage.	Following t	he reading	of	the fo	regoing	Ordinance,	Alderman
	JONES		seco	ended the m	otion	ı. After	r discuss	ion the matt	er was put
to a v	ote w	ith the Ald	lermen voting	as follows:					,
		Alderr	nan Gerald St	toon		untad			

Alderman Gerald Steen	voted: NAY
Alderman Ken Heard	voted: AYE
Alderman Chuck Gautier	voted: AYE
Alderman Carole A. Davis	voted: AYE
Alderman Larry H. Roberts	voted: NAY
Alderman Scott Jones	voted: AYE
Alderman Linda Trunzler	voted: NAY

The motion having received the affirmative vote of the members of the Board of III.

Alderman, the Mayor declared the motion carried and the Ordinance adopted.

SO ORDAINED BY THE MAYOR AND BOARD OF ALDERMEN OF THE CITY

OF RIDGELAND, MICHELPI, in Regular
Meeting assembled at the day of Cerestian (2003.
1899
Gene F. McGee, Mayor
ATTEST: ATTEST:
- All Marie To the second of t
David Overby, City Clerk

SECTION 400 - RESTRICTED COMMERCIAL DISTRICT (C-1)

- 400.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: The purpose of this district is to provide relatively quiet, attractive, and spacious areas for the development of restricted commercial uses that do not generate substantial volumes of vehicular traffic (i.e., generally, not more than approximately 426 average daily trips per gross acre of land according to the National Cooperative Highway Research Program Report #187 or the latest edition of the Institute of Transportation Engineers manual entitled *Trip Generation*.) This district is intended to encourage high quality office park development and to serve as a transition zone between low density residential uses (single-family detached dwellings) and higher intensity uses (such as those first permitted under the C-2 General Commercial zone). These districts are appropriate for the fringes of retail zones.
- **400.02 LAND USES PERMITTED:** The following uses are permitted outright in C-1 districts subject to the regulations prescribed herein:
 - A. Business and professional offices of all types.
 - **B.** Office showroom facilities in which at least 50% of the tenantable area is outfitted as office and in which all loading facilities are at the rear of buildings and completely screened from view of public streets and any adjacent residential property.
 - C. Personal service establishments such as hair styling shops and photographic portrait studios.
 - **D.** Instructional services such as studios for the teaching of fine arts, photography, music, drama and dance; business and stenographic schools; barber and beauty schools; and similar facilities.
 - E. Business-related retail and service establishments not to exceed 25% of the leasable area of any office building or not to exceed 10,000 square feet if freestanding. Permitted uses include, but are not limited to, office supply stores, office equipment dealers, telecommunication equipment sales and service companies, computer stores and services, blueprint and copy services, drafting supply and equipment dealers, private employment agencies, travel agencies, quick print shops not over 3,000 square feet in size, emergency clinics, postal and shipping services, day care facilities, and totally enclosed health club facilities.
 - F. Restaurants, cafeterias, delicatessens, coffee shops and carry out food

- establishments if located within an office building.
- G. Educational and technical training facilities of all types except for those which require outdoor space and/ or industrial type structures or those that involve trucking or similarly sized equipment; included are conference center facilities.
- **H.** Privately-owned and operated libraries, museums, galleries and similar facilities. (NOTE: Public or quasi-public facilities of this nature are permitted in any district as special exceptions).
- I. Residential facilities (e.g., care-taker residences) and ancillary uses commonly associated with any permitted use.
- J. Public streets and highways.

400.03 CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 600.09

- A. Public or quasi-public facilities and utilities in compliance with Section 32 and other regulations of this Ordinance.
- **B.** Residential hotels, housing for the elderly complexes (excluding "Retirement Villages" as defined by this Ordinance, which shall be zoned as "Special Use" districts only), and specialized housing to accommodate other specific populations.
- C. Patio homes, at densities permitted in the R-3 Single Family Residential District, and subject to ALL regulations of that district.
- **D.** Commercial sports and recreational facilities such as swimming pools, tennis courts, and fully-enclosed facilities such as gymnasiums.

400.04 DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS:

- A. Maximum Building Height: 40 feet or 3 stories.
- **B.** Minimum Lot Area: No minimum lot area is required.
- C. Minimum Lot Width: No minimum lot width is required.
- **D.** Maximum Buildable Area: The aggregate square footage (ground floor) of all buildings shall not exceed fifty (50 percent) of the gross lot area.
- A. Maximum Floor Area Ratio (FAR): 0.5. (Example: 20,000 square

foot lot---100 feet x 200 feet---with a building, 5,000 square feet on the first floor and 5,000 square feet on the second floor: total square footage = 10,000 square feet divided by 20,000 square feet = .5 FAR).

B. Minimum Landscaped Open Space: A Landscape Plan is required in with Section 600.11 of this Ordinance.

C. Minimum Yards:

- 1. **Front yard**: 30 feet from the right-of-way line of an existing or proposed street in accordance with the adopted *Thoroughfares Plan*.
- 2. Side yards and rear yards: 10 feet.
- 3. Where any permitted use would adjoin residentially property zoned R-E, R-1, R-1A, R-2, R-3, or R-4, a 50-foot landscaped open space shall be provided between any building, parking lot or paved area and the side/rear lot line adjoining such residentially zoned property. When a dedicated right-of-way separates the side/rear lot line of a commercially zoned property and a R-1, R-2, R-3, R-3A or R-4 property, the 50 foot greenspace may be reduced by all or part of the right-of-way width by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen at site plan review. Where any permitted use would adjoin any residentially zoned property, at site plan review an appropriate fence or screen between the properties shall be presented for approval by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- 4. Where any permitted use would adjoin the Old Agency Road Corridor Preservation District" (OARC), a 75-foot landscaped open space shall be provided between any building, parking lot or paved area and the side/rear lot line adjoining said district. All landscaping shall be provided in accordance with standards adopted by the City of Ridgeland. In addition, a planting screen having a height of at least six feet shall be installed along the side/rear lot line adjoining such residentially zoned property.
- H. Minimum Space between Buildings on the Same Lot: No principal building or accessory building shall be constructed nearer than twenty (20) feet to any other principal building or accessory building unless otherwise specified in the Standard Codes of the City of Ridgeland.

400.05 REQUIRED LANDSCAPING FOR AREAS NOT USED FOR BUILDINGS OR OTHER STRUCTURES, PARKING, REQUIRED YARDS OR DRIVE-

WAYS: Developers of any use permitted outright or as a special exception in C-1 districts shall provide landscaping for all portions of a lot not used for buildings or other structures, parking, required yards or driveways. The location and type of landscaping to be installed shall be noted on the site plan. Developers shall refer to the standards adopted by the City of Ridgeland regarding the types of landscaping permitted. Maintenance of this required landscaping shall be the responsibility of the property owner, and failure to maintain the landscaping in a satisfactory manner shall constitute a violation of this Ordinance and be subject to the penalties prescribed herein.

- 400.06 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS.

 UNPAVED STREETS AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS: See Traffic
 Impact, Subdivision and Development Review Ordinances of the City of
 Ridgeland.
- 400.07 DIRECTIONAL EXTERIOR LIGHTING REQUIRED: The developer of any permitted or conditional use in a C-1 district shall be responsible for installing directional exterior lighting in accordance with adopted standards of the City of Ridgeland. Proposed exterior lighting as to type and location shall be shown on the required site plan.
- 400.08 RESIDENTIAL USES AND NOISE MITIGATION: In accordance with Federal Highway Administration guidelines, NO RESIDENTIAL USES permitted in C-1 (as special exceptions) districts shall be located closer than 100 feet from the right-of-way of existing or proposed streets designated as arterial streets on the adopted Land Use/Thoroughfares Plan, nor closer than 500 feet from the right-of-way of an Interstate highway.
- **400.09 REQUIRED OFF-STREET PARKING, LOADING AND ACCESS CONTROL:** See Section 37 for off-street parking, loading and access control requirements.

400.10 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

SECTION 410 - GENERAL COMMERCIAL DISTRICT (C-2)

410.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT:

- A. The purpose of this district is to promote the development of well planned shopping centers and independent (free-standing) commercial uses within carefully selected areas of the City of Ridgeland. The commercial activities permitted in this district include uses of a higher intensity than those first allowed in Restricted Commercial districts (C-1). Although shopping center uses permitted in this zone require access to an arterial street, such uses are not "highway-oriented" like those first allowed in the Highway Commercial (C-4) district.
- B. It is the intent of this Ordinance that shopping centers and independent commercial uses be developed so that pedestrian and vehicular circulation is coordinated with the circulation patterns of adjacent properties in the vicinity that are also affected. In order to facilitate access between adjoining properties and to reduce the number of curb cuts onto arterial streets, the installation of a service drive shall be considered in connection with any independent commercial use (i.e., a commercial use that is not a part of a shopping center) proposed in this district.
- 410.02 LAND USES PERMITTED: The following uses are permitted outright in C-2 districts subject to the regulations prescribed herein:
 - A. All commercial uses allowed in the Restricted Commercial (C-1) district, subject to all C-1 district regulations.
 - B. Commercial uses in which services performed and merchandise offered for sale are conducted or displayed entirely within enclosed structures, including department stores (full line or discount) and furniture and appliance stores. However, large enclosed sports and recreational facilities like skating rinks, bowling alleys, gymnasiums and similar facilities SHALL NOT be permitted in this district; these are first permitted in C-4 Highway Commercial districts.
 - C. Shopping centers located on minimum sites of three (3) acres on an existing or proposed arterial street as shown on the adopted *Thoroughfares Plan*; shopping centers may contain any of the uses permitted outright in C-2 zones.
 - **D.** Hotels and motels and related restaurants and convention facilities.
 - **E.** Broadcast studios (with transmitting towers located elsewhere).

- F. Commercial healthcare facilities, such as dialysis centers, physical thereapy facilities, diagnostic and imaging facilities, 24-hour medical clinics, etc.
- **G.** Veterinary clinics and pet shops, excluding outside runs (kennels).
- **H.** Mortuaries, funeral homes, mausoleums, chapels and related facilities, provided such uses shall be located on an existing or proposed arterial street as shown on the adopted *Thoroughfares Plan*.
- I. Public streets and highways.
- **J.** Free standing, enclosed restaurants.

410.03 CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 600.09

- A. Townhouses and patio homes, subject to ALL regulations of the R-3 Single Family Residential District and R-4 Townhouse and Zero Lot Line Residential District, provided: that the front yard setback for these residential uses when fronting on a principal arterial or minor arterial street (according to the adopted *Thoroughfares Plan*); shall be at least 100 feet from the existing or proposed street right-of-way of such arterial streets; or that noise mitigation measures, acceptable to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen (such as berms), be installed by the developers of these residential uses.
- **B.** Public or quasi-public facilities and utilities in compliance with Section 32 and other regulations of this Ordinance.
- C. Multi-family residential uses (apartments or condominiums) at the same density and subject to the same regulations as prescribed under the R-5 Multiple Family Residential district of this Ordinance.
- **D.** Conditional uses listed under the C-1 Restricted Commercial District regulations.
- **E.** Buildings in excess of 48 feet or four stories.

410.04DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS:

- A. Maximum Building Height: 48 feet or four stories, but higher buildings may be considered as special exceptions subject to the provisions of Section 600.09.
- B. Minimum Lot Area:

- 1. Shopping centers: Three (3) acres. (NOTE: According to the Urban Land Institute, the "usual minimum site area" for a neighborhood shopping center, which is the smallest type, is four acres; the neighborhood center ranges up to 10 acres. These neighborhood centers have a gross leasable area of 30,000 to 100,000 square feet and serve a trade area population of 5,000 to 40,000 people within six minutes driving time.---Technical Bulletin 69).
- 2. Independent commercial uses: No minimum lot area is required.

C. Minimum Lot Width:

- 1. Shopping centers: 300 feet.
- 2. Independent commercial uses: No minimum lot width required.
- **D.** Maximum Buildable Area: The aggregate square footage of all buildings shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the gross lot area.
- E. Maximum Floor Area Ratio (FAR): 1.0. (Example: 20,000 square foot lot--100 feet x 200 feet---with a building, 5,000 square feet on each of four floors: total square footage = 20,000 square feet divided by 20,000 square feet = 1.0 FAR).
- F. Minimum Yards: The minimum yard requirements for all uses permitted in a C-2 district shall be as follows:
 - 1. **Front yard**: 100 feet for townhouses or patio homes fronting on principal arterial or minor arterial streets; OR that noise mitigation measures acceptable to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen be installed; otherwise, 30 feet.
 - 2. Side yards and rear yards: 10 feet.
 - 3. Where any permitted use, would adjoin property zoned R-1, R-2, R-3, R-3A, or R-4, a 50-foot landscaped open space shall be provided between any building, parking lot or paved area and the side/rear lot line adjoining such residentially zoned property. When a dedicated right-of-way separates the side/rear lot line of a commercially zoned property and a R-1, R-2, R-3, R-3A or R-4 property, the 50 foot greenspace may be reduced by all or part of the right-of-way width by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen at site

- plan review. Where any permitted use would adjoin any residentially zoned property, at site plan review an appropriate fence or screen between the properties shall be presented for approval by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- 4. Where any permitted use would adjoin the "Old Agency Road Corridor Preservation District" (OARC), a 75-foot landscaped open space shall be provided between any building, parking lot or paved area and the side/rear lot line adjoining said district in accordance with standards adopted by the City of Ridgeland. In addition, a planting screen having a height of at least six feet shall be installed along the side/rear lot line adjoining such residentially zoned property.
- G. Internal Building Space: No principal building or accessory building shall be constructed nearer than 20 feet to any other principal building or accessory building, unless otherwise specified in the Standard Codes of the City of Ridgeland.
- **410.05 SITE PLAN REQUIRED:** A site plan shall be submitted in accordance with Section 600.11 of this Ordinance.
- 410.06 REQUIRED LANDSCAPING FOR AREAS NOT USED FOR BUILDINGS
 OR OTHER STRUCTURES, PARKING, REQUIRED YARDS OR
 DRIVEWAYS: Developers of any use permitted outright or as a special
 exception in C-2 districts shall provide landscaping for all portions of a lot not
 used for buildings or other structures, parking, required yards or driveways. The
 location and type of landscaping to be installed shall be noted on the site plan.
 Developers shall refer to the standards adopted by the City of Ridgeland regarding
 the types of landscaping permitted. Maintenance of this required landscaping
 shall be the responsibility of the property owner and failure to maintain the
 landscaping in a satisfactory manner shall constitute a violation of this Ordinance
 and be subject to the penalties prescribed herein.
- 410.07 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS: See Traffic Impact, Subdivision and Development Review Ordinances of the City of Ridgeland.
- 410.08 DIRECTIONAL EXTERIOR LIGHTING REQUIRED: The developer of any permitted use in a C-2 district shall be responsible for installing directional exterior lighting in accordance with adopted standards of the City of Ridgeland. Proposed exterior lighting as to type and location shall be shown on the required site plan.

- 410.09 RESIDENTIAL USES AND NOISE MITIGATION: In accordance with Federal Highway Administration guidelines, no residential uses permitted in C-2 districts shall be located closer than 100 feet from the right-of-way of streets designated as arterial streets on the adopted Land Use/ Thoroughfares Plan, nor closer than 500 feet from the right-of-way of an Interstate highway.
- 410.10 REQUIREMENTS FOR OFF-STREET PARKING, LOADING AND ACCESS CONTROL: Developers of any proposed commercial use or permitted special exception in a C-2 district shall comply with parking, loading and access control requirements included under Section 37.

410.11 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

ORDINANCE AMENDING SECTIONS 420.02 and 420.04 OF THE ZONING ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI

WHEREAS, the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, was adopted on February 6, 2001, and became effective on March 22, 2001; and,

WHEREAS, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen set a public hearing to consider an amendment to Section 420.02 of the Zoning Ordinance for the 1st day of June, 2004 at 6:30 o'clock p.m.; and,

WHEREAS, the City Clerk did cause notice of said hearing to be published in the Madison County Journal, a newspaper published in the City of Ridgeland, Madison County, Mississippi, in the manner and for the time required by law; and,

WHEREAS, at the time, date and place specified in the notice, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, did conduct a full and complete hearing and thereafter, did recommend that the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi be amended as set out hereinafter; and,

WHEREAS, having considered all the facts and discussions made, and after further discussion thereof, Alderman Linda Trunzler offered the following ordinance and moved that it be adopted, to-wit:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Madison County, Mississippi, as follows, to-wit:

Section 1

That the matters and facts stated in the preamble hereof are found to be true and correct.

Section 2

Section 420.02 – Land Uses Permitted in the General Commercial District (C-2A) (Arterial Streets) is amended by deleting C. Fast Food Restaurants.

Section 3

There is hereby added to the Zoning Ordinance:

420.04 Conditional Uses And Structures As Provided Under Section 600.09

A. Fast Food Restaurants

Section 4

The City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, Zoning Ordinance shall be, and the same is hereby amended to reflect the foregoing changes in the text of the Zoning Ordinance from and after 30 days from the date of adoption by this Board.

ORDAINED, ADOPTED AND APPROVED by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi at a meeting thereof held on the 1st day of June, 2004.

The motion for adoption was seconded by Alderman Scott Jones and the foregoing Ordinance having been first reduced to writing, was considered and approved section by section and then as a whole and was submitted to the Board of Aldermen for passage or rejection on roll call vote being as follows, to-wit:

__Aye__

Alderman Ken Heard	_Aye_
Alderman Chuck Gautier	_Aye_
Alderman Mike Crook	_Aye_
Alderman Larry Roberts	_Aye_

Alderman Scott Jones

Alderman Linda Trunzler <u>Aye</u>
Alderman Gerald Steen Nay
Whereupon, the Mayor declared the motion carried and Ordinance adopted.
The foregoing Ordinance is approved this the 1 st day of June, 2004.
CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI
By: /s/ Gene F. McGee
Gene F. McGee, Mayor of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi
ATTEST:
/s/ David Overby DAVID OVERBY, City Clerk

ZONEAMD-SEC420-02 6/1/04 -MMH

ORDINANCE AMENDING SECTIONS 420.02 and 420.04 OF THE ZONING ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI

WHEREAS, the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, was adopted on February 6, 2001, and became effective on March 22, 2001; and,

WHEREAS, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen set a public hearing to consider an amendment to Section 420.02 of the Zoning Ordinance for the 6th day of July, 2004 at 6:30 o'clock p.m.; and,

WHEREAS, the City Clerk did cause notice of said hearing to be published in the Madison County Journal, a newspaper published in the City of Ridgeland, Madison County, Mississippi, in the manner and for the time required by law; and,

WHEREAS, at the time, date and place specified in the notice, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, did conduct a full and complete hearing and thereafter, did recommend that the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi be amended as set out hereinafter; and,

WHEREAS, having considered all the facts and discussions made, and after further discussion thereof, Alderman Linda Trunzler offered the following ordinance and moved that it be adopted, to-wit:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Madison County, Mississippi, as follows, to-wit:

Section 1

That the matters and facts stated in the preamble hereof are found to be true and correct.

Section 2

Section 420.02 – Land Uses Permitted in the General Commercial District (C-2A) (Arterial Streets) is amended by deleting D. Convenience Stores.

Section 3

There is hereby added to the Zoning Ordinance:

420.04 Conditional Uses And Structures As Provided Under Section 600.09

B. Convenience Stores

Section 4

The City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, Zoning Ordinance shall be, and the same is hereby amended to reflect the foregoing changes in the text of the Zoning Ordinance from and after 30 days from the date of adoption by this Board.

ORDAINED, ADOPTED AND APPROVED by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi at a meeting thereof held on the 6th day of July, 2004.

The motion for adoption was seconded by Alderman Scott Jones and the foregoing

Ordinance having been first reduced to writing, was considered and approved section by section
and then as a whole and was submitted to the Board of Aldermen for passage or rejection on roll
call vote being as follows, to-wit:

Alderman Ken Heard Aye

Alderman Chuck Gautier Absent

Alderman Mike Crook Aye

Alderman Larry Roberts Aye

Alderman Scott Jones Aye

Alderman Linda Trunzler

Aye

Alderman Gerald Steen

Nay

Whereupon, the Mayor declared the motion carried and Ordinance adopted.

The foregoing Ordinance is approved this the 6th day of July, 2004.

CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI

By: /s/ Gene F. McGee

Gene F. McGee, Mayor of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi

ATTEST:

/s/ David Overby
DAVID OVERBY, City Clerk

ZONEAMD-CONVEN-STORE-ORD 7/1/04 -MMH

SECTION 420 - GENERAL COMMERCIAL DISTRICT (C-2A) (ARTERIAL STREETS)

- **420.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT:** The purpose of this district is to allow property zoned General Commercial (C-2) located on the principal arterial streets of Old Canton Road, County Line Road, Highway 51, and Lake Harbor Drive (East of Friendship Park) to have additional permitted uses because of the volume of traffic located in these areas.
- **420.02 LAND USES PERMITTED:** The purpose of this district is to allow property zoned General Commercial (C-2) located on the principal arterial streets of Old Canton Road, County Line Road, Highway 51, and Lake Harbor Drive (East of Friendship) to have additional permitted uses because of the volume of traffic located in these areas.
 - A. All commercial uses allowed in the General Commercial (C-2) District, subject to all C-2 district regulations.
 - **B.** Banks, branch banks, automatic teller machines and other banking facilities.
 - **C.** Fast food restaurants.
 - **D.** Convenience stores.
 - **E.** Laundry and dry cleaning pickup stations.
- **420.03** OTHER REQUIREMENTS: All other requirements found in Section 410 General Commercial District (C-2) shall apply.

SECTION 430 - CONVENIENCE COMMERCIAL DISTRICT (C-3)

- 430.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: The purpose of this district is to establish specific areas for the development of convenience commercial uses. These uses generate heavier vehicular traffic volumes than uses first allowed in the C-2 General Commercial districts; for example, fast food restaurants (restaurants whose principal business is the sale of pre-prepared or rapidly prepared food directly to the customer in a ready-to-consume state for consumption either within the restaurant or off premises) generate 533 vehicle trips per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area per day, whereas full-service restaurants generate only 56.3 vehicle trips per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area per day (according to the Transportation Research Board, National Research Council). Furthermore, the uses first permitted in this district tend to generate more noise and litter than General Commercial uses. These districts are appropriate for location near the intersections of arterial streets, well away from ANY residential uses.
- **430.02 LAND USES PERMITTED**: The following uses are permitted outright in C-3 districts, subject to the regulations prescribed herein:
 - A. Any use permitted outright in C-2 General Commercial districts, SUBJECT TO THE REGULATIONS OF THE C-2 DISTRICT.
 - **B.** Convenience stores.
 - C. Service stations.
 - **D.** Car washes/vacuum cleaner stations and quick car care clinics (lubrication, tune-up, etc.).
 - **E.** Fast food restaurants and drive-in restaurants, as defined by this Ordinance.
 - **F.** Food product carry-out and delivery stores.
 - **G.** Branch banks and automatic teller machines and other banking facilities.
 - **H.** Laundry and dry cleaning pickup stations.
 - I. Photomats.
 - J. Free-standing "game rooms", for electronic video games, pool tables, etc.

- **K.** Child care facilities.
- L. Public streets and highways.

430.03 CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 600.09

Public or quasi-public facilities or utilities may be considered as conditional uses (special exceptions), subject to the provisions of Section 32 of this Ordinance.

- 430.04 **DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS**: With the exception of minimum yards, dimensional requirements for uses first permitted in C-3 Convenience Commercial districts are more restrictive than regulations for uses permitted in the C-2 General Commercial districts. This is due to the traffic and noise-related characteristics of uses first permitted in C-3 districts.
 - A. Maximum Building Height: 48 feet or four stories.
 - B. Minimum Lot Area: None.
 - C. Minimum Lot Width: None.
 - **D.** Maximum Buildable Area: The aggregate square footage of all buildings shall not exceed twenty-five (25%) of the gross lot area.
 - E. Maximum Floor Area Ratio (FAR): .25 (Example: 20,000 square foot lot---100 feet x 200 feet---with a building, 5,000 square feet on one floor: 5,000 square feet divided by 20,000 square feet = .25 FAR).
 - F. Minimum Yards: The minimum yard requirements FOR USES FIRST PERMITTED in a C-3 Convenience Commercial district shall be as follows:
 - 1. Front yard: 30 feet from the right-of-way line of an existing or proposed street in accordance with the adopted *Thoroughfares Plan*.
 - 2. **Side yards and rear yards**: 10 feet. Side and rear yards shall not be penetrated by driveways and shall not be used for parking. These yards shall remain open and shall be landscaped with grass, trees, shrubs and pedestrian walks in accordance with adopted standards of the City of Ridgeland.

- 3. Where any permitted use would adjoin property zoned R-1, R-2, R-3, or R-4, a 50-foot landscaped open space shall be provided between any building, parking lot or paved area and the side/rear lot line adjoining such residentially-zoned property. When a dedicated right-of-way separates the side/rear lot line of a commercially zoned property and a R-1, R-2, R-3, or R-4 property, the 50 foot greenspace may be reduced by all or part of the right-of-way width by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen at site plan review. Where any permitted use would adjoin any residentially zoned property, at site plan review an appropriate fence or screen between the properties shall be presented for approval by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- G. <u>Internal Building Space</u>: No principal building or accessory building shall be constructed nearer than 30 feet to any other principal building or accessory building.
- **430.05 SITE PLAN REQUIRED**: A site plan shall be submitted in accordance with 600.11 of this Ordinance.
- 430.06 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS,

 UNPAVED STREETS AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS: See Traffic

 Impact, Subdivision and Development Review Ordinances of the City of
 Ridgeland.
- 430.07 REQUIRED LANDSCAPING FOR AREAS NOT USED FOR BUILDINGS OR OTHER STRUCTURES. PARKING. REQUIRED YARDS OR DRIVEWAYS: The first five feet adjacent to the boundary line on rear and side yards and the first ten feet adjacent to the street on the front setback shall be landscaped. All spaces required by Section 430.04 F 3 shall be landscaped. The location and type of landscaping to be installed shall be noted on the site plan. Maintenance of this required landscaping shall be the responsibility of the property owner and failure to maintain the landscaping in a satisfactory manner shall constitute a violation of this Ordinance and be subject to the penalties prescribed herein.
- 430.08 DIRECTIONAL EXTERIOR LIGHTING REQUIRED: The developer of any permitted use in a C-3 district shall be responsible for installing directional exterior lighting in accordance with adopted standards of the City of Ridgeland. Proposed exterior lighting as to type and location shall be shown on the required site plan.
- 430.09 REQUIRED FOR OFF-STREET PARKING, LOADING AND ACCESS CONTROL: Developers of any proposed commercial use or permitted special

exception in a C-3 district shall comply with parking, loading and access control requirements included under Section 37.

430.10 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

ORDINANCE AMENDING SECTIONS 440.01, 440.02 AND 440.03 OF THE OFFICIAL ZONING ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI

WHEREAS, the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, was adopted on February 6, 2001, and became effective on March 22, 2001; and,

WHEREAS, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen set a public hearing to consider amending certain sections of the Highway Commercial District (C-4) of the Zoning Ordinance for the 16th day of January, 2007, at 6:30 o'clock p.m.; and,

WHEREAS, the City Clerk did cause notice of said hearing to be published in the Madison County Journal, a newspaper published in the City of Ridgeland, Madison County, Mississippi, in the manner and for the time required by law; and,

WHEREAS, at the time date and place specified in the notice, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi did conduct a full and complete hearing and thereafter did recommend that the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi be amended as set out hereinafter; and,

WHEREAS, having considered all the facts and discussions made, and after further discussion thereof, Aldermen Chuck Gautier offered the following Ordinance and moved that it be adopted, to-wit:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Madison County, Mississippi, as follows, to-wit:

Section I

That the matters and facts stated in the preamble hereof are found to be true and correct.

Section II

Section 440.01 – PURPOSE OF THE DISTRICT is amended to now read:

440.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: The purpose of this district is to provide an area for highly planned developments that typically require direct auto traffic access and visibility from Federal-Aid Primary highways (U. S. highways) and Interstate highways. Any development within this zone shall reflect high aesthetic qualities, be developed in an orderly fashion that exhibits continuity throughout the entire district, and must exhibit an appearance consistent with the latest planning directives as recommended by the Board of Aldermen. Because of Federal Highway Administration noise mitigation guidelines relative to the location of dwellings in relation to Interstate highways, residential development shall be prohibited in these districts.

Section III

Section 440.02 – LAND USES PERMITTED is amended to now read:

- **440.02 LAND USES PERMITTED**: The following uses are permitted outright in the C-4 districts subject to the regulations prescribed herein:
 - A. Professional Offices.
 - B. Public streets and highways.

Section IV

Section 440.03 - CONDITIONAL USES (SPECIAL EXCEPTIONS) AND

STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 600.09 is amended to now read:

440.03 CONDITIONAL USES (SPECIAL EXCEPTIONS) AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 600.09

- A. Public or quasi-public facilities and utilities in compliance with Section 32 and other regulations of this Ordinance.
- **B.** Automobile, truck and other vehicle sales and service (both new and used), EXCLUDING heavy machinery and implement dealers and repair shops.
- C. Yard and garden centers, nurseries, and greenhouse operations.
- **D.** Large FULLY ENCLOSED sports and recreational facilities such as skating rinks, bowling alleys, dance halls, gymnasiums and similar uses.

- E. Commercial kennels.
- F. Any use permitted outright in C-1 Restricted Commercial District, C-2 General Commercial Districts, or C-3 Convenience Commercial Districts, Subject to the REGULATIONS OF THOSE DISTRICTS.
- **G.** Conditional uses listed under the C-3 Convenience Commercial District regulations.
- H. Buildings in excess of 48 feet or four stories.

Section V

The City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, Zoning Ordinance shall be, and the same is hereby amended to reflect the foregoing changes in the text of the Zoning Ordinance from and after thirty (30) days from the date of adoption by this Board.

ORDAINED, ADOPTED AND APPROVED by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi at a meeting thereof held on the 16th day of January, 2007.

The motion for adoption was seconded by Alderman Kevin Holder and the foregoing Ordinance having been first reduced to writing, was considered and approved section by section and then as a whole and was submitted to the Board of Aldermen for passage or rejection on roll call vote being as follows, to-wit:

Alderman Ken Heard	Aye
Alderman Chuck Gautier	Aye
Alderman Kevin Holder	Aye
Alderman Larry Roberts	Aye
Alderman Scott Jones	Aye

Alderman Linda S. Davis

Aye

Alderman Gerald Steen

Aye

Whereupon, the Mayor declared the motion carried and Ordinance adopted.

The foregoing Ordinance is approved this the 16th day of January, 2007.

CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI

By:

Gene F. McGee, Mayor of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi

ATTEST:

DAVID OVERBY, City Clerk

ZONEAMD-SEC440-ORD 1/16/07-MMH

SECTION 440 - HIGHWAY COMMERCIAL DISTRICT (C-4)

- 440.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: The purpose of this district is to provide an area for highly planned developments that typically require direct auto traffic access and visibility from Federal-Aid Primary highways (U. S. highways) and Interstate highways. Any development within this zone shall reflect high aesthetic qualities, be developed in an orderly fashion that exhibits continuity throughout the entire district, and must exhibit an appearance consistent with the latest planning directives as recommended by the Board of Aldermen. Because of Federal Highway Administration noise mitigation guidelines relative to the location of dwellings in relation to Interstate highways, residential development shall be prohibited in these districts.
- **440.02 LAND USES PERMITTED**: The following uses are permitted outright in the C-4 districts subject to the regulations prescribed herein:
 - A. Professional Offices.
 - **B.** Public streets and highways.

440.03 CONDITIONAL USES (SPECIAL EXCEPTIONS) AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 600.09

- **A.** Public or quasi-public facilities and utilities in compliance with Section 32 and other regulations of this Ordinance.
- **B.** Automobile, truck and other vehicle sales and service (both new and used), EXCLUDING heavy machinery and implement dealers and repair shops.
- C. Yard and garden centers, nurseries, and greenhouse operations.
- **D.** Large FULLY ENCLOSED sports and recreational facilities such as skating rinks, bowling alleys, dance halls, gymnasiums and similar uses.
- E. Commercial kennels.
- **F.** Any use permitted outright in C-1 Restricted Commercial District, C-2 General Commercial Districts, or C-3 Convenience Commercial Districts, Subject to the REGULATIONS OF THOSE DISTRICTS.
- G. Conditional uses listed under the C-3 Convenience Commercial District regulations.
- **H.** Buildings in excess of 48 feet or four stories.

440.04 DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS:

A. Maximum Building Height: 48 feet or four stories.

B. Minimum Lot Area: 10,000 square feet.

C. Minimum Lot Width: 100 feet.

- **D.** Maximum Buildable Area: The aggregate square footage of all buildings shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the gross lot area.
- E. Maximum Floor Area Ratio (FAR): 0.5. (Example: 20,000 square feet lot 100 feet x 200 feet with a building, 5,000 square feet on each of four floors: total square footage = 20,000 square feet divided by 20,000 square feet = 1.0 FAR).

F. Minimum Yards:

- 1. **Front yard**: 30 feet from the right-of-way line of an existing or proposed street in accordance with the adopted *Thoroughfares Plan*.
- 2. Side yards and rear yards: 10 feet.
- 3. Where any permitted use would adjoin property zoned R-1, R-2, R-3, R-3A or R-4, a 50-foot landscaped open space shall be provided between any building, parking lot or paved area and the side/rear lot line adjoining such residentially-zoned property. When a dedicated right-of-way separates the side/rear lot line of a commercially zoned property and a R-1, R-2, R-3, R-3A or R-4 property, the 50 foot greenspace may be reduced by all or part of the right-of-way width by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen at site plan review. Where any permitted use would adjoin any residentially zoned property, at site plan review an appropriate fence or screen between the properties shall be presented for approval by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- **G.** Internal Building Space: No building within the C-4 district shall be nearer than 20 feet to any other building, unless otherwise specified in the Standard Codes of the City of Ridgeland.

440.05 REQUIRED LANDSCAPING FOR AREAS NOT USED FOR BUILDINGS OR OTHER STRUCTURES, PARKING, REQUIRED YARDS OR DRIVEWAYS:

The first five feet adjacent to the boundary line on rear and side yards and the first ten feet adjacent to the street on the front setback shall be landscaped. The location and type of landscaping to be installed shall be noted on the site plan. Developers shall refer to the standards adopted by the City of Ridgeland regarding the types of landscaping permitted. Maintenance of this required landscaping shall be the responsibility of the

property owner and failure to maintain the landscaping in a satisfactory manner shall constitute a violation of this Ordinance and be subject to the penalties prescribed herein.

- 440.06 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS, AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS: See Traffic Impact, Subdivision and Development Review Ordinances of the City of Ridgeland.
- **440.07 REQUIRED FOR OFF-STREET PARKING, LOADING AND ACCESS CONTROL:** For reasons of fire safety all proposed commercial uses shall provide at least two separate points of ingress/egress to and from the development. Spacing requirements for these access points are provided under Section 37. Developers of any proposed commercial use or permitted special exception shall comply with parking, loading and access requirements included under Section 37.

440.08 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

SECTION 450 - HIGH INTENSITY COMMERCIAL (C-5)

- **450.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT:** The purpose of this district is to provide areas for the development of land uses in which all or part of the associated activity is conducted outdoors. The uses first permitted in this district are appropriate only in selected areas adjacent to major thoroughfares or railroads, well away from all residential areas. These uses tend to generate noise levels detectable at considerable distances off the premises.
- **450.02 LAND USES PERMITTED:** The following uses are permitted outright in C-5 districts subject to the regulations prescribed herein:
 - A. Any use permitted outright in C-4 Highway Commercial districts.
 - **B.** Truck stops.
 - C. Heavy equipment sales and service.
 - **D.** Mobile home sales
 - E. Recreational vehicle sales and service.
 - F. Boat Sales and Service.
 - **G.** Bus terminals.
 - H. Building materials sales where some or all building materials, such as bricks, lumber, concrete culverts etc., are displayed outdoors or are visible from adjoining thoroughfares. (NOTE: This permitted use does not include the manufacturing of such building materials.)
 - I. Outdoor commercial recreational enterprises, such as water slides, golf driving ranges, amusement parks, etc.
 - **J.** Public streets and highways.
- 450.03 CONDITIONAL USES (SPECIAL EXCEPTIONS) AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 600.09: Any use permitted as a conditional use in C-4 Highway Commercial districts may be considered as a conditional use in C-5 High Intensity Commercial districts.

450.04 <u>DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS</u>:

- A. Maximum Building Height: 48 feet or four stories.
- B. Minimum Lot Area: 10,000 square feet.
- C. Minimum Lot Width: 100 feet.
- **D.** Maximum Buildable Area: The aggregate square footage of all buildings shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the gross lot area.
- E. Maximum Floor Area Ratio (FAR): 0.5.

F. Minimum Yards:

- 1. **Front yard**: 50 feet from the right-of-way line of an existing or proposed street in accordance with the adopted *Thoroughfares Plan*.
- 2. Side yards and rear yards: 20 feet. Side and rear yards shall not be penetrated by driveways and shall not be used for parking. These yards shall remain open and shall be landscaped with grass, trees, shrubs and pedestrian walks in accordance with adopted standards of the City of Ridgeland.
- 3. Where any permitted use would adjoin property zoned R-E, R-1, R-1A, R-2, R-3, or R-4, a 50-foot landscaped open space shall be provided between any building, parking lot or paved area and the side/rear lot line adjoining such residentially-zoned property. When a dedicated right-of-way separates the side/rear lot line of a commercially-zoned property and a R-E, R-1, R-1A, R-2, R-3, or R-4 property, the 50-foot greenspace may be reduced by all or part of the right-of-way width by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen at site plan review. At site plan review, where any permitted use would adjoin any residentially-zoned property, an appropriate fence or screen between the properties shall be presented for approval by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- G. Internal Building Space: No building within the C-5 district shall be nearer than 20 feet to any other building, unless otherwise specified in the Standard Codes of the City of Ridgeland.
- **450.05 SITE PLAN REQUIRED:** A site plan shall be submitted in accordance with Section 600.11 of this Ordinance.

450.06 REQUIRED LANDSCAPING FOR AREAS NOT USED FOR BUILDINGS OR OTHER STRUCTURES, PARKING, REQUIRED YARDS OR DRIVEWAYS: Developers of any use permitted outright or as a special exception in C-5 districts shall provide landscaping for all portions of a lot not used for buildings or other structures, parking, required yards or driveways. The

location and type of landscaping to be installed shall be noted on the site plan.

Maintenance of this required landscaping shall be the responsibility of the property owner and failure to maintain the landscaping in a satisfactory manner shall constitute a violation of this Ordinance and be subject to the penalties prescribed herein.

450.07 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS. AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS: See Traffic Impact, Subdivision and Development Review Ordinances of the City of Ridgeland.

450.08 REQUIRED FOR OFF-STREET PARKING, LOADING AND ACCESS CONTROL: For reasons of fire safety all proposed commercial uses shall provide at least two separate points of ingress/egress to and from the development. Spacing requirements for these access points are provided under Section 37. Developers of any proposed commercial use or permitted special exception shall comply with parking, loading and access requirements included

450.09 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

under Section 37.

SECTION 460 - REGIONAL SHOPPING MALL DISTRICT (C-6)

460.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: The purpose of this District is to provide for the preservation and perpetuation of retail and commercial enterprise and to provide areas for the development of regional shopping malls of integrated design and high density development of commercial businesses in certain areas adjacent to major transportation arteries or thoroughfares within the City. For the purposes of this Ordinance a regional shopping mall shall be any grouping of commercial activities the structure of which exceeds 400,000 square feet in leasable floor space. Properties immediately adjacent to the regional shopping mall may be zoned within this district if their proposed development is consistent with the mall development and plan.

460.02 LAND USE PERMITTED:

- A. Any use permitted in C-1, C-2, C-2A, C-3 or C-4 zoning except automobile and truck dealerships and dance hall facilities.
- **B.** Outside activities that are common to regional malls including, but not limited to, balloon races, fun runs, festivals, etc.
- C. Fully enclosed sports, recreational and entertainment facilities such as motion picture theaters, bowling alleys, skating rinks, enclosed target shooting ranges and gymnasiums are allowed both within the primary mall structure and on separate out parcels.
- 460.03 **DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS:** Dimensional requirements, including building height, lot area, maximum buildable area, yard size, landscaping, off-street parking, loading and access control shall be considered upon the submission of a site plan in accordance with Section 600.11 of this Ordinance.

SECTION 500 - LIMITED INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT (I-1)

- 500.01 PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: The purpose of this district is to provide areas for the exclusive development of limited manufacturing and industrial uses within enclosed structures. It is the intent of this Ordinance that I-1 land uses be compatible with abutting districts, such as commercial districts, which will serve as transitional zones between the industrial uses and the lower intensity residential uses. The uses permitted in I-1 districts shall generate no objectionable odor, smoke, fumes, vibration, or excessive noise. Such limited industrial and related uses shall be located only in areas directly accessible to major thoroughfares or railroads. It is further the intent of this Ordinance that encroachment by all residential uses be prohibited.
- **500.02 LAND USES PERMITTED:** The following land uses shall be permitted in I-1 districts, provided such uses conform to standards established by appropriate Federal and State regulatory agencies:
 - A. Any uses permitted in C-4 Highway Commercial districts, SUBJECT TO THE REGULATIONS OF THAT DISTRICT AND SUBJECT TO APPROVAL BY THE MAYOR AND BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

 (NOTE: Uses first permitted in C-5 High Intensity Commercial Districts shall NOT be permitted in I-1 Districts.)
 - B. Light or limited manufacturing conducted wholly within completely enclosed buildings, except that the temporary storage of articles, materials, or other matter to be processed, assembled, or otherwise changed may be permitted if adequately screened or buffered. The manufacturing activities conducted in I-1 districts shall, in general, be dependent upon raw materials refined elsewhere. The following limited manufacturing uses shall be permitted, provided they are not offensive to neighboring land uses due to the emission of dust, gas, smoke, noise, fumes, odors, vibrations, fire hazards, or other objectionable influences:
 - 1. Processing, canning, packaging and other treatment of food products, including: bakery products, confectionary and related products, fruit and vegetable products, fish, poultry and other meat products, excluding the rendering or refining of fats and oils and the slaughtering of animals; and other kindred products.
 - 2. Manufacturing, assembly or other treatment of products from the following secondary materials (previously prepared or refined

- materials): plastics, glass, paper, precious or semi-precious metals or stones, tobacco, and wood (excluding sawmills).
- 3. Fabrication of metal products including the manufacture of: machinery (engines and turbines, farm machinery and equipment, etc.); electrical equipment and supplies; transportation equipment (including motor vehicles and parts, aircraft and parts, motorcycles, bicycles and parts, etc.); and other secondary metal manufacturing such as metal cans, cutlery, hand tools, and general hardware, heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures, metal stamping, fabricated wire products, and coating, engraving and allied services.
- 4. Manufacturing of pottery or similar ceramic products (using only previously prepared or pulverized clay, and kilns fired only by electricity or natural gas).
- 5. Manufacturing of professional, scientific, and controlling instruments; photographic or optical goods; watches and clocks.
- 6. Manufacturing of textile mill products, including broad and narrow woven fabrics and other small wares (cotton, man-made fibers, silk and wool), floor coverings (rugs and carpets), yarns and similar products.
- 7. Manufacturing of apparel and other finished products made from fabrics, leather, fur and similar materials.
- C. Warehousing and storage, provided that all storage is within enclosed structures; such warehousing may include the storage of goods manufactured on the premises as well as goods manufactured off the site.
- **D.** Dwellings for resident watchmen and caretakers employed on the premises of the primary permitted use.
- **E.** Accessory structures and uses customary and incidental to any of the foregoing permitted uses and not otherwise prohibited.
- **F.** Public streets and highways.
- G. Other similar enterprises which are of the same character and nature as those specifically permitted above, but not to include those uses first permitted in the I-2 Heavy Industrial district.

500.03 CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED IN

SECTION 600.09:

- A. Public and quasi-public facilities and utilities may be allowed in this district in compliance with Section 32 of this Ordinance and subject to any limitations and restrictions deemed necessary by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- **B.** Conditional uses listed under the C-4 Highway Commercial District regulations, subject to C-4 Regulations.
- C. Television and radio transmitters, telephone microwave towers, and similar communications facilities.

500.04 DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS:

- **A.** Maximum Building Height: Subject to Site Plan Review.
- B. Minimum Lot Area: 10,000 square feet.
- C. Minimum Lot Width: 100 feet.
- **D.** Maximum Buildable Area: The aggregate square footage of all buildings shall not exceed sixty percent (60%) of the gross lot area.

E. Minimum Yards:

- 1. **Front yard**: 60 feet from the right-of-way line of an existing or proposed street in accordance with the adopted *Thoroughfares Plan*.
- 2. Side yards and rear yards: When a proposed I-1 use would adjoin a C-4 Highway Commercial or a C-5 High Intensity Commercial District or another industrial district or an existing commercial or industrial use, side and rear yards of 25 feet shall be required.

When a proposed I-1 use would adjoin any district other than a commercial or industrial district or an existing commercial or industrial use, side and rear yards of 50 feet shall be required. This 50 feet shall be landscaped open space.

F. Minimum Space hetween Buildings: No building within I-1 districts shall be nearer than 20 feet to any other building, unless otherwise specified in the Standard Codes of the City of Ridgeland.

500.05 REQUIRED PLANTING SCREEN FOR USES ABUTTING EXISTING SINGLE-FAMILY DETACHED RESIDENCES R-1 OR R-2 ZONES:

When a proposed use in the I-1 district will abut an existing single-family detached residence or an R-1 or R-2 zone, the developer shall install a planting screen having a height of at least six (6) feet along the side and/or rear property lines of the proposed use. The location and type of planting screen to be installed shall be noted on the site plan. Maintenance of this required planting screen shall be the responsibility of the property owner, and failure to maintain the planting screen shall constitute a violation of this Ordinance and be subject to the penalties prescribed herein.

500.06 REQUIRED LANDSCAPING FOR AREAS NOT USED FOR BUILDINGS OR OTHER STRUCTURES, PARKING, REQUIRED YARDS OR

DRIVEWAYS: Developers of any use permitted outright or as a special exception in I-1 districts shall provide landscaping for all portions of a lot not used for buildings or other structures, parking, required yards or driveways. The location and type of landscaping to be installed shall be noted on the site plan. Maintenance of this required landscaping shall be the responsibility of the property owner and failure to maintain the landscaping in a satisfactory manner shall constitute a violation of this Ordinance and be subject to the penalties prescribed herein.

500.07 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS. AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS: See Traffic Impact, Subdivision and Development Review Ordinances of the City of Ridgeland.

500.08 REQUIREMENTS FOR OFF-STREET PARKING, LOADING AND ACCESS CONTROL: See Section 37.

500.09 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

SECTION 510 - HEAVY INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT (I-2)

- areas for the exclusive development of industrial uses that generally have extensive space requirements and/or generate substantial amounts of noise, vibration, odors, or possess other objectionable characteristics. It is the intent of this Ordinance that such "heavy" industrial districts be located insofar as possible adjacent only to C-4 Highway Commercial districts, C-5 High Intensity Commercial districts, or I-1 Limited Industrial districts, which shall serve as transitional zones between I-2 districts and residential uses and lower intensity commercial uses. Heavy industrial uses shall be located only in areas directly accessible to major thoroughfares or railroads. (See also Section 36 of this Ordinance with regard to prohibited uses.)
- 510.02 LAND USES PERMITTED: The land uses permitted in I-2 districts may include those located OUTDOORS (for example, concrete manufacturing plants, sawmills, etc.) as well as those within enclosed structures, subject to the regulations of this Ordinance and standards established by appropriate Federal and State regulatory agencies. The following uses are permitted outright:
 - A. Any use permitted in an I-1 district, subject to I-1 regulations.
 - B. Heavy manufacturing uses WHICH ARE NOT POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS OR OFFENSIVE TO NEIGHBORING LAND USES due to the emission of dust, gas, smoke, noise, fumes, odors, vibrations, or other objectionable influences shall be permitted by right in I-2 districts, EXCEPT THAT MANUFACTURING USES OF THE "WET" TYPE (i.e., those industries which require large amounts of water in processing or discharge large amounts of by-products through the sewer system) SHALL BE PERMITTED ONLY AS CONDITIONAL USES (see Section 510.03).
 - C. Accessory structures and uses customary and incidental to any of the foregoing permitted uses and not otherwise prohibited.
 - **D.** Railroads rights-of-way.
 - **E.** Public streets and highways.

510.03 CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED IN SECTION

600.09:

- A. Any conditional use listed under I-1 district regulations, subject to I-1 regulations.
- **B.** Primary metal manufacturing, including: blast furnaces, steel works, and the rolling and finishing of ferrous metals; iron and steel foundries; primary smelting and refining of non-ferrous metals; and similar activities.
- C. Any manufacturing activity requiring large amounts of water for processing or discharging large amounts of waste or by-products into the sewer system.
- D. Mining, quarrying (including sand and gravel pits operations), and crude petroleum and natural gas production. In the case of open pit mining or quarrying, a Reclamation Plan shall be submitted to and approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen prior to the initiation of such uses.
- **E.** Junk yards and auto wrecking yards.
- F. Any other use of a heavy industrial nature which is not prohibited under Section 35.07 of this Ordinance or otherwise prohibited by law may be initiated in I-2 districts, subject to any limitations and restrictions deemed necessary by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.

510.04 DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS:

- A. Maximum Building Height: Subject to Site Plan Review.
- **B.** Minimum Lot Area: One (1) acre or 43,560 square feet.
- C. Minimum Lot Width: 100 feet.
- **D.** Maximum Buildable Area: The aggregate square footage of all buildings shall not exceed sixty percent (60%) of the gross lot area.

E. Minimum Yards:

- 1. **Front yard**: 60 feet from the right-of-way line of an existing or proposed street in accordance with the adopted *Thoroughfares Plan*.
- 2. **Side yards and rear yards**: When a proposed I-2 use would adjoin a C-4 Highway Commercial District or industrial district or use, side and rear yards of 25 feet shall be required. When a

proposed I-2 use would adjoin any district other than C-4, I-1, I-2, or any use other than commercial or industrial, side and rear yards of 60 feet shall be required.

F. Minimum Space between Buildings: No building within the I-2 district shall be nearer than 20 feet to any other building.

510.05 REQUIRED LANDSCAPING FOR AREAS NOT USED FOR BUILDINGS OR OTHER STRUCTURES, PARKING, REQUIRED YARDS OR

DRIVEWAYS: Developers of any use permitted outright or as a special exception in I-2 districts shall provide landscaping for all portions of a lot not used for buildings or other structures, parking, required yards or driveways. The location and type of landscaping to be installed shall be noted on the site plan. Developers shall refer to the standards adopted by the City of Ridgeland regarding the types of landscaping permitted. Maintenance of this required landscaping shall be the responsibility of the property owner and failure to maintain the landscaping in a satisfactory manner shall constitute a violation of this Ordinance and be subject to the penalties prescribed herein.

510.06 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EXISTING NARROW STREETS, AND PROPOSED NEW STREETS: See Traffic Impact, Subdivision and Development Review Ordinances of the City of Ridgeland.

510.07 REQUIRED FOR OFF-STREET PARKING, LOADING AND ACCESS CONTROL: See Section 37.

510.08 SIGNS: See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

SECTION 520 - TECHNICAL INDUSTRIAL PARK DISTRICT (TIP)

520.01 SECTION 2150 - PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT: The purpose of the Technical Industrial Park (TIP) District is to provide areas adjacent to major transportation arteries and thoroughfares where light industrial, technological and professional firms can locate with the assurance of a high permanent level of design quality, extensive site amenity, open space, and environmental protection. The operation and development standards of the TIP District are intended to provide for the protection and compatibility of abutting residential and non-industrial parcel and the compatibility and amenity among the firms located in the TIP District, by the application of stringent site planning and aesthetically desirable design.

520.02 LAND USES PERMITTED:

- A. All uses permitted in a C-2 (General) Commercial District, except when it abuts a residential district, then only C-1 uses are permitted.
- **B.** Research and laboratory facilities.
- C. Light manufacturing, compounding, processing, fabricating, assembling, or packaging facilities, with all such activities conducted wholly within enclosed structures. There shall be no exterior evidence of such activities, except for areas reserved for loading/unloading of materials from trucks. Furthermore, outdoor storage of manufacturing or other activities shall be prohibited.
- **D.** Colleges, vocational-technical schools and trade schools.
- E. All uses permitted shall be limited to those that are free of emissions consisting of odor, dust, smoke, cinders, gas, fumes, noise, vibration, refuse matter, water-carried waste, or other emissions detectable off the premises.

520.03 DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS:

- A. Minimum Lot Area: none.
- B. Minimum Lot Width: none.

C. Minimum Yards:

- 1. **Front yard or yards abutting streets:** 30 feet. No parking will be permitted in the first 15 feet, as measured from the street right-of-way, but access across this area with walks, bikeways, trails, and drives and the installation of identification signs will be permitted.
- 2. **Side yard width:** 10 feet, except where it adjoins residentially zoned property in which case it shall be increased to 50 feet. No building of any kind and no parking will be permitted in this setback area but access across this area with walks, bikeways, trails, and drives will be permitted. (See maximum building height.)
- 3. Rear yard depth: 20 feet, except where it adjoins residentially zoned property in which case it shall be increased to 50 feet. (See maximum building height.) No building of any kind and no parking will be permitted in this setback area, but access across this area with walks, bikeways, trails, and drives will be permitted. However, when a parcel adjoins residentially zoned property if the principal building is less than 10,000 square feet of gross floor area and has no dock loading space in the rear, parking will only be prohibited in the first 25 feet as measured from the abutting residentially zoned property.
- D. Maximum Building Height: 75 feet, except where the parcel adjoins low or moderate density residentially zoned property, in which case there shall be added one foot of yard setback for each foot of building height over 45 feet. No building of any kind and no parking nearer than 50 feet from the abutting residentially zoned property will be permitted in this setback area, but access across this area with walks, bikeways, trails, and drives will be permitted. See Table 500, Standard Building Code.
- **E.** Maximum Lot Coverage: 50 percent, except for a building over 45 feet, the maximum lot coverage shall be 30 percent including all buildings and accessory structures.
- F. Storage/Refuse Areas: All storage areas and refuse collection areas shall be located at the rear of the site and shall be totally encircled or screened by a fence, planting, or other suitable visual barrier. On corner parcels, storage and refuse areas must be located on the opposite corner of the parcel from the street corner.

- G. Loading/Unloading Areas: All loading and unloading space shall be located to the rear of the principal buildings. On comer parcels, or on through parcels, if there is only one principal building, one side of the principal building may be used for loading and unloading. Side loading is also permitted if the loading space is screened from abutting properties and the view from the street.
- **H.** Temporary Structures: No structure of a temporary character of any kind shall be permitted except during the construction period.

ARTICLE V: ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

SECTION 600 - ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

600.01 PURPOSE OF THIS ARTICLE: It is the purpose of this Article to prescribe the legal devices and procedures for administering and enforcing this Ordinance and to define the duties, powers, limitations and scope of jurisdiction for the various persons and groups which are concerned with the administration and enforcement of this Ordinance.

600.02 REQUIRED PERMITS, DRAWINGS, SURVEYS AND CERTIFICATES

- A. Building Permits Required: In accordance with the Standard Building Code, any person who desires to construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, demolish, or change the USE of a building or structure, or to cause such work to be done, shall first make application to the Building Official and obtain the required permit. Each application for a permit shall be filed, with the required fee, with the Building Official on a form furnished for that purpose. The Building Official shall, if not the same person as the Zoning Administrator, immediately furnish a copy of the application for a building permit to the Zoning Administrator.
- **B.** Plot Diagram Required: The Building Official shall require a plot diagram to be submitted with every application for a building permit. The plot diagram shall depict the following:
 - 1. Name of applicant/owner.
 - 2. The actual dimensions and shape of the lot to be built upon or changed in its use, in whole or in part, and the area of the lot in square feet.
 - 3. If the subject lot is part of a recorded subdivision, indicate the lot number and subdivision name.
 - 4. North arrow and scale of the plot diagram.
 - 5. The location and size (area in square feet) on the lot of every

- EXISTING building or structure, if any, and an indication of the height of existing buildings or structures.
- 6. Existing streets and proposed streets and street names (if known), indicating right-of-way widths.
- 7. The location and size (area in square feet) on the lot of the PROPOSED buildings or structures, and an indication of the height of the proposed buildings or structures.
- 8. A breakdown of proposed occupancy by use, indicating how each portion of existing and proposed buildings will be used.
- 9. Required yards (set-backs) in accordance with this Ordinance shown as dashed lines.
- 10. The location of existing and proposed driveways and parking in accordance with this Ordinance.
- 1. The location of existing and proposed easements, if any.
- 2. Such other information as the Zoning Administrator may require as necessary to satisfy the provisions of this Ordinance, the Standard Building Code, and other codes and Ordinances.
- 3. Elevations indicated by contours expressed in national geodetic vertical data.
- C. **Boundary Line Survey**: The Building Official may also require a boundary line survey, if necessary, prepared by a registered land surveyor.
- D. Site Plan: A site plan shall be submitted for ALL new buildings except single-family dwellings. When required under Section 600.11 of this Ordinance or other-wise required by the Building Official (or Zoning Administrator, if a separate individual serves in that capacity), four (4) copies of a Site Plan shall accompany the application for a building permit. If a Site Plan is required, this shall eliminate the need for a plot diagram specified under Section 600.02.
- E. Issuance of a Building Permit: If the Building Official is satisfied that the proposed construction or proposed change of use as described in the application for a permit and the plot diagram (or site plan, when required) filed therewith conform to the requirements of this Ordinance, the Sign Ordinance, the Standard Building Code and other pertinent laws and Ordinances, he shall issue a permit to the applicant. When the Building

Official issues a permit, he shall endorse, in writing, or stamp, all copies of the plot diagram or site plan "Reviewed". One copy of the plot diagram or site plan shall be returned to the applicant.

- F. Certificate of Occupancy: See Building Code of the City of Ridgeland.
- **G.** Appeals of Action of Building Official or Zoning Administrator: See Building Code of the City of Ridgeland.

600.03 ALL BUILDING AND ZONING-RELATED ACTIONS TO BE INITIATED THROUGH THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF COMMUNITY

DEYELOPMENT: All actions with regard to the *Standard Building Code*, this Ordinance, the *Sign Ordinance*, the *Development Review Ordinance*, and the *Subdivision Regulations* shall be initiated through the office of the Director of Community Development of the City of Ridgeland. The Director of Public Works, or his duly authorized representative, shall be responsible for coordinating all building and zoning-related activities with other City of Ridgeland officials, including (as appropriate) the Building Official, the City Engineer, the Zoning Administrator, the City Attorney, the Fire Chief, Police Chief, Mayor and Board of Aldermen, chairmen of the Zoning Board, Planning Commission and other City boards or commissions having responsibility with regard to building or development matters.

600.04 DUTIES, POWERS, AND LIMITATION OF POWERS OF THE BUILDING OFFICIAL AND ZONING ADMINISTRATOR IN THE ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF THIS ORDINANCE:

The Building Official (if a different person from the Zoning Administrator) referred to under Section 600.02 of this Ordinance shall be responsible for providing copies of all applications for building permits, plot diagrams, detailed drawings and specifications, and site plans to the Zoning Administrator as soon as possible after his receipt of such applications, etc. The Zoning Administrator designated by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen shall administer and enforce this Zoning Ordinance in accordance with the provisions herein.

A. Duties of the Zoning Administrator:

- 1. Coordinate all matters relating to this Ordinance with, as appropriate, the Director of Community Development, Building Official, and other City officials.
- 1. Provide information to the public on matters relating to zoning.
- 2. Provide application forms to the public on matters relating to zoning.

- 3. Maintain, or be responsible for, the maintenance of the *Official Zoning Map* in good and useful condition and properly recording on that map all zoning amendments (re-zonings).
- 4. Review all building permit applications and plot diagrams as they relate to this Ordinance.
- 5. Receive and take appropriate action on all applications for dimensional variances, conditional use permits (special exceptions), and zoning amendments (re-zonings).
- 6. Receive and take appropriate action on all site plans submitted in accordance with Section 600.12 of this Ordinance and the forwarding copies of site plans and associated materials to the proper individuals or bodies.
- 7. Check construction (or use conversion) performed under zoning-related permits to determine if the work (or use conversion) meets the requirements before issuing a certificate of occupancy.
- 8. Oversee the preparation and maintenance of a map or other recording process indicating nonconforming uses, structures and undeveloped (or vacant) lots.
- 10. Clear with other local, county, state, or Federal agencies where such clearance is necessary in connection with zoning matters.
- 11. Appear before the Zoning Board, Planning Commission and the Mayor and Board of Aldermen to furnish information helpful to those bodies in carrying out their assigned functions.
- 12. Make periodic checks for violations of this Ordinance and notifying IN WRITING the person(s) responsible for violations of the Ordinance, indicating the nature of the violation and ordering the action necessary to correct it. Such notification shall be by registered or certified mail or shall be delivered personally by the Zoning Administrator.
- 13. Report uncorrected violations to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen and recommend action to prevent or halt violations of this Ordinance.
- 14. Advertise public hearings as required by this Ordinance. (Note:

The Zoning Administrator may simply notify the City Clerk that advertisement of a public hearing is needed, and the City Clerk may actually transmit the required notice to the appropriate newspaper or newspapers).

- 15. Keep records pertaining to zoning matters.
- 16. Attend Zoning Board and Planning Commission meetings as needed.
- 17. Provide administrative interpretation as provided in Subsection 600.04-B.

B.Administrative Interpretation by the Zoning Administrator: In the event there is a question as to the general intent or specific meaning of any provision of the **Zoning Ordinance** text, or of the boundaries or district designations or other matters relating to the **Official Zoning Map**, the Zoning Administrator shall have the power to make such administrative decisions and interpretation.

- 1. Limitation of Powers: Said administrative interpretation shall in no manner be construed to include, or used in any way which would permit, the granting of a conditional use permit (special exception), dimensional variance, or zoning amendment (either an amendment to the zoning text or a district re-classification---that is, the re-zoning of any land), the provisions for which use are given elsewhere in this Ordinance.
- 1. Appeals from the Administrative Interpretation by the Zoning Administrator: Appeals from said administrative interpretation shall be made as provided in Subsection 600.17-A of this Ordinance.
- C. Administrative Permits Administrative Interpretation and Determination of New and Unlisted Uses: It is recognized that new types of land use will develop and forms of land use not anticipated and listed may seek to locate in the City of Ridgeland. In order to provide for such changes and contingencies, a determination as to the appropriate classification of any new or unlisted form of land use shall be made as follows:
 - 1. Administrative Permit Application Procedures and Review Standards:
 - (a) The building official (or any member of his/her staff) shall refer the question concerning any new or unlisted use to the Zoning Administrator requesting an interpretation as to the

zoning classification into which the use should be placed. The referral of the use interpretation question shall be accompanied by a statement of facts listing the nature of the use and whether it involves such characteristics as dwelling activity, sales, processing, type of product, storage, and amount and nature thereof, enclosed or open storage, anticipated employment, transportation requirements, the amount of noise, odor, fumes, dust, toxic material and vibration likely to be generated, the general requirements for public utilities such as water and sanitary sewer, and the degree of compatibility of the use.

- (b) The Zoning Administrator must first determine if the proposed use is in harmony with the purpose and intent of this Ordinance.
- (c) The Zoning Administrator must then determine if the proposed use is in harmony with the purpose and intent of the district.
- (d) The Zoning Administrator may require conditions to be met to make the use compatible with the district.
- (e) The Zoning Administrator shall consider the nature and described performance of the proposed use and its compatibility with the uses permitted in the various districts and determine the zoning district or districts within such use should be permitted.
- (f) The Zoning Administrator shall keep a permanent record of the findings and determination for future reference.
- (g) The Zoning Administrator may, upon his own initiative, make such a determination.
- (h) Negative findings by the Zoning Administrator may be appealed to the Zoning Board on grounds of error in his determination.
- (i) Upon making his determination, and if there is no appeal, the Zoning Administrator shall notify any other officer or agency of the city likely to be affected by such ruling. In particular, the Zoning Board and the Planning Commission shall be notified to obtain their comments.

- (j) Such determinations are binding on all officers and agencies of the city as an administrative ruling, and may be included as an amendment to the zoning Ordinance when subsequent amendment items are considered by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, and if the proposed use is sufficiently common to justify a text amendment.
- (k) Uses deemed to be incompatible as permitted uses may be considered as uses allowed by special exception in that zone.
- (l) A formal application may be filed with the Zoning Administrator addressing all the characteristics listed in item "A" above, or an applicant may simply send the Zoning Administrator a letter describing his proposed use, buildings, structures, and site activities and requesting a tentative administrative determination.
- (m) New or unlisted uses may be allowed by right, by right with qualification, by special exception, as an ancillary or accessory use, or as a home occupation.
- (n) Decisions of the Zoning Administrator shall be deemed final unless, within not more than ten working days of the date such decision was rendered, a written notice of appeal is filed. Such notice of appeal, specifying the grounds thereof, shall be filed with the Zoning Administrator for transmission to the Board of Zoning Appeals and docketed on their next available board meeting.

600.05 DUTIES AND RULES OF CONDUCT OF THE RIDGELAND ZONING

BOARD: In accordance with Section 1 of An Ordinance Establishing a Zoning Board for the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, and Providing for the Appointment of Members Thereto, an advisory body known as "the Zoning Board of the City of Ridgeland" was established. See this Ordinance for duties and rules of conduct as set forth therein.

600.06 DUTIES AND RULES OF CONDUCT OF THE RIDGELAND PLANNING COMMISSION: See An Ordinance Establishing a Planning Commission for the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, and Providing for the Appointment of Members Thereto.

600.07 DUTIES OF THE MAYOR AND BOARD OF ALDERMEN IN THE ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF THIS Ordinance:

The Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland shall have the final authority with regard to all matters involving this zoning Ordinance. The duties of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen shall include, but not necessarily be limited to:

- A. Administrative review under which the Mayor and Board of Aldermen hears and decides appeals from actions of the Zoning Administrator.
- **B.** Acting upon all applications for dimensional variances and special exceptions (conditional use permits).
- C. Acting upon all applications for re-zonings (i.e., amendments to the Official Zoning Map). In accordance with Section 17-1-17 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, As Amended, "any party aggrieved with the recommendation of the (zoning board) shall be entitled to a public hearing before the (Mayor and Board of Aldermen), with due notice thereof after publication for the time and as provided by (the Mississippi Code)."
- **D.** Acting upon all proposed amendments to the text of the **Zoning Ordinance**.
- A. Accepting, rejecting, or conditionally approving site plans, preliminary sub-division plats or development plans.
- **B.** Appointing the members of the Zoning Board and Planning Commission

600.08 DIMENSIONAL VARIANCES: Where the strict application of this Ordinance would result in peculiar and exceptional practical difficulties to or exceptional hardship upon the owner of such property, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen is empowered to grant, upon an application relating to such property, a dimensional variance from such strict application so as to relieve such difficulties or hardships. Examples of such difficulties or hardships include exceptional narrowness, shallowness, or shape of a specific piece of property at the time of the original adoption of this Ordinance; or by reason of the location of trees, natural drainage course, lakes, or other desirable or attractive features, which condition is not generally prevalent in the neighborhood.

- A. Requirements for Granting Variances: Any person desiring a dimensional variance from the terms of this Ordinance shall submit a written application (on a form furnished by the Zoning Administrator) demonstrating compliance with all of the following:
 - 1. That special conditions and circumstances exist which are peculiar to the land, structure, or building involved and which are not applicable to other lands, structures, or buildings, in the same district.

- 2. That literal interpretation of the provisions of this Ordinance would deprive the applicant of rights commonly enjoyed by other properties in the same district under the terms of this Ordinance.
- 3. That the special conditions and circumstances do not result from the actions of the applicant.
- 4. That granting the variance requested will not confer on the applicant any special privilege that is denied by this Ordinance to other lands, structures, or buildings in the same district.
- 5. That the variance granted is the minimum variance that will make possible the reasonable use of the land, building, or structure.
- 6. That the granting of the variance will be in harmony with the general intent and purpose of the Ordinance and that such variance will not be injurious to the area involved or otherwise detrimental to the public interest.
- 7. Traffic visibility on adjoining streets will not be adversely affected
- 8. Drainage from proposed buildings and structures will not adversely affect adjoining properties and public rights-of-way.

B. <u>Corollary Guidelines for Determining Hardships:</u>

- 1. A variance is not the appropriate remedy for a general condition:
 - (a) Such hardship is not shared generally by other properties in the same district and the same vicinity.
 - (b) The condition or situation of the property is not of so general or recurring a nature as to make reasonably practicable the formulation of a general regulation to be adopted as an amendment to the Ordinance.
- 2. Self-inflicted hardship is not grounds for a variance.
- 3. Personal hardship is not grounds for a variance. The hardship must relate to the physical character of the property:
 - (a) The hardship is created by the physical character of the property, including dimensions, topography, or soil

- conditions, or by other extraordinary situation or condition of such property.
- (b) Personal hardship shall not be considered as grounds for a variance, since the variance will continue to affect the character of the neighborhood after title to the property has passed to another owner.
- 4. Economic hardship in itself is not grounds for a variance. It may be considered as an element, but there must be other compelling considerations.
- 5. The hardship must be severe and unnecessary in achieving public purposes.
- 6. The variance must not adversely affect adjacent property or the character of the district. This limitation is clear in item 600.08-A above of the standards governing variances unless the Zoning Board finds that the authorization of such variance will not be of substantial detriment to adjacent property, and that the character of the district will not be changed by the granting of the variance.
- C. Guidelines for Determining Practical Difficulties: A practical difficulty is present where the requested dimensional change is minimal and the harm to the applicant denied a variance will be greater than the probable effect on neighboring properties if the variance is granted. The following factors shall be considered in evaluating the costs and benefits of granting the variance:
 - 1. The nature of the zone in which the property lies.
 - 2. The character of the immediate vicinity and the permitted uses.
 - 3. Whether, if the variance were granted, neighboring property would be seriously affected.
 - 4. Whether, if the variance were not granted, it would seriously hinder the owner's efforts to make normal improvements given the property's permitted use.

D. Yariances Granted by Zoning Administrator: Many times applications for variances involve less than 50 percent of the required dimensions and usually have no problems connected with them. Therefore, the Zoning Administrator shall have the authority to grant variances of up to 50 percent of the dimensional requirement. Requests

for variances over 50 percent must be heard by the Zoning Board.

Adjacent property owners are notified of the application. If there is no

objection, the Zoning Administrator may grant the modification without a public hearing.

E. Existence of Non-Conforming Uses Not Grounds for Variance: The existence of non-conforming uses of neighboring lands, structures, or buildings in the same zoning district shall not be considered grounds for granting a variance. Furthermore, the existence of permitted or non-conforming use of lands, structures, or buildings in other districts shall not be considered grounds for issuance of a variance.

(NOTE: Allowing the applicant to construct a building to conform with existing nonconforming buildings in the same area as the proposed variance would not be proper, since the other buildings, although allowed to remain as nonconformities, may be located much too close to the street right-of-way, side or rear property line, etc. for the purpose of this Ordinance. Therefore, the variance should prescribe conditions which are as close as possible to the dimensional requirements of this Ordinance.)

- F. <u>Site Plan Required</u>: Every applicant for a dimensional variance shall submit a site plan in accordance with Section 600.11 of this Ordinance.
- **G.** Public Hearing Required: A public hearing shall be held in accordance with Section 600.15 of this Ordinance for all proposed dimensional variances.
- H. Required Findings: No variance shall be issued until the Mayor and Board of Aldermen have made a finding that the reasons set forth in the application justify the granting of the variance, and that the variance constitutes the minimum allowable deviation from the dimensional regulations of this Ordinance in order to make possible the responsible use of the land, building or structures. Furthermore, no variance shall be granted until the Mayor and Board of Aldermen have made a finding that the granting of the dimensional variance will be in harmony with the general purpose and intent of this Ordinance, and that the variance will not be injurious to the neighborhood or otherwise detrimental to the public welfare.
- I. Conditions and Safeguards May Be Prescribed with Dimensional Variance: In granting any dimensional variance, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards in conformity with this violation of such conditions and safeguards, when

made a part of the terms under which the variance is granted, shall be deemed a violation of this Ordinance and punishable under Section 600.18 of this Ordinance. The applicant for the dimensional variance shall be required to sign a statement that he/she accepts the conditions and safeguards prescribed by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen. This statement shall be notarized by a Notary Public. The original of this signed statement shall be kept on file by the Zoning Administrator.

- J. Granting of a "Use Variance" Prohibited: Under no circumstances shall the Mayor and Board of Aldermen issue a variance for to allow a use not permissible under the terms of this Ordinance in the District involved, or any use expressly or by implication prohibited by the terms of this Ordinance in said district.
- 600.09 SPECIAL EXCEPTIONS (CONDITIONAL USES): The Mayor and Board of Aldermen are empowered to hear and decide whether or not proposed special exceptions (conditional uses) authorized under this Ordinance should be granted after receiving recommendations from the Planning Commission and the Zoning Board. Additionally, the Zoning Administrator must review and make recommendations on each special exception application.

A. Purposes of Special Exceptions:

- 1. The development and implementation of this zoning Ordinance is based upon the division of the community into districts, within which the use of land and buildings, and the bulk and location and structures in relation to the land are substantially uniform. It is recognized, however, that there are certain uses which, because of their unique characteristics or nature, require special and intensive review to determine whether they should be permitted in specified locations.
- 2. These conditional uses also require review based upon standards and the application of special conditions and safeguards if permission is granted in such locations. Conditional use procedures and standards as provided herein are intended to assure that such review is made and that appropriate conditions and safeguards are attached. Conditional use procedures and standards shall be applied, and conditional uses granted, only in cases specified in this Ordinance.
- 3. Conditions are required for specified uses which must satisfy standards in addition to those generally applicable in a zoning district to eliminate or minimize the potentially harmful characteristics or impact of such conditional uses on the character

- of the zoning district in which they will be located.
- 4. In addition to zoning procedures and requirements relating generally to issuance of building permits and certificates of occupancy/zoning compliance, a conditional use system is hereby established. It is intended that this system shall assure special examination, review, and findings by appropriate agents, agencies or bodies in connection with proposed actions particularly specified in this Ordinance.
- 5. Conditional use procedures and standards as set forth herein are intended to apply in relation to use, occupancy, location, construction, design, character, scale manner of operation, or necessity for making complex or unusual determinations, and to assure consideration of the particular circumstances of each case and the establishment of such conditions and safeguards as are reasonably necessary for protection of the public interest generally, of adjacent properties, the neighborhood, and the jurisdiction as a whole.
- 6. For the purposes of this Ordinance, the term "requirements" refers to the restrictions which apply to all uses in a district, whether permitted as of right or only through a conditional use. They apply automatically to all uses in a zone. "Standards" are the guidelines for use by administrators in making decisions such as for rezonings or variances. They involve the application of stated criteria to given situations. "Conditions" are additional restrictions beyond the stated standards, applied to a particular use, which might govern, for example, hours of operation or the location of exits and entrances or the type of screening. A violation of the conditions is a violation of the Ordinance. The above distinctions help to define the way discretion is to be exercised in making the provisions of this Ordinance flexible to meet the needs of different situations in particular locations.
- B. General Procedures and Multiple Applications: Applications for Special Exceptions may be accompanied by applications for rezonings and/or variances from the zoning Ordinance or other city Ordinances. When this happens, the administrative officer will schedule a simultaneous hearing between the bodies/agencies involved to hear and decide the applications with the special exception. These individual procedures must be followed:

1.All applications for special exceptions must first be submitted to the Zoning Administrator, who reviews them in light of all standards in Sections 600.09-D and

600.10-E. Afterwards, the Zoning Administrator forwards the application and his recommendations to the Planning Commission and the Zoning Board for their review, comments, and recommendations.

- 2. If two or more applications are submitted by the same applicant and one is denied, the other application(s) is/are automatically withdrawn from consideration.
- 3. If one of the applications is approved but with major changes that change the basic premise of the applicant's other applications, then the other applications (for variances, the site plan, air approach height exceptions, flood hazard encroachments) must be amended and re-filed.
- 4. After completing their reviews, the Planning Commission and Zoning Board then forward the application and their recommendations to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.

C. Action by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, Findings Required:

- 1. The hearing shall be held, at which any party may appear in person or by agent or attorney. The Mayor and Board of Aldermen must make their decision within a reasonable time thereafter, not to exceed 30 days.
- 2. After receiving recommendations from the Planning Commission and the Zoning Board and before granting any special permit, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen must make written findings that it is empowered under specified sections of this Ordinance to grant the special exception and that the granting of the special exception will not adversely affect the public interest.

D. General Standards: The Mayor and Board of Aldermen Shall Not Grant Any Conditional Use Unless All of the Following Findings Are Made:

- 1. The conditional use is in conformity with the city's Comprehensive Plan generally or the Land Use Plan specifically; and with the purpose, intent and applicable standards of this Ordinance.
- 2. The proposed conditional use is designated by this Ordinance as a conditional use in the zoning district in which the property in question is located.

- 3. The proposed conditional use will comply with all applicable regulations in the zoning district in which the property in question is located.
- 4. The proposed use will comply with all special regulations established by this Ordinance for such conditional use.
- 5. The establishment or maintenance of the conditional use shall not be detrimental to the public health, safety, or general welfare.
- 6. The conditional use shall be located, designed, maintained, and operated to be compatible with the existing or intended character of the zoning district.
- 7. The conditional use must not depreciate property values.
- 8. The conditional use must not be hazardous, detrimental, or disturbing to present surrounding land uses due to noise, glare, smoke, dust, odor, fumes, water pollution, erosion, vibration, general unsightliness, electrical interference, or other nuisance.
- 9. The conditional use must generate only minimal vehicular traffic on local streets and must not create traffic congestions, unsafe access, or parking needs that will cause inconvenience to the adjoining properties.
- 10. The conditional use must be served adequately by essential public services such as streets, police, fire protection, utilities, schools, and parks.
- 11. The conditional use must not create excessive additional requirements at public cost for public facilities and services and shall not be detrimental to the economic welfare of the city.
- 12. The conditional use shall preserve and incorporate the site's important natural and scenic features into the development design.
- 13. The conditional use shall cause minimal adverse environmental effects.
- 14. No conditions imposed on a special use as a result of these standards will be so unreasonably difficult as to preclude development of the use.
- 15. Other information as required by the Zoning Administrator or

Building Official.

- E. Site Design Related Standards: Before granting any application for a conditional use, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen shall make written findings that the granting of the permit will not adversely affect the public interest. The Mayor and Board of Aldermen shall also make written findings certifying compliance with the specific rules and requirements governing individual special uses, and that, where applicable, satisfactory provision and arrangement have been made concerning the following:
 - 1. That the size and shape of the site, and the capacity and bulk of the use to be in character with surrounding uses and the neighborhood. The size and shape of the site for the intended use must be adequate to accommodate the use, and for all the yards, setbacks, walls or fences, landscaping, and other features required by this (zoning Ordinance) to adjust the use with those on abutting land and in the neighborhood.
 - 2. That the site for the proposed use relates to streets and highways properly, both as to width and type of pavement to carry the quantity of traffic generated by the subject use. No substantial additional traffic beyond that which would occur if any permitted use were to locate on the site in the zone district. Traffic generated by the proposed conditional use must be compared to the existing traffic capacity of the streets immediately surrounding the use and to the most recent average daily traffic counts.
 - 3. That in approving the subject use at the specific location, there will be no adverse effect on abutting property or the permitted use thereof.
 - 4. That in requiring any of the conditions and safeguards in this subsection, the administrator deems such requirements to be the minimum necessary to protect the health, safety, and general welfare:
 - (a) Vehicle circulation. This is ingress and egress to the property and proposed structures or uses thereon, with particular reference to automotive and pedestrian safety and convenience, traffic flow and control, and access in case of fire or catastrophe. This includes sidewalks, driveways, internal streets and drives, traffic signals, and turning lanes on abutting streets and arterials;
 - (b) Off-street parking and loading areas are required with

- particular attention to the items in (1) above;
- (c) Refuse and service areas, with particular reference to the items in (1) and (2) above;
- (d) Control of noise, glare, odor, or other potentially adverse effects of the proposed use on abutting and nearby property, and screening and/or buffering on the periphery of the project to alleviate such effects. Such screening and buffering should also be compatible to abutting and nearby property;
- (e) Control of drainage and erosion;
- (f) Utilities, with reference to location, availability, and compatibility;
- (g) Signs and lighting, with reference to glare, traffic safety, and compatibility and harmony with adjoining properties and the character of the area; preservation of existing trees and other attractive natural features of the land;
- (h) Required yards and other open spaces and preservation of existing trees and other attractive natural features of the land;
- (i) Regulation of time for certain activities; general compatibility with adjacent properties and other property in the area;
- (j) Use of the site next to property lines, to minimize incompatibility with abutting properties. This might require applicant to shift on-site uses to different locations on the site to place less intensive and passive uses closer to abutting properties with less intensive uses;
- (k) Safety of the proposed use, which includes dangerous and obnoxious industrial processes such as gas station fuel tanks, electrical substations, and natural gas pumping stations in residential areas. The administrator and, by extension, the city must assure that these safety problems are resolved;
- (l) Impact on the capacity of public facilities, so that the proposed conditional use does not take an excessive share of the available capacity of the water and sewer-age system, storm drainage channels, schools, and recreational facilities. The project may be required to scale back its proposals, provide the additional public facilities or contribute to the cost of

- meeting the excess overload;
- (m) Minimal negative environmental and economic impact. The administrator shall impose conditions to mitigate negative impacts based on the known and significant probability that damage will occur in the future rather than the possibility it might occur;
- (n) No encroachment upon flood hazard zones or airport approach zones;
- (o) Where the conditional use application is denied, the record of the administrator must set forth, and the applicant shall receive written notice of, the specific grounds for denial.
- F. Conditions, Safeguards, and Assurances: The Mayor and Board of Aldermen may impose such conditions relating to the conditional use as he may deem necessary in the particular case to protect the public interest, in relation to the items listed in Section 600.09-E above and as may otherwise be reasonably necessary, and may require a guarantee or bond to insure continued compliance with such conditions and continued maintenance of such safeguards. Violation of conditions or safeguards lawfully attached to any conditional use shall be deemed violations of this Ordinance. The conditional use approval may be revoked until all violations are corrected.
- A. Special Uses Apply to Property, Not Person: When granted, a conditional use, together with any conditions or safeguards attached, shall apply to the land, structure or use for which it was issued, and not to a particular person.
- B. Withdrawal of Application; Rehearing if Withdrawn or Denied: An application for a conditional use approval may be withdrawn at any time, but if withdrawn after the department has convened the hearing at which it was to be considered or if denied by the department, substantially the same application shall not be considered within 12 months from date of withdrawal or denial.
- C. Multiple Applications and Simultaneous Project Review: In the interest of saving time, joint public hearings will be held instead of separate hearings. For projects which require more than one application and public hearing by more than one board or commission, the Zoning Administrator shall arrange a joint public hearing where the applications ll be heard by members of each body.

D. Issuance of Conditional Use Approval: Conditional use approval must be issued upon certain conditions, such that if an applicant meets the requisite standards specified in the Ordinance, the permit must be allowed. Conditions other than those delineated in the Ordinance must not be arbitrarily imposed but must be related to the purposes of zoning. Applications may be denied only on proof that the use is detrimental to the public health, safety, and welfare. Reasons for denial must be specific. The permit will be signed and issued by the Building Official, with the Mayor's signature of approval.

The Mayor and Board of Aldermen is empowered to hear and decide whether or not proposed special exceptions (conditional uses) authorized under this Ordinance should be granted.

- K. Requirements for Granting a Special Exception or Conditional Use
 Permit: Any person desiring a special exception shall submit a written
 application (on a form furnished by the Zoning Administrator) indicating
 the Section in the Ordinance under which the conditional use is sought and
 stating the grounds on which it is requested. The Mayor and Board shall
 not grant a special exception unless satisfactory provision and arrangement
 has been made concerning the following where applicable:
 - 1. Ingress and egress to property and proposed structures thereon with particular reference to automotive and pedestrian safety and convenience, traffic flow and control, and access in case of fire or catastrophe.
 - 2. Off-street parking and loading areas where required with particular attention to the items noted above and the economic, noise, glare, or odor effects of the conditional use on adjoining properties and properties generally in the district.
 - 3. Refuse and service areas, with particular reference to the items noted above.
 - 4. Utilities, with reference to locations, availability, and compatibility.
 - 5. Screening and buffering with reference to type, dimensions, and character.
 - 6. Required yards and other open space.
 - 7. General compatibility with adjacent properties and other property

- in the district.
- 8. Any other provisions deemed applicable by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- L. <u>Site Plan Required</u>: Every applicant for a special exception (conditional use permit) shall submit a site plan in accordance with Section 600.12 of this Ordinance.
- M. Public Hearing Required: A public hearing shall be held in accordance with Section 600.15 of this Ordinance for all proposed special exceptions.

600.10 AMENDMENTS TO THE ZONING ORDINANCE TEXT OR THE OFFICIAL ZONING MAP (RE-ZONING):

- A. Type of Amendments/Application Required: Amendments to this Ordinance include: (1) amendments to the text; and (2) amendments to the Official Zoning Map, which is legally a part of this Ordinance. Any person may initiate an amendment to this Ordinance by filing an application with the Zoning Administrator (on a form furnished by him/her).
- A. Amendment (Rezoning) Application Review Standards: In reviewing applications for amendments to the Official Zoning Map, the Planning Commission and the Zoning Board in their separate reviews shall consider the proposed change in relation to the following standards:
 - 1. Rezonings must pass threshold standards: no proposed zoning amendment will receive favorable recommendation unless it passes the following threshold standards for a valid spot zoning:
 - (a) The proposal must not be a small parcel of land singled out for special and privileged treatment.
 - (b) The proposed change must be in the public interest and not only for the benefit of a land owner(s).
 - (c) The proposed change is consistent with all elements of the comprehensive plan and sound planning principles as follows:
 - 1. If a development proposal falls within one of the use and/or residential density categories indicated on the Land Use Map, the Zoning Administrator, Zoning Board, and the Planning Commission shall find the proposal consistent with the plan.

- 2. If a development proposal is not consistent with the plan map, the Zoning Administrator, the Zoning Board, and the Planning Commission will review the plan's written policies to determine whether the proposal would undermine or conflict with them. If the Zoning Administrator, the Zoning Board, and the Planning Commission determine that the proposal would not conflict with or undermine the plan's policies, they shall find the proposal consistent with the plan.
- 3. If an applicant's property for rezoning falls adjacent to a district having the desired zoning classification, the rezoning proposal may be determined to be consistent as an extension of the adjacent property's zoning classification.
- (d) The proposed change must not create an isolated district unrelated and incompatible to adjacent districts.
- 2. Passing the threshold standards determines if the rezoning goes further: if the rezoning application does not pass the above threshold standards, the proposed amendment will be considered to be an invalid spot zoning and will be denied on that basis. If the proposed zoning change is not in accord with all elements of the city's Comprehensive Plan, and if the applicant wishes to pursue the zoning change, an amendment to the Comprehensive Plan will be necessary before proceeding further. If the application passes the above thresholds for a valid spot zoning, then the following review standards shall also be considered:
 - (a) Whether the existing land use pattern will change and/or possibly increase or overtax the load on public facilities such as schools, utilities, or streets:
 - (a) Whether existing zoning district boundaries are illogically drawn in relation to existing conditions on the property proposed for change;
 - (a) Whether changed or changing conditions made the passage of the proposed rezoning necessary. That is, has the character of the neighborhood changed to such an extent as to justify reclassification, and is evidence of a PUBLIC NEED for the rezoning in that location?

- (a) Whether the proposed change will adversely influence living conditions and/or property values in the neighborhood;
- (b) Whether the proposed change will create or excessively increase traffic congestion or otherwise affect public safety;
- (f) Whether there are substantial reasons why the property cannot be used in accordance with existing zoning;
- (g) Whether there is evidence of a mistake in the original zoning due to a clerical error:
- (h) Whether the proposed change is speculative. A proposed change must have a definite zoning district in mind as well as a proposed intent or purpose for the proposed zoning district.
- (i) There is convincing demonstration that all uses permitted under the proposed district classification would be appropriate in the area included in the proposed change. (When a new district designation is assigned, any use permitted in the district is allowable, so long as it meets district requirements, and not merely the uses that applicants state they intend to make of the property involved.)
- (j) There is convincing demonstration that the character of the neighborhood will not be materially and adversely affected by any use permitted in the proposed change.
- C. Criteria for Rezoning: No amendment to the Official Zoning Map shall be approved unless the proposed rezoning meets one of the following criteria:
 - 1. That there was a mistake in the original zoning. "Mistake" in this context shall refer to a clerical or administrative error, such as a mistake of draftsmanship on the *Official Zoning Map* or incorrectly reflecting the Mayor/ Board of Aldermen's decision in the minutes. "Mistake" DOES NOT mean that the Mayor/ Board of Aldermen made a mistake in judgment in their prior zoning, such as not realizing the full import of the zoning classification or mistakenly placing the property in one classification when the evidence indicated that another would have been more appropriate.
 - 2. That the character of the neighborhood has changed to such an extent as to justify reclassification, AND that there is a PUBLIC

NEED for the rezoning.

- Plan: Section 17-1-9 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, As Amended, requires that "zoning regulations shall be made in accordance with a comprehensive plan---." Accordingly, no amendment to the Official Zoning Map shall be approved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen unless the proposed rezoning is consistent with all four elements of the adopted Comprehensive Plan of the City of Ridgeland, including the Goals and Objectives, the Land Use Plan, the Transporation Plan, and the Community Facilities Plan.
- E. Public Hearing Required: In accordance with Section 17-1-17 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, As Amended, a public hearing before the Zoning Board shall be held on any proposed amendment to the text of this Ordinance or the Official Zoning Map following at least fifteen days' notice of the hearing in "---an official paper or a paper of general circulation in such municipality --- specifying a time and place of said hearing." The hearing shall be held in accordance with Section 600.15 of this Ordinance.
- F. Notification of Adjacent Property Owners: The applicant shall notify all property owners within 160 feet in all directions (excluding the rights-of-way of streets or highways) from the lot lines of any parcel or parcels of land proposed for re-zoning.

Notification shall be by CERTIFIED MAIL stating the date, time, location and purpose of the public hearing, in the City of Ridgeland, and shall be mailed to such property owners fifteen days prior to the public hearing with notification of receipt of the letter returned to the City Clerk. The City Clerk shall attach all notifications of receipt of the letter to the application.

This notification of adjacent property owners is NOT required by State law. It is done as a courtesy to citizens owning property within the immediate area of proposed amendments. FAILURE OF ANY PROPERTY OWNER TO RECEIVE NOTIFICATION OF A PUBLIC HEARING CONCERNING A PROPOSED RE-ZONING SHALL NOT BE GROUNDS FOR CONTESTING ACTIONS BY THE CITY OF RIDGELAND. (Note: The 160-foot distance is consistent with Section 17-1-17 of the *Mississippi Code of 1972*, as amended.

G. Public Hearing Before Mayor and Board of Aldermen Unnecessary
Unless Requested by Aggrieved Party: Following a public hearing held

before the Zoning Board on a proposed amendment to this Ordinance (either an amendment to the text or *Official Zoning Map*), it shall NOT be necessary to hold another hearing on the proposed amendment; the Mayor and Board of Aldermen may act upon the recommendation of the Zoning Board. However, any party aggrieved by the recommendation of the Zoning Board shall be entitled to a public hearing before the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, with due notice thereof after publication for the time, date and place within fifteen (15) days.

- H. Two-Thirds Vote of Board of Aldermen Necessary to Approve Rezoning Under Certain Circumstances: In case of a protest against a proposed rezoning signed by twenty percent (20%) or more of the property owners, either within the area of the proposed rezoning or of those within 160 feet of the property proposed for rezoning, such amendment shall not become effective except by the favorable vote of two-thirds of all members of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen. (See Section 17-1-17 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, Annotated, as amended.)
- Res Judicata: Upon the submission of an application for a rezoning, and a determination by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen that said application should be denied, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen shall not accept a subsequent application to rezone the same property or any part thereof to the same classification until the expiration of one (1) year from the date of the decision of the Board denying said application. However, if the application relates to the same property but seeks zoning to a different classification, the doctrine does not apply; and the Mayor and Board may consider such a proposed rezoning.
- When an Ordinance Amending Text or Official Zoning Map Is
 Required and Publication of That Ordinance: No amendment to the
 Official Zoning Map or the text of this Ordinance shall become effective
 until an Ordinance amending same has been passed by the Mayor and
 Board of Aldermen. Any Ordinance amending the Official Zoning Map
 shall contain findings of fact citing evidence demonstrating compliance
 with the criteria specified under Section 600.10-C of this Ordinance.
 Section 21-13-11 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, Annotated, as
 amended, requires that "every Ordinance passed by (the Mayor and Board
 of Aldermen)---shall be published at least one time in some newspaper
 published in such municipality, or, if there be no such newspaper, then in a
 newspaper within the county having general circulation in said
 municipality---."

600.11 SITE PLAN DEVELOPMENT REVIEW PROCEDURES: The Mayor and Board of Aldermen adopted "An Ordinance Establishing a Development Review

Procedure," which was adopted on May 15, 1991, and which shall be a part of this zoning Ordinance to which reference is made and included herein.

- A. Submission of Site Plan: Five (5) copies (or more if requested by the Zoning Administrator) of each site plan shall be prepared and submitted to the Zoning Administrator, who shall retain two copies and distribute the others as follows:
 - -one copy to the City Engineer
 - -one copy to the Fire Chief
 - -one copy to the Building Official

The Zoning Administrator shall notify the applicant of any deficiencies or omissions in the site plan.

- B. Applicant Must Be Represented at Mayor/Board of Aldermen Meetings: Applicants (or their designated representative) for site plan approval shall be present at meetings of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen when their proposed site plan is to be reviewed, or no action will be taken by those bodies.
- C. Site Plan Becomes Zoning Requirements for Proposed Use: The approved site plan shall become the zoning requirements for the property involved. All construction, except for minor adjustments provided under Section 600.11-D, shall be consistent with the approved site plan.
- **Minor Adjustments to the Approved Site Plan**: After the final site plan has been approved, minor adjustments to the plan which comply with the spirit of the **Zoning Ordinance** and the intent of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen in approving the site plan may be authorized by the Zoning Administrator as provided under Sub-section 600.04-B.
- **E.** As-Built Plans: In the case where exact lot lines cannot be drawn until after construction, (e.g., townhouses) the developer shall submit "as-built plans" of the development following construction (See also Ridgeland Subdivision Regulations).
- F. Subdivision of Non-residential Property: No non-residential property shall be subdivided so as to create any parcel with public access limited to a minor arterial street, a collector street or local street without the submission and approval of a site plan as provided by this section. Provided, however, a site plan shall not be required as a condition to subdivision if a subdivision plat is approved in the manner provided by the

subdivision regulation. The provisions of this ordinance are supplemental to and in addition to any other requirements imposed by law.

- 600.12 SPECIFICATIONS FOR ALL REQUIRED SITE PLANS: The purpose of this Section is to present in one place the data and specifications required for any proposed development which shall require site plan review under this Ordinance. All required site plans shall be prepared insofar as possible in a form which will satisfy the requirements of the *Ridgeland Subdivision Regulations* for required data on preliminary and final plats.
 - A. Required Site Plan Data: The following data shall be supplied by the applicant in connection with required Site Plans:
 - 1. Lot lines (property lines).
 - 2. The zoning of adjacent lots.
 - 3. The names of owners of adjacent lots.
 - 4. Rights-of-way of existing and proposed streets, including streets shown on the adopted **Thoroughfares Plan**.
 - 5. Accessways, curb cuts, driveways and parking and loading areas.
 - 6. All existing and proposed easements.
 - 7. All existing and proposed water and sanitary sewer lines.
 - 8. Floodplain and floodway designations from Federal Emergency Management Agency, Federal Insurance Administration, maps. A drainage plan showing all existing and proposed storm drainagefacilities, including any propose floodway modifications. The drainage plan shall indicate adjacent off-site drainage courses and projected storm water volumes from off-site and on-site sources.
 - 9. Landscape areas and planting screens.
 - 10. Building lines and the location of all structures, existing and proposed.
 - 11. Proposed uses of the land and buildings.
 - 12. Contours at vertical intervals of two (2) feet or less.

- 13. Open space and recreation areas, when required.
- 14. Area (in square feet and/or acres) of parcel.
- 15. Proposed gross lot coverage by buildings and structures.
- 16. Number and type of dwelling units (where proposed).
- 17. A "development plan" (see Section 600.12-C) when staging of development is proposed.
- 18. The location of any existing and proposed free-standing signs.
- 19. Any additional data necessary to allow for a thorough evaluation of the proposed use.
- **B.** Other Exhibits: Photographs, renderings, color slides, models and similar items may be presented by the applicant at his discretion.
- C. Staging of Development Requires Development Plan: Where a developer proposes to construct a particular land use requiring site plan review under this Ordinance by stages, (e.g., PUDs, large multi-family developments, large commercial developments, etc.), sufficient data shall be provided in a development plan (sometimes referred to as a sketch plat or master plan) to indicate such staging by numbers and types of buildings or structures proposed for each stage, the general area to be developed in each stage and related information. The general concept presented in the development Plan shall be adhered to as much as possible by developers. Significant deviations (as determined by the Building Official and City Engineer) from the development plan initially approved shall require approval by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen following recommendation by the Building Official and City Engineer.
- shall be prepared in connection with all proposed SIGNIFICANT (as determined by the Zoning Administrator) EXPANSIONS of existing developments and all proposed NEW developments for which a site plan is required under Section 600.12 of this Ordinance; this shall include the following uses: townhomes, patio homes, apartment or condominium complexes; all commercial or industrial uses; and mobile home parks. Furthermore, wherever this Ordinance requires the installation of a planting screen along the side or rear property lines, the site plan shall depict the location and specific type(s) of screening material to be used. Developers shall comply with the standards adopted by the City of Ridgeland with

regard to the spacing, sizes, and specific types of landscaping or screening material to be used. The landscape/screening plan may be shown on separate sheets and attached to the site plan or incorporated into the site plan. The landscape/ screening plan shall depict the following:

- A. All existing trees on the site; or where there are groups of trees said stands may be outlined; however, all trees in excess of 20 inches in diameter, measured at four and one-half feet above the ground, shall be shown as individual specimens;
- **B.** All trees or groups of trees desired to be removed and all trees to be preserved;
- C. All materials to be planted shall be shown, indicating the species and size at planting.
- **600.14 CRITERIA FOR SITE PLAN REVIEW:** Criteria for site plan review consist of the five components specified below:
 - A. Consistency with Adopted Land Use Plan and Zoning Ordinance:
 The proposed site plan shall be consistent with adopted Land Use Plan and Zoning Ordinance (including the Official Zoning Map).
 - **B.** <u>Vehicular Traffic Circulation and Parking</u>: The following aspects of vehicular traffic circulation and parking shall be reviewed:
 - 1. Is the site plan is consistent with the adopted *Thoroughfares Plan*?
 - 2. Does the site plan indicate the proposed dedication of right-of-way for widening of existing streets where widening of such streets is reflected on the *Thoroughfares Plan*?
 - 3. Does the site plan indicate the proposed dedication of right-of-way where new streets are reflected on the *Thoroughfares Plan*?
 - 4. Street network capacity: Is the street system in the vicinity capable of carrying traffic generated by the proposed development, according to traffic projections developed by the City Engineer or the Central Mississippi Planning and Development District.
 - 5. Traffic engineering operation of adjacent streets: What traffic control devices are needed on adjacent streets.
 - 6. Compliance with Section 37 (Off-Street Parking, Loading, and Access Requirements).

- 7. Freight delivery areas are separated from customer access in commercial and industrial developments.
- C. <u>Utilities</u>: The following shall be evaluated with regard to utilities:
 - 1. Water and sewer system capacity and oversizing (future) needs.
 - 2. On-site and off-site drainage requirements, including retention ponds.
 - 3. Are underground utilities required on the site?
 - 4. Are garbage disposal facilities enclosed in accordance with Section 36.09 of this Ordinance?

D. Open Space, Landscaping, and Screening Requirements:

- 1. All commercial, industrial and public/quasi-public uses shall have a minimum landscaped open space of 10 feet on the front and rear yards. Parking shall not be permitted in the landscaped open space. This landscaped open space shall be considered as part of the setback requirements of these particular uses.
- 2. If the proposed development is residential and will abut the Illinois Central Gulf Railroad tracks, is the 100-foot railroad setback required under Section 31.07 indicated on the site plan?
- 3. Planting Screens: If a planting screen is required by this Ordinance, the location of the screen shall be noted on the site plan. The spacing, sizes and types of landscaping consistent with the adopted landscape standards of the City.
- 4. Open Space/ Recreational Facilities: Open space/recreational facilities proposed for an apartment/condominium complex shall be shown on the site plan. (NOTE: Open space reserved for residents of townhouse subdivisions, patio home subdivisions, or Planned Unit Developments in accordance with this Ordinance shall be shown on preliminary plats as required by the *Ridgeland Subdivision Regulations*.)
- 5. Preservation of Vegetation: The site plan shall propose the preservation of trees and other vegetation as much as possible.

6. Is proper use made of floodplains on the site? For example, for open space or passive recreational areas.

E. Fire Safety:

- 1. Fire hydrants shall be shown on the site plan and properly located to ensure fire protection for all structures.
- 2. There shall be at least two points of ingress/egress for apartment or condominium complexes, office parks, shopping centers, industrial parks, etc. to provide access for fire equipment and to provide for evacuation when necessary.
- 3. Buildings shall be spaced in accordance with this Ordinance to prevent spread of fires.
- F. Special Use Site Plan Standards: The following special uses have specific site plan standards that apply to them to moderate any adverse impacts on surrounding or nearby uses:
 - 1. Funeral homes, mortuaries, crematoriums, and embalming facilities must be:
 - (a) Located on arterial streets with rights-of-way of at least 80 feet and with adequate ingress and egress to said arterial street;
 - (b) Be located at least 500 feet from any residence (single-family, two-family or multi-family);
 - (c) Have sufficient off-street automobile parking and assembly area provided for vehicles to be used in a funeral procession. The assembly area shall be provided in addition to required off-street parking;
 - (d) Provide screening from all residential view for the loading and unloading area used by ambulances, hearses, or other such service vehicles.

2. Cemeteries and mausoleums must:

- (a) Have a minimum parcel size of five acres;
- (b) Have a screen of trees around the perimeter of the cemetery;

- (c) Require that no grave site be within 150 feet of potable water wells or in flood hazard areas;
- (d) That the platting of cemetery burial lots follow subdivision platting procedures.

3. Junkyards/salvage yards must:

- (a) Not be located within 500 feet of any interstate highway, or street designated as a gateway, if not completely obscured from view of the street by land forms or buildings;
- (b) Be located near a major collector or arterial or a local street in a heavy industrial zone by special use permit. They may be located near a railroad:
- (c) Comply with all state and federal environmental requirements;
- (d) Be reasonably compatible with surrounding land uses such as vehicle repair shops or businesses that have outdoor storage, especially metal parts;
- (e) Have a minimum of three acres of land;
- (f) Store all items within the fenced area and ensure that no items be piled higher than the fence;
- (g) Provide for the storage and off-site disposal of oil and used tires;
- (h) It shall be unlawful for any person or property owner to store or to allow storage of any junked motor vehicle in the open area on any private property except motor vehicles awaiting repair at legally licensed auto repair garages or legally licensed junkyards.
- 4. Tavern, bar, lounge, nightclub, cabaret, saloons, wine restaurants, mini-breweries must: Not be located closer than 500 feet from any residence/dwelling, church, school, park/playground, day care center, or funeral home. Such distances shall be measured along a straight line between the nearest property lines of the establishment and the residence/dwelling, church, school, park/playground, day care center, senior citizens center, or funeral home.

5. Hospitals must:

- (a) Provide the hospital's long-range development plan showing addition stories and horizontal expansions;
- (b) Be located adjacent to a major arterial with a right-of-way of at least 80 feet, secondary access may be from a collector street;
- (c) Not be located closer than 200 feet from any residence/dwelling;
- (d) Plan vehicular ingress and egress to minimize traffic congestion and maximize traffic flow in and around the facility;
- (e) Not add additional stories beyond the equipment and water pressure capabilities of the fire department;
- (f) Provide a landscaped buffer on hospital tracts abutting residential zones. The buffer is a part of the required zone yards.

6. Nursing Homes must:

- (a) Be located adjacent to at least one arterial street;
- (b) Provide drives and curb-cuts from the nursing home to the arterial or to side streets intersecting with the arterial street;
- (c) Provide one parking space for every two or three beds for ambulatory facilities; non-ambulatory facilities shall provide one space for every five beds and one space for each staff member;
- (d) Provide trash and dumpster areas to be screened from residential view with opaque screens and designed to reduce access by foraging animals;
- (e) Provide no more than one unlighted sign at a size maximum of six square feet;
- (f) Provide side yards of an extra 15 feet (over the base district setback) for the placement of principal buildings on the nursing home site;

- (g) Conform to height limitation and maximum ground coverage of zoning district;
- (h) Be located on a lot size of a least one acre. One acre will serve a facility of approximately 20 beds.

7. Veterinary Services and Animal Clinics must:

- (a) Confine the animals within the exterior walls of the building at all items;
- (b) Not be located closer than 200 feet to existing residence, restaurant, apartment, hotel, library, museum, clinic or hospital for humans, church, or theater;
- (c) Be sound-proofed from all adjacent property and uses.

8. Gasoline Service Stations/Convenience Grocery Store must:

- (a) Not be located within 200 feet of the location of a church, school, hospital, rest home, nursing home, playground, or residential dwelling(s). Distance to be measured in a straight line from property line to property line;
- (b) Not allow pump islands closer than 15 feet of any property line and canopies no closer than 10 feet from any property line;
- (c) Erect masonry or wooden fences at least six feet high around the station site and also plant shrubs and trees around the site if the station wishes to locate closer than 200 feet to the uses listed in item "a" above. Hours of operation may also be designated as part of the special use permit in situations of close proximity to these same uses;
- (d) Provide access driveways no closer than 35 feet from the point of intersection of the right-of-way lines of the adjoining street(s). Two driveways on each street frontage may be permitted and shall be at least 25 feet apart and no closer than five feet to the side property line(s).
- 9. Adult Entertainment Uses or Activities or Establishments: See an Ordinance to Regulate Nudity and Sexual Activity in Public Places and Sexually Oriented Businesses for the City of

Ridgeland, Mississippi.

- 600.15 PUBLIC HEARING NOTICES AND PROCEDURES: In accordance with the provisions previously established in this Ordinance, public hearings shall be conducted by the Zoning Board for all dimensional variances, all conditional uses, and all amendments to the text of the Zoning Ordinance or amendments to the Official Zoning Map (i.e., re-zoning).
 - A. Public Hearing Notice in a Newspaper Required: Whenever a public hearing is required by this Ordinance, notice of such hearing shall be given by publishing a notice to all interested persons one time at least fifteen days prior to the date fixed for said hearing, such notice to be published in an official paper or newspaper of general circulation in the City of Ridgeland, specifying the date, time and place for said hearing. Such notices shall be published in accordance with the following format or a format determined by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:
 - 1. For Dimensional Variances:

NOTICE OF ZONING HEARING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THOSE PARTIES IN INTEREST THAT THERE WILL BE A HEARING ON (Date), AT (Time), AT THE CITY HALL, RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI, FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING WHETHER OR NOT A DIMENSIONAL VARIANCE SHALL BE GRANTED TO THE OWNERS OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED PROPERTY LOCATED IN THE CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI:

(Insert Property Description Here)

APPROVED:	ATTEST:
Mayor's Signature	City Clerk's Signature
DATE	

2. Conditional Use Permits:

NOTICE OF ZONING HEARING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THOSE PARTIES IN INTEREST THAT THERE WILL BE A HEARING ON (Date), at (Time), AT THE CITY HALL, RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI, FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING WHETHER OR NOT A CONDITIONAL USE SHALL BE ALLOWED ON THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED PROPERTY LOCATED IN THE CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI:

(Insert Property Description Here)

APPROVED:	ATTEST:	
Mayor's Signature		City Clerk's Signature
DATE		

3. For an Amendment to the Official Zoning Map (or a Re-zoning):

NOTICE OF ZONING HEARING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THOSE PARTIES IN INTEREST THAT THERE WILL BE A HEARING ON (Date), AT (Time), AT THE CITY HALL, RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI, FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING WHETHER OR NOT THE ZONING OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED PROPERTY LOCATED IN THE CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI, SHALL BE CHANGED FROM (Insert existing zoning classification) TO (Insert proposed zoning classification):

(Insert Property Description Here)

APPROVED: ATTEST:

Mayor's Signature City Clerk's Signature

DATE

4. For an Amendment to the Text of the Zoning Ordinance:

NOTICE OF ZONING HEARING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THOSE PARTIES IN INTEREST THAT THERE WILL BE A HEARING ON (Date), AT (Time), AT THE CITY HALL, RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI, FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING WHETHER OR NOT THE

FOLLOWING AMENDMENTS SHALL BE MADE TO THE ZONING Ordinance OF THE CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI:

(Insert Proposed Amendments to the Zoning Ordinance Here)

APPROVED:	ATTEST:	
Mayor's Signature		City Clerk's Signatur

DATE

B. Public Hearing Notice on Property Signs Required: Whenever any zoning action (i.e., a dimensional variance, conditional use or re-zoning) is considered by the Zoning Board, signs bearing notices of a public hearing shall be erected on the property involved. These signs shall be erected not less than fifteen days prior to the date of the public hearing. When more than one parcel of land is involved in the proposed zoning action or the proposed use, enough signs shall be posted to adequately identify the area affected. The notice to be posted on the property involved shall consist of a sign with letters legible from the nearest street, using at least one (1) sign for every four hundred (400) feet of frontage on a publicly dedicated street upon which the property abuts.

600.16 FEES

- A. Schedule of Fees: The Mayor and Board of Aldermen shall establish a schedule of fees for the issuance of building permits, change of use permits, the processing of all site plans required under Section 600.11, and the processing of applications for variances, conditional uses and zoning amendments. Said schedule of fees shall be posted in the office of the Public Works Director, whose office shall be responsible for their collection.
- **B.** Amendment of Alternation of Fee Schedule: The schedule of fees may be altered or amended only by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- C. Payment Required: No action or processing shall be taken on any application until all applicable fees, charges and expenses have been paid in full.
- **D.** Fees Not Refundable: No fees or other monies paid in conjunction with zoning-related matters shall be refunded.

600.17 APPEALS

Administrator: In accordance with Section 600.04-B of this Ordinance, any party aggrieved with the administrative interpretation of the Zoning Administrator shall have the right to appeal such interpretation. Such appeals may be made directly to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, or the appeal may be made to the Zoning Board. If the appeal is made to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, the party aggrieved shall submit a written request to the City Clerk by 12:00 Noon on Wednesdays preceding any regularly-scheduled meeting of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen at which the aggrieved party desires to be heard. Appeals to the Zoning Board shall be also be made by 12:00 Noon on Wednesdays preceding any regularly-scheduled meeting of the Zoning Board.

All appeals shall be in writing and shall include a copy of the original application for a building permit, change of use permit, dimensional variance, special exception or re-zoning, together with a statement of the reason for the appeal.

- Appeals from Recommendation of the Zoning Board: Any party aggrieved with the recommendation of the Zoning Board as adopted at any meeting of said Board shall be entitled to a public hearing before the Mayor and Board of Aldermen with due notice thereof and after publication for the time and as provided by law. Such a hearing shall be provided ONLY IF THE AGGRIEVED PARTY FILES A WRITTEN REQUEST WITH THE CITY CLERK WITHIN THREE (3) WORKING DAYS OF THE VOTE OF THE ZONING BOARD ON THE RECOMMENDATION. The written notice shall be on a form prescribed by the City Clerk and shall be available to the public from the City Clerk, free of charge, during normal business hours. The Board will set a hearing within 30 days of receipt of request.
- C. Appeals to a Court of Law: An appeal from any action, decision, ruling, judgment or order by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen may be taken by any person or persons to the Circuit Clerk of Madison County.
- 600.18 ORDINANCE ENFORCEMENT: In accordance with Section 17-1-27 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, As Amended, "Any person---who shall knowingly and willfully violate the terms, conditions or provisions of (this Ordinance), for violation of which no other criminal penalty is prescribed, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction therefore shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100.00), and in case of continuing violations without reasonable effort on the part of the defendant to correct same, each day the violation continues thereafter shall be separate offense."

SECTION 700 - MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- 700.01 PURPOSE OF THIS ARTICLE: The purpose of this Article is to consolidate all provisions applicable to this Ordinance which are not included under the General Regulations, Zoning District Regulations, or elsewhere herein.
- 700.02 OMISSION CLAUSE: The omission of any specific use, dimension, word, phrase, or other provision from this Ordinance shall not be interpreted as permitting any variation from the general meaning or intent of this Ordinance, as commonly inferred or interpreted. Should occasion arise as to such intent or meaning, the interpretation of the Zoning Administrator shall apply as provided under Section 2503.02 herein.
- 700.03 SEPARABILITY AND VALIDITY CLAUSE: Should any Section or provision of this Ordinance be declared by the courts to be unconstitutional or invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of the Ordinance as a whole, or any part thereof, other than the part so held to be unconstitutional or invalid.
- 700.04 REPEAL OF CONFLICTING ORDINANCES OR PARTS THEREOF: All Ordinances or codes or parts of Ordinances or codes adopted heretofore by the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, which are in conflict herewith or inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance ARE HEREBY REPEALED.
- 700.05 FAILURE TO ENFORCE ORDINANCE: Failure to enforce any provision of this Ordinance shall not constitute a waiver nor imply that the action is legal.
- 700.06 EFFECTIVE DATE OF ORDINANCE: This Ordinance shall become effective THIRTY CALENDAR DAYS FROM AND AFTER ITS ADOPTION.

700.07 ADOPTION CLAUSE:

David Overby

City Clerk

Adopted this, the 6 day of 1 day of 1 day of 2001, at the regular meeting of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

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I, the undersigned David Overby, City Clerk of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true copy of an Ordinance adopted by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland at its meeting held on Tuesday the 6th day of February.

Given under my hand and official seal, this the 6th day of February, 2001.

David W. Overby

City Clerk

Ridgeland, Mississippi

ORDINANCE AMENDING THE ZONING ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI, TO ADD A CHAPTER CREATING A BUSINESS/COMMERCIAL PARK OVERLAY DISTRICT

WHEREAS, the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, was adopted on July 15, 1992, and became effective on August 15, 1992; and,

WHEREAS, the Board of Aldermen set a public hearing to consider an amendment of the Zoning Ordinance establishing a Business/Commercial Park District for the 21st day of May, 1996 at 6:30 o'clock P.M.; and,

WHEREAS, the City Clerk did cause notice of said hearing to be published in the Madison County Journal, a newspaper published in the City of Ridgeland, Madison County, Mississippi, in the manner and for the time required by law; and,

WHEREAS, at the time, date and place specified in the notice, the Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, did conduct a full and complete hearing and thereafter, did recommend that the Public Hearing be recessed until the first meeting in June, 1996, when the City Attorney was to present a proposed Ridgeland Business/Commercial Park Overlay District, including the changes wanted by the Board for further public discussion and adoption; and,

WHEREAS, at the time, date and place specified for the continuation of the recessed public hearing, the Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, did conduct a full and complete hearing and thereafter did recommend that the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi be amended as set out hereinafter; and,

WHEREAS, having considered all the facts and discussions made, and after further discussion thereof, Alderman Davis offered the following ordinance and moved that it be adopted, to-wit:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Madison County, Mississippi, as follows to-wit:

Section 1

That the matters and facts stated in the preamble hereof are found to be true and correct.

Section 2

The Zoning Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland shall be amended to add a chapter creating a Business/Commercial Park Overlay District as follows:

ARTICLE XXI-A

BUSINESS/COMMERCIAL PARK OVERLAY DISTRICT (B/C POD)

SECTION 2100-A - PURPOSE OF THIS DISTRICT

The purpose of this district is to provide an area for the development of compatible light manufacturing (assembly) and service sector employers. It also will provide a compatible location for corporate headquarters, other office buildings and commercial/retail operations. Retail operations would be directed toward support industries (wholesale trade primarily with limited retail), but not directed toward retail operations which would require heavy customer traffic/volume to obtain their profit goals. Support industries could also be located in the same area in the form of smaller warehouse/distribution operations which could serve as a distribution hub to support the various commercial entities and industries located in the area. It is the intent of this district to provide smaller acreage sites for a variety of operations in an attractive setting. There will not be allowed any residential uses, other than a residence for the purpose of security or support of a storage or distribution operation.

To the extent this Article conflicts with the Zoning Ordinance, Subdivision Ordinance, Sign Ordinance or any other ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, this Article shall control.

<u>SECTION 2101-A</u> - <u>LAND USES PERMITTED</u>

The following land uses shall be permitted in B/C POD:

- (a) Any uses permitted in I-1 Limited Industrial Districts, subject to the same conditions and limitations found therein.
- (b) Any uses permitted in C-1, C-2, C-2A, or C-3 zoning districts, subject to the same conditions and limitations found therein.
- (c) Public streets and highways.

<u>SECTION 2102-A</u> - <u>ADDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 2508</u>

- (a) Public and Quasi public facilities and utilities may be allowed in this district in compliance with Section 402 of this Ordinance and subject to any limitations and restrictions deemed necessary by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- (b) Television and radio transmitters, telephone, microwave towers and similar communications facilities operated as an accessory or a necessity for the operations of any occupant in the transaction of its business, as regulated by the Ridgeland Zoning Ordinance.
- (c) Other compatible uses which are not specifically allowed in Section 2101-A subject to approval and limitations or restrictions deemed necessary by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.

<u>SECTION 2103-A - DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS</u>

The developer of the Ridgeland Business/Commercial park shall submit to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland a preliminary plat. At a minimum the developer shall include the location of proposed streets, easements, rights-of-way and utilities; the anticipated location of lot lines and specifications setting out the allowable maximum building height, minimum lot area, minimum lot width, and maximum building area. All building, height and area specifications shall comply with Table 500 of the 1994 Standard Building Code published by the Southern Building Code Congress International.

The intent of this district and requirement is to allow the developer the maximum opportunity to plan the efficient use of its property in an aesthetically pleasing, commercially reasonable manner.

The preliminary plat and specifications will be submitted to the Public Works Department of the City of Ridgeland for review by all affected city departments. The preliminary plat and specifications shall be subject to the ordinances of the City of Ridgeland concerning landscaping, architectural review, signage, drainage, utilities, waste disposal and other appropriate sections of this Zoning Ordinance.

The preliminary plat and specifications will not be subject to the City of Ridgeland Subdivision Ordinance. The preliminary plat will provide for the anticipated subdivision of lots, but the developer will be granted the opportunity during the sale and development of the park to sell lots by metes and bounds or courses and distances in order to accommodate the needs of the purchasers of the property. However, the developer, upon sufficient sales to determine the ultimate subdivision of the development and the location of the lots therein, shall file as provided by law, a subdivision plat which accurately reflects the ultimate subdivision of the park. Said plat shall be approved by the City of Ridgeland and recorded in the office of the Chancery Clerk of Madison County in the same manner as all other subdivisions. Adequate provisions shall be made with the City of Ridgeland to guarantee the ultimate submission for approval and recording of the subdivision plat.

- 2103.01-A Minimum Yards: The minimum yard requirements for the B/C POD shall be as follows:
 - (a) Front yard: 30 feet from the right-of-way line of an existing or proposed street in accordance with the adopted *Thoroughfares Plan*.
 - (b) Side yards and rear yards: 10 feet.
- 2103.02-A <u>Internal Building Space</u>: No principal building or detached accessory building shall be constructed nearer than 20 feet to any other principal building or accessory building unless otherwise specified in the Standard Codes of the City of Ridgeland.

SECTION 2104-A - SITE PLAN REQUIRED

As each lot is sold and developed, the occupant of each lot shall be required to file a site plan in accordance with Section 2510 of this Ordinance.

SECTION 2105-A - REQUIRED PLANTING SCREENS

If a proposed use in the B/C POD abuts a residentially zoned district, the developer or owner shall install a planting screen having a height of at least six feet (6') along the side and/or rear property lines of the proposed use. The location and type of planting screen to be installed shall be noted on the site plan. Maintenance of this required planting screen shall be the responsibility of the property owner and failure to maintain the planting screen shall constitute a violation of this Ordinance and be subject to the penalties described herein

SECTION 2106-A - REQUIRED LANDSCAPING

Developers of any use permitted within the B/C POD shall provide landscaping of all portions of the lot not used for buildings or other structures, parking, required yards or driveways. The location and type of landscaping installed shall be noted on the site plan. The maintenance of this required landscaping shall be the responsibility of the property owner and failure to maintain landscaping in a satisfactory manner shall constitute a violation of this Ordinance and be subject to the penalties described herein.

SECTION 2107-A - REQUIREMENTS REGARDING PROPOSED STREETS

See Traffic Impact, Subdivision and Development Review Ordinances of the City of Ridgeland.

<u>SECTION 2108-A</u> - <u>REQUIREMENTS OF OFF-STREET PARKING, LOADING AND ACCESS CONTROL</u>

See Article XXIII of the Ordinance.

SECTION 2109-A - SIGNS

See Sign Ordinance of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi.

SECTION 2110-A - DESIGNATION

The Business/Commercial Park Overlay District shall consist of the area described in Exhibit "A" attached hereto.

Section 3

The Official Zoning Map of the City of Ridgeland shall be amended to show the Business/Commercial Park Overlay District for the area bounded by the description found in Exhibit "A" attached hereto.

Section 4

The City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, Zoning Ordinance shall be, and the same is hereby amended to reflect the foregoing changes in the text of the Zoning Ordinance from and after 30 days from the date of adoption by this Board.

A parcel of land situated in the Northwest Quarter (NW%) of Section 30, Township 7 North, Range 2 East, Madison County, City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, and being more particularly described by metes and bounds as follows:

Commencing at the Northwest corner of the above referenced Section 30, thence run South 1055.30 feet; thence run East 680.30 feet to an iron pipe on the South right-of-right of the Natchez Trace Parkway and the POINT OF BEGINNING:

THENCE run North 88°58'00" East, along the South right-of-way of the Natchez Trace Parkway, 1111.15 feet to the Natchez Trace Parkway concrete monument marked 3PI-160; THENCE run South 0°55'30" East, 200.19 feet to the Natchez Trace Parkway concrete monument marked 3PI-161; THENCE run North 89°04'30" East, 26.42 feet to an iron rod on the West right-of-way of the Illinois Central Railroad;

THENCE run South 23°37'15" West, along the West right-of-way of said Illinois Central Railroad, 1485.18 feet to a set iron pin marking the North right-of-way of School Street;

THENCE run South 88°04'23" West, along the North right-of-way of School Street, 492.05 feet to a set iron pin; THENCE run North 1°58'40" West, 1557.92 feet to the Point of Beginning, containing 30.34 acres, more or less; being the same property conveyed to M. B. Ridgeway by Thomas Turner by deed recorded in Book 96 at Page 441 of the records of the Chancery Clerk of Madison County, Mississippi, as corrected by deed dated January 5, 1967; and recorded in Book 105 at Page 131 of said records; LESS AND EXCEPT .6 acres, more or less as conveyed to Mississippi Bandag, Inc., a Mississippi Corporation by deed and duly executed by John H. Moon & Sons, Inc. by its President, John H. Moon, on or about April, 1969, and recorded among the records of the Chancery Clerk of Madison County, Mississippi.

LESS AND EXCEPT a .6 acre parcel of land being more particularly described as follows:

Commencing at the Northwest corner of the above described parcel;

THENCE run North 88°58'00" East, 53.65 feet to a found 1/2" rebar being the Point of Beginning;

THENCE run North 88°58'00" East, 125.00 feet to a found 1/2" rebar;

THENCE run South 00°00'23" East, 200.60 feet to a found 1/2" rebar;



THENCE run South 89°15'32" West 125.07 feet to a found 1/2" rebar; Thence run North 00°01'08" East, 200.07 feet to the Point of Beginning, contain 0.6 acres, more or less.

AND ALSO:

A parcel of land fronting 647.9 feet, more or less on the South side of the Natchez Trace Parkway, containing 11.7 acres, more or less, and all lying and being situated in the Northwest Quarter (NW%) or Section 30, Township 7 North, Range 2 East, Madison County, City of Ridgeland, Mississippi, and being more particularly described as follows:

Commencing at the Northwest corner of the above referenced Section 30, thence run South 01°12′ West 961.8 feet; Thence run South 89°02′ East, 30 feet to a set iron pin on the South right-of-way of the Natchez Trace Parkway and the POINT OF BEGINNING;

THENCE run North 89°14'44" East, 434.30 feet along the South right-of-way of said Natchez Trace Parkway to a set iron pin;

THENCE run South 01°07'40" East, 94.00 feet along said Natchez Trace Parkway right-of-way to a concrete monument;

THENCE run North 88°52'40" East, 213.22 feet along the Natchez Trace Parkway right-of-way to the Northwest corner of the property conveyed to M. B. Ridgeway and recorded in Book 105 at Page 131;

THENCE run South 01°58'40" East, along the West boundary line of the aforesaid property as conveyed to M. B. Ridgeway, 714.50 feet to a set iron pin;

THENCE run South 88°55'51" West, 658.84 feet to a point on the East boundary of South Perkins Street, formerly Chicago Avenue;

THENCE run North 01°04'33" West, 30 feet East of and parallel to the West line of said Section 30, and along the East right-of-way line of said South Perkins Street, 810.60 feet to the POINT OF BEGINNING; being the same property conveyed to M. B. Ridgeway by Thomas Turner by deed dated April 1, 1966, and recorded in Book 101 of Page 294 of said records.

The cumulative total property described and conveyed hereby constitutes 41.4 acres, more or less, and being a part of Blocks 1, 2, 4, 64, 65, 66 and 67 of the City of Ridgeland and part of Block 20 of Highland Colony Subdivision, all lying and being situated in the Northwest (NW%) of Section 30, Township 7 North, Range 2 East, Madison County, Mississippi.

ORDAINED, ADOPTED AND APPROVED by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Ridgeland, Mississippi at a meeting thereof held on the 4th day of June, 1996.

The motion for adoption was seconded by Alderman Barlow and the foregoing Ordinance having been first reduced to writing, was considered and approved section by section and then as a whole and was submitted to the Board of Alderman for passage or rejection on roll call vote being as follows, to-wit:

Alderman Harvey Carr	Aye
Alderman Al Bible	Aye
Alderman Daryl Smith	Aye
Alderman Linda Davis	Aye
Alderman Chuck Kobert	Absent
Alderman Joe Barlow	Aye

Whereupon, the Mayor declared the motion carried and the Ordinance adopted.

The foregoing Ordinance is approved this the 4th day of June, 1996.

CITY OF RIDGELAND, MISSISSIPPI

BY:_

GENE F. MCGEE, Mayor

ATTEST:

MICHAEL MCPHEARSON, City Clerk